

APX™ TWO-WAY RADIOS



# APX MOBILES

## 02, 03, 05, 07 & 09

# CONTROL HEAD

# INSTALLATION MANUAL





# Foreword

This manual covers the O2, O3, O5, O7 and O9 models of the ASTRO® APX™ mobile radios. It includes all the information necessary to install mid power and high power radios, and configure radio installation inside vehicles.

For details on radio operation or component-level troubleshooting, refer to the applicable manuals available separately. A list of related publications is provided in the section “[Related Publications](#),” on page vi.

## RF Energy Exposure and Product Safety Guide for Mobile Two-way Radios

See “[Installation Requirements for Compliance with Radio Frequency \(RF\) Energy Exposure Safety Standards](#),” on page ii.

## Manual Revisions

Changes which occur after this manual is printed are described in PMRs (Publication Manual Revisions). These PMRs provide complete replacement pages for all added, changed, and deleted items.

To obtain PMRs, go to <https://businessonline.motorolasolutions.com>.

## Parts Ordering

See [Appendix A: Replacement Parts Ordering](#) for information on how to obtain replacement parts. For part numbers, refer to the ASTRO APX Mobile Radio Basic Service Manual (Motorola publication part number 6875964M01).

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# Installation Requirements for Compliance with Radio Frequency (RF) Energy Exposure Safety Standards

## ATTENTION!

**This radio is intended for use in occupational/controlled conditions, where users have full knowledge of their exposure and can exercise control over their exposure to meet FCC limits. This radio device is NOT authorized for general population, consumer, or any other use.**

To ensure compliance to RF Energy Safety Standards:

- Install only Motorola approved antennas and accessories
- Be sure that antenna installation is per “[Antenna Installation](#),” on page 2-38 of this manual
- Be sure that Product Safety and RF Safety Booklet enclosed with this radio is available to the end user upon completion of the installation of this radio

Before using this product, read the guide enclosed with your radio which contains important operating instructions for safe usage and RF energy awareness and control for compliance with applicable standards and regulations.

For a list of Motorola-approved antennas and other accessories, visit the following web site which lists approved accessories for your radio model: <http://www.motorolasolutions.com>.



# Table of Contents

<b>Foreword .....</b>	<b>i</b>
RF Energy Exposure and Product Safety Guide for Mobile Two-way Radios.....	i
Manual Revisions .....	i
Parts Ordering .....	i
Computer Software Copyrights .....	i
Document Copyrights .....	i
Disclaimer.....	i
Trademarks .....	i
 <b>Installation Requirements for Compliance with Radio Frequency (RF) Energy Exposure Safety Standards .....</b>	 <b>ii</b>
 <b>Mobile Radio Model Numbering Scheme.....</b>	 <b>xiii</b>
 <b>Commercial Warranty .....</b>	 <b>xv</b>
Limited Warranty .....	xv
MOTOROLA COMMUNICATION PRODUCTS .....	xv
I. What This Warranty Covers And For How Long .....	xv
II. General Provisions .....	xv
III. State Law Rights .....	xvi
IV. How To Get Warranty Service .....	xvi
V. What This Warranty Does Not Cover.....	xvi
VI. Patent And Software Provisions .....	xvii
VII. Governing Law.....	xvii
 <b>Chapter 1      Introduction .....</b>	 <b>1-1</b>
1.1    Mobile Radio Description .....	1-1
1.1.1    Dimensions .....	1-1
1.2    Standard Configurations .....	1-5
1.2.1    Dash Mount Configuration .....	1-5
1.2.2    Remote Mount Configuration.....	1-7
1.2.3    Multi Control Head .....	1-13
1.3    Motorcycle Configurations .....	1-13
1.4    Base/Control Stations .....	1-13
1.5    Tools Required for APX Mobile Installations .....	1-13
 <b>Chapter 2      Standard Configurations .....</b>	 <b>2-1</b>
2.1    Planning the Installation.....	2-1
2.1.3    Radio Operation Wiring for Dash and Remote Configurations .....	2-14
2.1.3.1    Dash Mount: Power, Ignition, and Emergency Cable Installation.....	2-14
2.1.3.2    Remote Mount: Power, Ignition, and Emergency Cable Installation.....	2-15
2.1.4    Ignition Sense Switch (Radio Wide Advance) .....	2-17
2.1.5    Siren/PA Configuration/Programming.....	2-18

2.2	Radio Mounting .....	2-19
2.2.2	Remote Mount with Trunnion.....	2-23
2.2.2.1	100W Radios Only.....	2-24
2.2.2.2	Remote Mount Control Head Installation.....	2-24
2.2.2.3	Multiple Control Head Installation.....	2-27
2.2.2.4	Cable Installation.....	2-29
2.2.2.5	Setting the Initial Control Head ID .....	2-29
2.2.2.6	O3 Control Head and Remote Mount Cabling.....	2-30
2.2.3	Locking Kit (Optional) .....	2-32
2.2.3.1	All Radios Except 100W .....	2-32
2.2.3.2	100W Radios .....	2-32
2.3	Power Cables (Transceiver and Control Head).....	2-33
2.3.1	Optional Locking Feature for High Power Chassis Power Cables.....	2-33
2.3.2	O2, O3, O5, O7 or O9 Control Head Power Cables.....	2-36
2.3.3	Battery Selector Switch.....	2-37
2.4	Antenna Installation .....	2-38
2.4.1	Selecting an Antenna Site/Location on a Metal Body Vehicle .....	2-38
2.4.2	Mini-UHF Connection .....	2-40
2.4.3	GPS Antenna Placement.....	2-42
2.4.4	GPS Connection .....	2-42
2.5	Speaker .....	2-43
2.5.1	Internal Speaker Disassembly .....	2-44
2.6	Microphone Hang-Up Clip .....	2-46
2.6.1	Standard or O3 Control Head Hang-Up Clip .....	2-46
2.7	RFID (Option) .....	2-46
2.7.1	RFID Reading .....	2-48
2.7.2	Programming RFID (If Equipped) .....	2-51
2.8	Completing the Installation .....	2-52

## **Chapter 3      Universal Relay Controller Installation ..... 3-1**

3.1	Universal Relay Controller Mounting .....	3-1
3.2	O7/O9 Universal Relay Controller Cable Assembly .....	3-3
3.2.1	Power Cable .....	3-3
3.2.2	Ground Cable .....	3-3
3.2.3	Wires .....	3-4
3.2.4	O7/O9 to URC Cable .....	3-5

## **Chapter 4      Options and Accessories Installation ..... 4-1**

4.1	Dash-Mount Accessory Installation .....	4-1
4.1.1	Dash-Mount Emergency Pushbutton or Footswitch Installation .....	4-1
4.1.2	Dash-Mount Horn and Lights (External Alarms) Relays .....	4-2
4.2	Remote-Mount Accessory Installation .....	4-2
4.2.1	Emergency Pushbutton or Footswitch Installation.....	4-3
4.2.2	Horn (External Alarm) Relay Installation.....	4-4
4.2.3	Lights (External Alarm) Relay Installation.....	4-4
4.2.4	Gunlock Installation .....	4-4
4.2.5	Horn-Ring Transfer .....	4-5
4.2.6	Record Audio Out Jack of Transmit and Receive Audio.....	4-5
4.2.7	Earphone Jack.....	4-5
4.2.8	USB Data Cables.....	4-6
4.2.9	RS232 Cables .....	4-6

4.3	Vehicle Interface Port Overview .....	4-6
4.3.1	VIP Output Connections .....	4-7
4.3.2	VIP Input Connections .....	4-8
4.4	Compatibility of Emergency when Attaching a Siren .....	4-9
4.5	Accessory Connector Assembly Details (P2) (All Models Except 100W) .....	4-10
4.5.1	Disassembly and Assembly .....	4-10
4.5.1.1	Disassembly .....	4-10
4.5.1.2	Assembly .....	4-11
4.5.2	Adapter Cable .....	4-12
4.6	Memory and Three-Day Secure Key Retention Option .....	4-12

## **Chapter 5      Motorcycle Radio Installation ..... 5-1**

5.1	Motorcycle Radio Description .....	5-1
5.1.1	Transceiver Enclosure .....	5-1
5.1.2	Control/Display Unit .....	5-1
5.1.3	Control Head Cable .....	5-2
5.1.4	Microphone .....	5-2
5.1.5	External Speaker .....	5-2
5.1.6	Headset Capability .....	5-2
5.1.7	Antenna .....	5-2
5.1.8	Ignition Sense (ACC) Wire .....	5-2
5.2	Installation Overview .....	5-3
5.2.1	General .....	5-3
5.2.2	Important Installation Hints .....	5-4
5.2.3	Parts Identification .....	5-5
5.2.4	Order of Installation .....	5-5
5.3	Installing the Universal Mounting Plate .....	5-6
5.4	Installing the Speaker and Control Head .....	5-7
5.4.1	Handlebar Installation with Speaker and Control Head Mounted Together .....	5-8
5.4.2	Fuel Tank Console Installation with Speaker and Control Head Mounted Together .....	5-9
5.4.3	Handlebar Installation with Speaker and Control Head Mounted Separately .....	5-11
5.4.4	Fuel Tank Console Installation with Speaker and Control Head Mounted Separately ...	5-12
5.5	Installing the Speaker .....	5-14
5.6	Installing the Microphone Hang-Up Clip .....	5-14
5.6.1	Extension Bracket Mounting .....	5-14
5.6.2	Speaker/Control Head Bracket Side Mounting .....	5-14
5.6.3	Other Hang-Up Clip Mounting .....	5-15
5.7	Installing Antenna Base and Cables .....	5-15
5.8	Installing the Antenna .....	5-18
5.9	Cable Routing .....	5-18
5.10	Installing the Weather-Resistant Enclosure .....	5-21
5.11	Transceiver and Cabling Installation .....	5-22
5.11.1	Installing Cabling in the Enclosure .....	5-22
5.11.2	Installing the Transceiver .....	5-23
5.12	Installing the Emergency Switch Option .....	5-25
5.13	Installing the External Alarm Relay Option .....	5-25
5.14	Installing the Headset Accessory .....	5-25
5.15	Installing the O5 Control Head Sunshield .....	5-27
5.16	Horn/Lights Wiring .....	5-29
5.17	Emergency Switch Wiring .....	5-29

---

<b>Chapter 6</b>	<b>Finishing the Installation .....</b>	<b>6-1</b>
6.1	Cable Connection .....	6-1
6.1.1	O2 Control Head .....	6-1
6.1.2	O3 Control Head .....	6-1
6.1.3	O5 Control Head .....	6-1
6.1.4	O7 Control Head .....	6-2
6.1.5	O9 Control Head .....	6-2
6.2	Dust Cover Installation .....	6-3
6.3	Miscellaneous Information .....	6-4
<b>Chapter 7</b>	<b>Best Practices: Installation &amp; Troubleshooting .....</b>	<b>7-1</b>
7.1	Check Wiring of Ignition and Radio Ignition Sensing .....	7-1
7.2	Check Physical Installation of Radio Ground and Radio Accessory Wiring .....	7-2
7.3	Improve the Electrical Quality of the Power and Ignition Lines .....	7-2
7.4	Minimize the Effect of Poorly Grounded Antennas .....	7-3
7.5	Jump-Start the Vehicle .....	7-3
7.6	Eliminate Noise/Howling from PA Speaker .....	7-3
<b>Appendix A</b>	<b>Replacement Parts Ordering .....</b>	<b>A-1</b>
A.1	Basic Ordering Information .....	A-1
A.2	Motorola Online .....	A-1
A.3	Mail Orders .....	A-1
A.5	Fax Orders .....	A-2
A.6	Parts Identification .....	A-2
A.7	Product Customer Service .....	A-2
A.8	Asia Pacific Service Centers .....	A-2
<b>Index</b> .....		<b>Index-1</b>
<b>Glossary</b> .....		<b>Glossary-1</b>

## Related Publications

ASTRO APX Mobile Radio O2 Control Head User Guide .....	68012006035
ASTRO APX Mobile Radio O3 Control Head User Guide .....	6875946M01
ASTRO APX Mobile Radio O5 Control Head User Guide .....	6875947M01
ASTRO APX Mobile Radio O7 Control Head User Guide .....	68012006034
ASTRO APX Mobile Radio O9 Control Head User Guide .....	68007024014
ASTRO APX Mobile Radio Basic Service Manual .....	6875964M01
ASTRO APX Mobile Radio Detailed Service Manual .....	6875963M01

# List of Figures

Figure 1-1.	Front View of APX 7500 Mid Power Dash Mount Transceiver and Trunnion .....	1-1
Figure 1-2.	Side View of APX 7500 Mid Power Dash Mount Transceiver and Trunnion.....	1-1
Figure 1-3.	Front View of APX 2500/APX 4500/APX 1500 Mid Power Dash Mount Transceiver and Trunnion .....	1-1
Figure 1-4.	Side View of APX 2500/APX 4500/APX 1500 Mid Power Dash Mount Transceiver and Trunnion.....	1-1
Figure 1-5.	Front View of APX 7500 High Power (100W) Transceiver and Trunnion .....	1-2
Figure 1-6.	Side View of APX 7500 High Power (100W) Transceiver and Trunnion.....	1-2
Figure 1-7.	Front View of O2 Control Head Attached to APX 7500 Mid Power Dash Mount Transceiver and Trunnion .....	1-2
Figure 1-8.	Side View of O2 Control Head Attached to APX7500 Mid Power Dash Mount Transceiver and Trunnion .....	1-2
Figure 1-9.	Front View of O7 Control Head Attached to APX 2500 Mid Power Dash Mount Transceiver and Trunnion .....	1-2
Figure 1-10.	Side View of O7 Control Head Attached to APX 2500 Mid Power Dash Mount Transceiver and Trunnion .....	1-2
Figure 1-11.	Front View of O3 Control Head with Coiled Cable.....	1-3
Figure 1-12.	Side View of O3 Control Head with Coiled Cable .....	1-3
Figure 1-13.	Front View of O2 Control Head with Remote Mount and Trunnion.....	1-3
Figure 1-14.	Side View of O2 Control Head with Remote Mount and Trunnion .....	1-3
Figure 1-15.	Front View of O5 Control Head with Remote Mount and Trunnion.....	1-3
Figure 1-16.	Side View of O5 Control Head with Remote Mount and Trunnion .....	1-3
Figure 1-17.	Front View of O7 Control Head with Remote Mount and Trunnion.....	1-4
Figure 1-18.	Side View of O7 Control Head with Remote Mount and Trunnion .....	1-4
Figure 1-19.	Front View of O9 Control Head with Trunnion .....	1-4
Figure 1-20.	Side View of O9 Control Head with Trunnion.....	1-4
Figure 1-21.	Top View of O9 Universal Relay Controller with Trunnion (URC is an orderable accessory).....	1-4
Figure 1-22.	Side View of O9 Universal Relay Controller with Trunnion (URC is an orderable accessory).....	1-4
Figure 1-23.	Dash Mount Configuration for O2 Control Head .....	1-5
Figure 1-24.	Dash Mount Configuration for O3 Control Head .....	1-5
Figure 1-25.	Dash Mount Configuration for O5 Control Head (Only Applicable for ASTRO 25 Subscribers APX 5500/APX 6500/APX 7500/APX 6500 Li Mobile) .....	1-6
Figure 1-26.	Dash Mount Configuration for O7 Control Head .....	1-6
Figure 1-27.	Remote Mount Configuration with Mid Power Transceiver, Transceiver Interface Board, CHIB Rear Assembly and O2 Control Head .....	1-7
Figure 1-28.	Remote Mount Configuration with Mid Power Transceiver, Transceiver Interface Board and O3 Control Head.....	1-7
Figure 1-29.	Remote Mount Configuration with Mid Power Transceiver, Transceiver Interface Board, CHIB Rear Assembly and O5 Control Head .....	1-8
Figure 1-30.	Remote Mount Configuration with Mid Power Transceiver, Transceiver Interface Board, CHIB Rear Assembly and O7 Control Head.....	1-8
Figure 1-31.	Remote Mount Configuration with Mid Power Transceiver, Transceiver Interface Board and O9 Control Head.....	1-8
Figure 1-32.	Remote Mount Configuration with High Power (100W) Radio Transceiver and O2 Control Head .....	1-9
Figure 1-33.	Remote Mount Configuration with High Power (100W) Radio Transceiver and O3 Control Head .....	1-9

---

Figure 1-34. Remote Mount Configuration with High Power (100W) Radio Transceiver and O5 Control Head.....	1-9
Figure 1-35. Remote Mount Configuration with High Power (100W) Radio Transceiver and O7 Control Head.....	1-10
Figure 1-36. Remote Mount Configuration with High Power (100W) Radio Transceiver and O9 Control Head.....	1-10
Figure 1-37. Remote Mount Configuration with Mid Power Radio Transceiver, Universal Relay Controller and O7 Control Head (URC is optional).....	1-11
Figure 1-38. Remote Mount Configuration with Mid Power Radio Transceiver, Universal Relay Controller and O9 Control Head (URC is optional).....	1-11
Figure 1-39. Remote Mount Configuration with High Power (100W) Radio Transceiver, Universal Relay Controller and O7 Control Head (URC is optional).....	1-12
Figure 1-40. Remote Mount Configuration with High Power (100W) Radio Transceiver, Universal Relay Controller and O9 Control Head (URC is optional).....	1-12
Figure 2-1. Dash Mount Radios Can Be Located in the Middle Console, on the Transmission Hump, or Under the Dash (See <a href="#">Figure 2-2</a> for 100W Radio Install) .....	2-2
Figure 2-2. Remote Mount Radio Control Heads Can Be Located in the Middle Console, on the Transmission Hump, or Under the Dash .....	2-2
Figure 2-3. Remote Mount of the Radio, O9 Control Head and Universal Relay Controller (URC is optional).....	2-2
Figure 2-4. Radio Installation (O2 Mid Power Dash Mount).....	2-3
Figure 2-5. Radio Installation (O3 Mid Power Dash Mount).....	2-3
Figure 2-6. Radio Installation (O5 Mid Power Dash Mount).....	2-4
Figure 2-7. Radio Installation (O7 Mid Power Dash Mount).....	2-4
Figure 2-8. Radio Installation (O2 Mid Power Remote Mount) .....	2-5
Figure 2-9. Radio Installation (O3 Mid Power Remote Mount) .....	2-6
Figure 2-10. Radio Installation (O5 Mid Power Remote Mount) .....	2-6
Figure 2-11. Radio Installation (O7 Mid Power Remote Mount) .....	2-7
Figure 2-12. Radio Installation (O2 High Power Remote Mount).....	2-7
Figure 2-13. Radio Installation (O3 High Power Remote Mount).....	2-8
Figure 2-14. Radio Installation (O5 High Power Remote Mount).....	2-8
Figure 2-15. Radio Installation (O7 High Power Remote Mount).....	2-9
Figure 2-16. Radio Installation of O9 Remote Mount with Transceiver (URC is optional) .....	2-9
Figure 2-17. Radio Installation (O9 Remote Mount with Pinouts) .....	2-10
Figure 2-18. Remote Control Head Pinouts .....	2-10
Figure 2-19. Cabling Interconnect Diagram for Dash Mount (Cannot Be Used for 100W Radios) .....	2-11
Figure 2-20. Cabling Interconnect Diagram for Remote Mount .....	2-12
Figure 2-21. Cabling Interconnect Diagram for O9 Remote Mount (URC is optional) .....	2-13
Figure 2-22. APX 7500/ APX6500/ APX5500/ APX6500Li Mid Power Trunnion Orientation (Cannot Be Used for 100W Radios) .....	2-19
Figure 2-23. APX 2500/APX 4500/APX 1500 Mid Power Trunnion Orientation (Cannot Be Used for 100W Radios).....	2-20
Figure 2-24. Trunnion Orientation for 100W Radios .....	2-20
Figure 2-25. Transmission Hump Trunnion Mounting .....	2-22
Figure 2-26. Below Dash Trunnion Mounting.....	2-22
Figure 2-27. 100W Radio Mounting into Quick Release Trunnion.....	2-24
Figure 2-28. O5 Control Head Installation Exploded View (Also applicable for O2 and O7 Control Heads).....	2-25
Figure 2-29. O9 Control Head Installation Exploded View .....	2-26
Figure 2-30. O5 Control Head Rear View (Also applicable for O2 and O7 Control Heads) .....	2-26
Figure 2-31. O9 Control Head Rear View .....	2-27
Figure 2-32. Multiple Control Heads Example Configurations .....	2-28
Figure 2-33. APX Mobile O5 Control Head Front View .....	2-29

---

Figure 2-34. Radio Display with Current Control Head ID.....	2-29
Figure 2-35. APX Mobile O5 Control Head Front View – Mode Knob.....	2-30
Figure 2-36. O3 Control Head.....	2-30
Figure 2-37. O3 Control Head Rear View.....	2-31
Figure 2-38. Hang-Up Clip Installation Exploded View.....	2-31
Figure 2-39. Locking Kit (Optional) (Cannot Be Used for 100W Radios).....	2-32
Figure 2-40. Lock Supplied with 100W Quick Release Trunnion.....	2-32
Figure 2-41. Bracket Installation.....	2-33
Figure 2-42. Bracket Installation.....	2-34
Figure 2-43. Bracket Installation (Assembled State).....	2-34
Figure 2-44. Bracket Uninstallation.....	2-35
Figure 2-45. Bracket Uninstallation.....	2-35
Figure 2-46. HKN6188_ Power Cable with External Speaker Connector.....	2-36
Figure 2-47. HKN6187_ Power Cable with External Speaker Connector, Record Audio Output Jack (2.5 mm) and Earphone Jack (2.5 mm).....	2-36
Figure 2-48. Battery Selector Switch.....	2-37
Figure 2-49. Multiple Antennas Separation.....	2-39
Figure 2-50. Mini-UHF Connection (As Shown on Mid Power).....	2-40
Figure 2-51. Mini-UHF Connection (100W Radios Only).....	2-40
Figure 2-52. Mini-UHF Connector Tool (As Shown on Mid Power).....	2-41
Figure 2-53. Mini-UHF Connector Tool (100W Radios Only).....	2-41
Figure 2-54. GPS Antenna Connector on the Back of the Mid Power Radio.....	2-42
Figure 2-55. GPS Antenna Connector on the Front of the 100W Radio.....	2-42
Figure 2-56. Speaker Mounting.....	2-43
Figure 2-57. Removing the screws on the Control Head.....	2-44
Figure 2-58. Removing the Control Head.....	2-44
Figure 2-59. Disconnecting the Speaker Connector.....	2-45
Figure 2-60. Reattaching the Control Head.....	2-45
Figure 2-61. RFID Location on Mid Power Radio.....	2-46
Figure 2-62. RFID Location on APX 2500/APX 4500/APX 1500 Mid Power Radio.....	2-47
Figure 2-63. RFID Location on High Power Radio.....	2-47
Figure 2-64. Read Angle for Mid Power Radio.....	2-48
Figure 2-65. Tag Angle for Mid Power Radio.....	2-48
Figure 2-66. Read Angle for APX 2500/APX 4500/ APX 1500 Mid Power Radio.....	2-49
Figure 2-67. Tag Angle for APX 2500/APX 4500/ APX 1500 Mid Power Radio.....	2-49
Figure 2-68. Read Angle for High Power Radio.....	2-49
Figure 2-69. Tag Angle for High Power Radio.....	2-50
Figure 2-70. Examples of Reader and Tag Aligned (Reader Orientation).....	2-50
Figure 2-71. Example of Reader and Tag Misaligned (Reader Orientation).....	2-50
Figure 3-1. Universal Relay Controller Orientation.....	3-1
Figure 3-2. Universal Relay Controller Installation Exploded View.....	3-2
Figure 3-3. Power and Ground Cable Glands.....	3-3
Figure 3-4. Cable Gland Assembly with Gasket.....	3-4
Figure 3-5. Wires Installation.....	3-4
Figure 3-6. Wire Installation with Black Stick.....	3-5
Figure 3-7. O7/O9 to URC Cable Installation.....	3-5
Figure 4-1. Emergency Switch Wiring Diagram.....	4-1
Figure 4-2. Horn/Light Wiring Diagram.....	4-2
Figure 4-3. Emergency Jumper Removal in Remote Mount.....	4-3
Figure 4-4. Gunlock Switch Redundancy Diagram.....	4-4
Figure 4-5. Siren/PA Horn-Ring Connections.....	4-5
Figure 4-6. Remote Control Head Pinouts.....	4-6
Figure 4-7. HKN6196_ VIP Connector Detail.....	4-6
Figure 4-8. Relay Coil.....	4-7

---

Figure 4-9. Field adjustment for Emergency Operation with Siren Accessory .....	4-9
Figure 4-10. Location for Pin 8.....	4-9
Figure 4-11. Exploded View of Accessory Connector Assembly (HLN6863_).....	4-11
Figure 4-12. Rear Accessory Connector Audio Configuration .....	4-12
Figure 4-13. Rear Accessory Connector Data Configuration .....	4-12
Figure 5-1. Identification of a Motorcycle Radio by Using a Label.....	5-1
Figure 5-2. Universal Mounting Plate Installation (Part of Radio Enclosure Kit) .....	5-6
Figure 5-3. Motorcycle Control Head Cabling (3075217A01) .....	5-7
Figure 5-4. Handlebar Installation with Speaker and Control Head Mounted Together .....	5-8
Figure 5-5. Fuel Tank Console Installation with Speaker and Control Head Mounted Together .....	5-10
Figure 5-6. Handlebar Installation with Speaker and Control Head Mounted Separately .....	5-12
Figure 5-7. Fuel Tank Console Installation with Speaker and Control Head Mounted Separately .....	5-13
Figure 5-8. Location of Band 1 or Band 2 (Depending on the Antenna Port They Align to) .....	5-15
Figure 5-9. Antenna Band Identification.....	5-16
Figure 5-10. APX 2500/APX 4500/APX 1500 Antenna Band Identification .....	5-16
Figure 5-11. Routing the Coaxial Cable for GPS .....	5-17
Figure 5-12. Routing the Coaxial Cable for Band 1 .....	5-17
Figure 5-13. Routing the Coaxial Cable for Band 2 .....	5-18
Figure 5-14. Cable Routing .....	5-19
Figure 5-15. Weather-Resistant Enclosure Installation .....	5-21
Figure 5-16. Installing Cables .....	5-23
Figure 5-17. Installing the Transceiver .....	5-24
Figure 5-18. Motorcycle Wiring Harness Rework.....	5-26
Figure 5-19. Remote Mount Trunnion with Sunshield .....	5-27
Figure 5-20. Position the Sunshield .....	5-27
Figure 5-21. Slide the Control Head onto Trunnion .....	5-28
Figure 5-22. Position Control Head as Desired.....	5-28
Figure 5-23. Horn/Lights Wiring Diagram.....	5-29
Figure 5-24. Emergency Switch Wiring Diagram .....	5-29
Figure 6-1. Dust Cover Installation Locations .....	6-3

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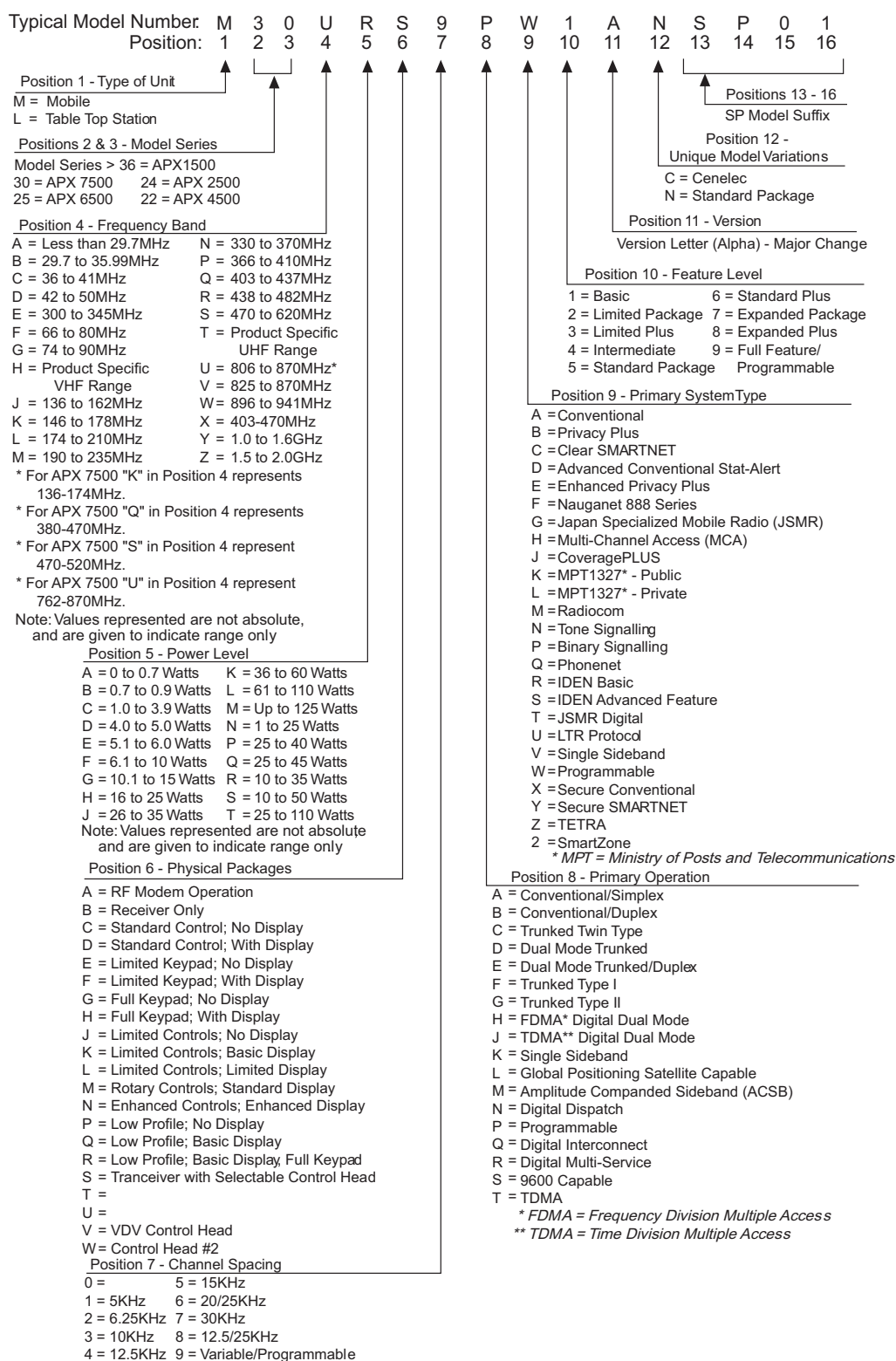
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## List of Tables

Table 2-1.	Dash O2, O3, O5, O7 or O9 Radio Operations Dependent Upon A+ and Ignition Connections .....	2-16
Table 2-2.	Remote O2, O3, O5, O7 or O9 Radio Operations Dependent Upon A+ and Ignition Connections .....	2-16
Table 2-3.	Remote O2, O3, O5, O7 or O9 Radio Operations Dependent Upon A+ and Ignition Connections .....	2-16
Table 2-4.	Ignition Sense Switch Settings in CPS .....	2-17
Table 2-5.	Power Level Configurations .....	2-18
Table 2-6.	Mid Power Trunnion Kit.....	2-21
Table 2-7.	Available CAN Cables.....	2-28
Table 2-8.	Ignition Interface Cables .....	2-29
Table 2-9.	Power Cables.....	2-33
Table 2-10.	Model Number Chart in 12-Digit ASCII Format.....	2-51
Table 2-11.	Serial Number with Radio Band/Tier/Power .....	2-51
Table 4-1.	VIP Output Connections .....	4-7
Table 4-2.	VIP Input Connections .....	4-8
Table 5-1.	Transceiver Installation Parts List .....	5-25

## Notes

# Mobile Radio Model Numbering Scheme



## Notes

# Commercial Warranty

## Limited Warranty

### MOTOROLA COMMUNICATION PRODUCTS

#### I. What This Warranty Covers And For How Long

MOTOROLA SOLUTIONS INC. ("MOTOROLA") warrants the MOTOROLA manufactured Communication Products listed below ("Product") against defects in material and workmanship under normal use and service for a period of time from the date of purchase as scheduled below:

ASTRO APX Mobile Radio	One (1) Year
Product Accessories	One (1) Year

Motorola, at its option, will at no charge either repair the Product (with new or reconditioned parts), replace it (with a new or reconditioned Product), or refund the purchase price of the Product during the warranty period provided it is returned in accordance with the terms of this warranty. Replaced parts or boards are warranted for the balance of the original applicable warranty period. All replaced parts of Product shall become the property of MOTOROLA.

This express limited warranty is extended by MOTOROLA to the original end user purchaser only and is not assignable or transferable to any other party. This is the complete warranty for the Product manufactured by MOTOROLA. MOTOROLA assumes no obligations or liability for additions or modifications to this warranty unless made in writing and signed by an officer of MOTOROLA. Unless made in a separate agreement between MOTOROLA and the original end user purchaser, MOTOROLA does not warrant the installation, maintenance or service of the Product.

MOTOROLA cannot be responsible in any way for any ancillary equipment not furnished by MOTOROLA which is attached to or used in connection with the Product, or for operation of the Product with any ancillary equipment, and all such equipment is expressly excluded from this warranty. Because each system which may use the Product is unique, MOTOROLA disclaims liability for range, coverage, or operation of the system as a whole under this warranty.

#### II. General Provisions

This warranty sets forth the full extent of MOTOROLA'S responsibilities regarding the Product. Repair, replacement or refund of the purchase price, at MOTOROLA's option, is the exclusive remedy. THIS WARRANTY IS GIVEN IN LIEU OF ALL OTHER EXPRESS WARRANTIES. IMPLIED WARRANTIES, INCLUDING WITHOUT LIMITATION, IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, ARE LIMITED TO THE DURATION OF THIS LIMITED WARRANTY. IN NO EVENT SHALL MOTOROLA BE LIABLE FOR DAMAGES IN EXCESS OF THE PURCHASE PRICE OF THE PRODUCT, FOR ANY LOSS OF USE, LOSS OF TIME, INCONVENIENCE, COMMERCIAL LOSS, LOST PROFITS OR SAVINGS OR OTHER INCIDENTAL, SPECIAL OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES ARISING OUT OF THE USE OR INABILITY TO USE SUCH PRODUCT, TO THE FULL EXTENT SUCH MAY BE DISCLAIMED BY LAW.

### III. State Law Rights

SOME STATES DO NOT ALLOW THE EXCLUSION OR LIMITATION OF INCIDENTAL OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES OR LIMITATION ON HOW LONG AN IMPLIED WARRANTY LASTS, SO THE ABOVE LIMITATION OR EXCLUSIONS MAY NOT APPLY.

This warranty gives specific legal rights, and there may be other rights which may vary from state to state.

### IV. How To Get Warranty Service

You must provide proof of purchase (bearing the date of purchase and Product item serial number) in order to receive warranty service and, also, deliver or send the Product item, transportation and insurance prepaid, to an authorized warranty service location. Warranty service will be provided by Motorola through one of its authorized warranty service locations. If you first contact the company which sold you the Product, it can facilitate your obtaining warranty service. You can also call Motorola at 1-888-567-7347 US/Canada.

### V. What This Warranty Does Not Cover

- A. Defects or damage resulting from use of the Product in other than its normal and customary manner.
- B. Defects or damage from misuse, accident, water, or neglect.
- C. Defects or damage from improper testing, operation, maintenance, installation, alteration, modification, or adjustment.
- D. Breakage or damage to antennas unless caused directly by defects in material workmanship.
- E. A Product subjected to unauthorized Product modifications, disassemblies or repairs (including, without limitation, the addition to the Product of non-Motorola supplied equipment) which adversely affect performance of the Product or interfere with Motorola's normal warranty inspection and testing of the Product to verify any warranty claim.
- F. Product which has had the serial number removed or made illegible.
- G. Rechargeable batteries if:
  - any of the seals on the battery enclosure of cells are broken or show evidence of tampering.
  - the damage or defect is caused by charging or using the battery in equipment or service other than the Product for which it is specified.
- H. Freight costs to the repair depot.
- I. A Product which, due to illegal or unauthorized alteration of the software/firmware in the Product, does not function in accordance with MOTOROLA's published specifications or the FCC certification labeling in effect for the Product at the time the Product was initially distributed from MOTOROLA.
- J. Scratches or other cosmetic damage to Product surfaces that does not affect the operation of the Product.
- K. Normal and customary wear and tear.

## VI. Patent And Software Provisions

MOTOROLA will defend, at its own expense, any suit brought against the end user purchaser to the extent that it is based on a claim that the Product or parts infringe a United States patent, and MOTOROLA will pay those costs and damages finally awarded against the end user purchaser in any such suit which are attributable to any such claim, but such defense and payments are conditioned on the following:

- A. that MOTOROLA will be notified promptly in writing by such purchaser of any notice of such claim;
- B. that MOTOROLA will have sole control of the defense of such suit and all negotiations for its settlement or compromise; and
- C. should the Product or parts become, or in MOTOROLA's opinion be likely to become, the subject of a claim of infringement of a United States patent, that such purchaser will permit MOTOROLA, at its option and expense, either to procure for such purchaser the right to continue using the Product or parts or to replace or modify the same so that it becomes noninfringing or to grant such purchaser a credit for the Product or parts as depreciated and accept its return. The depreciation will be an equal amount per year over the lifetime of the Product or parts as established by MOTOROLA.

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## VII. Governing Law

This Warranty is governed by the laws of the State of Illinois, USA.

## Notes



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# Chapter 1 Introduction

This manual covers the installation procedures for ASTRO APX mobile and motorcycle radios with O2, O3, O5, O7 and O9 control heads, and accessories required to complete the radio system. The radio system consists of a control head, radio, antenna, microphone, speaker, cabling, Universal Relay Controller (URC), and accessories.

## 1.1 Mobile Radio Description

### 1.1.1 Dimensions

Figure 1-1, Figure 1-2, Figure 1-3 and Figure 1-4 show the basic dimensions of the dash mount transceiver trunnion APX mobile radio. The transceiver portion of a remote mount APX mobile is sized similarly.

When installing the radio, make sure to plan the installation carefully and leave additional room in the rear of the radio for cabling and accessory connections; in the front of the radio for access, controls, and cabling (if remote mount); and to the sides of the radio so that you may access and install the trunnion screws/wing screws.

**NOTE:** The measurement unit used in Figure 1-1 to Figure 1-22 is millimeter.

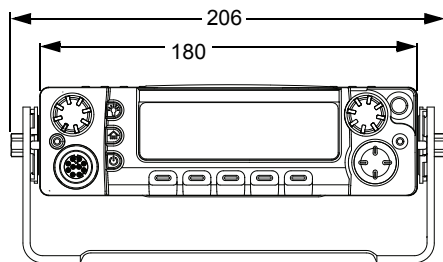


Figure 1-1. Front View of APX 7500 Mid Power Dash Mount Transceiver and Trunnion

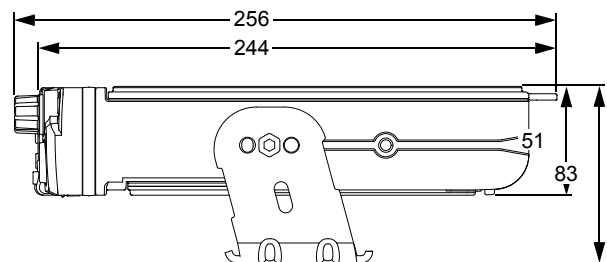


Figure 1-2. Side View of APX 7500 Mid Power Dash Mount Transceiver and Trunnion

**NOTE:** The rear accessory connector adds 0.75 in to the overall length. The remote mount length is 244 mm.

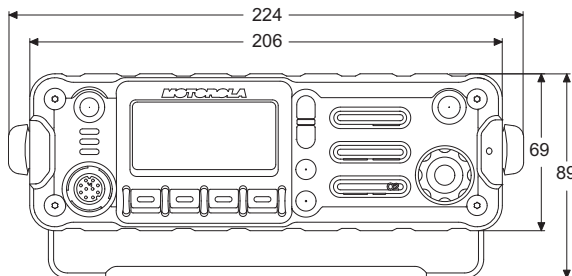


Figure 1-3. Front View of APX 2500/APX 4500/APX 1500 Mid Power Dash Mount Transceiver and Trunnion

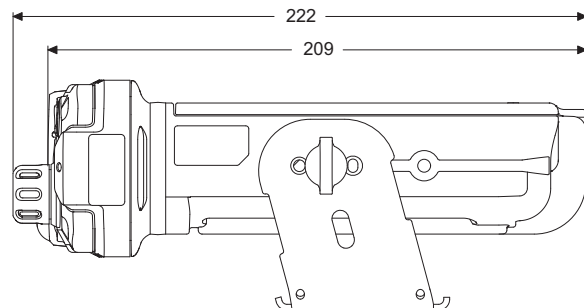


Figure 1-4. Side View of APX 2500/APX 4500/APX 1500 Mid Power Dash Mount Transceiver and Trunnion

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**NOTE:** The rear accessory connector adds 0.75 in to the overall length. The remote mount length is 194mm.

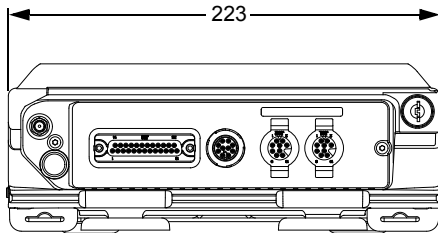


Figure 1-5. Front View of APX 7500 High Power (100W) Transceiver and Trunnion

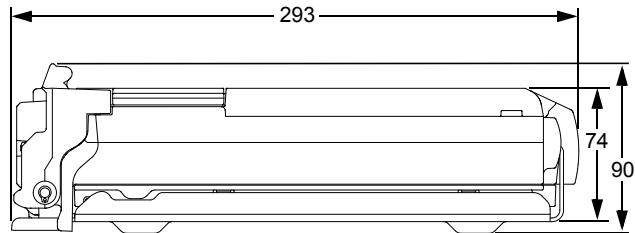


Figure 1-6. Side View of APX 7500 High Power (100W) Transceiver and Trunnion

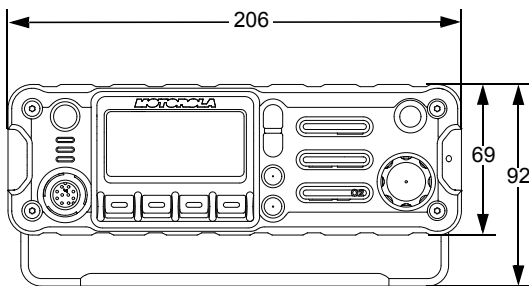


Figure 1-7. Front View of O2 Control Head Attached to APX 7500 Mid Power Dash Mount Transceiver and Trunnion

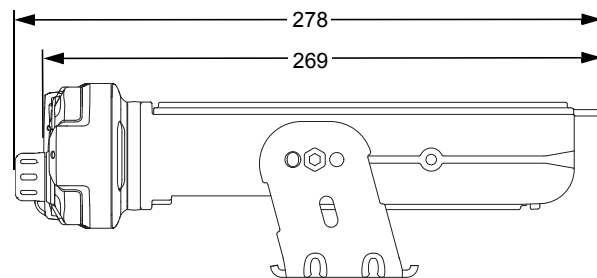


Figure 1-8. Side View of O2 Control Head Attached to APX7500 Mid Power Dash Mount Transceiver and Trunnion

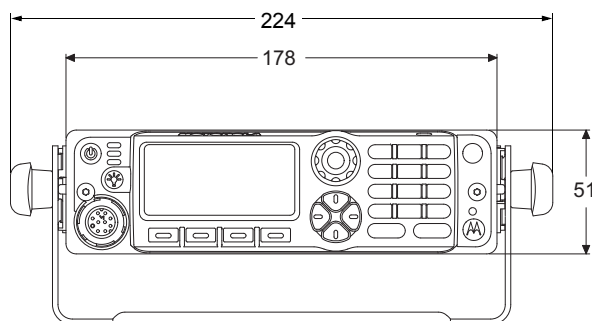


Figure 1-9. Front View of O7 Control Head Attached to APX 2500 Mid Power Dash Mount Transceiver and Trunnion

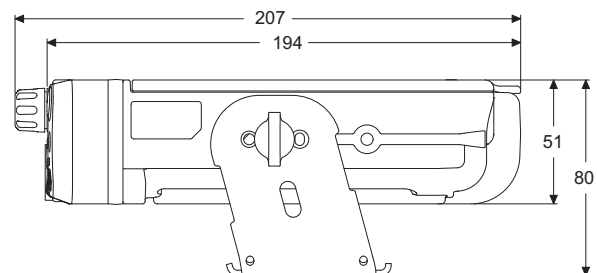
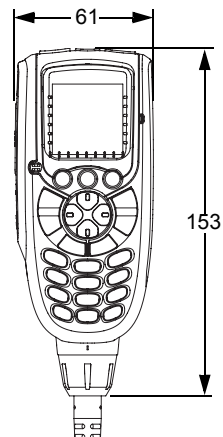
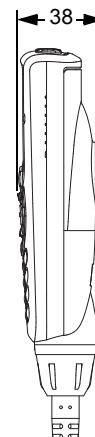


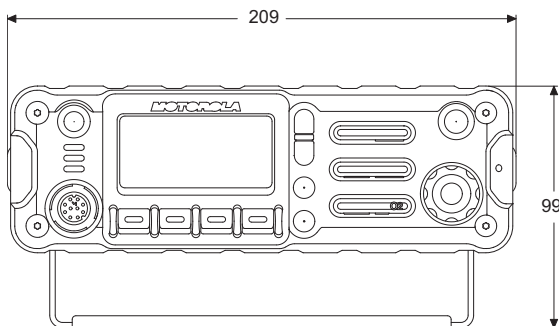
Figure 1-10. Side View of O7 Control Head Attached to APX 2500 Mid Power Dash Mount Transceiver and Trunnion



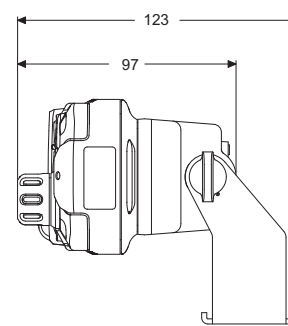
*Figure 1-11. Front View of O3 Control Head with Coiled Cable*



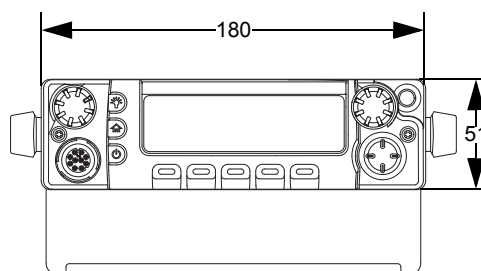
*Figure 1-12. Side View of O3 Control Head with Coiled Cable*



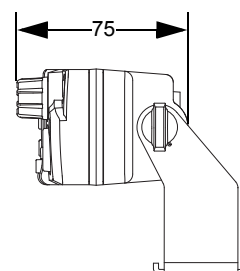
*Figure 1-13. Front View of O2 Control Head with Remote Mount and Trunnion*



*Figure 1-14. Side View of O2 Control Head with Remote Mount and Trunnion*



*Figure 1-15. Front View of O5 Control Head with Remote Mount and Trunnion*



*Figure 1-16. Side View of O5 Control Head with Remote Mount and Trunnion*

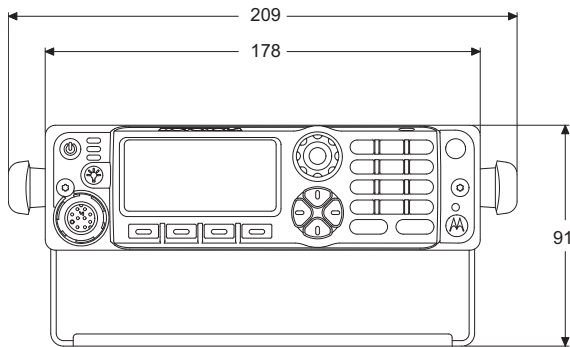


Figure 1-17. Front View of O7 Control Head with Remote Mount and Trunnion

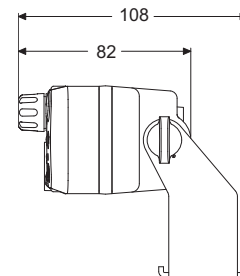


Figure 1-18. Side View of O7 Control Head with Remote Mount and Trunnion

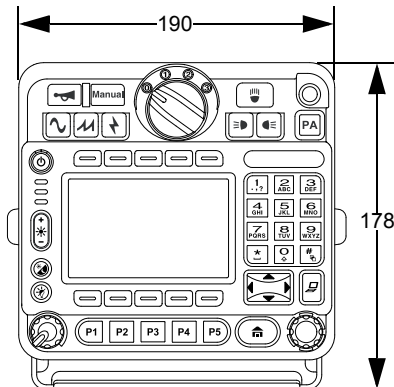


Figure 1-19. Front View of O9 Control Head with Trunnion

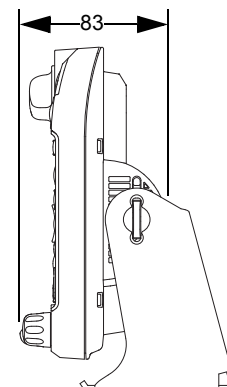


Figure 1-20. Side View of O9 Control Head with Trunnion

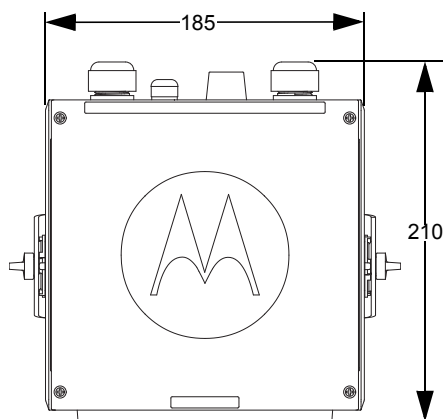


Figure 1-21. Top View of O9 Universal Relay Controller with Trunnion (URC is an orderable accessory)

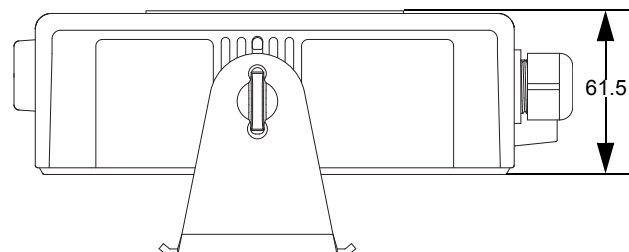


Figure 1-22. Side View of O9 Universal Relay Controller with Trunnion (URC is an orderable accessory)

## 1.2 Standard Configurations

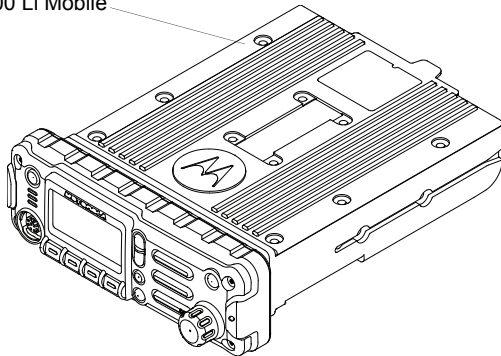
### 1.2.1 Dash Mount Configuration

**NOTE:** The dash mount configuration is not applicable for 100W radios and O9 control heads.

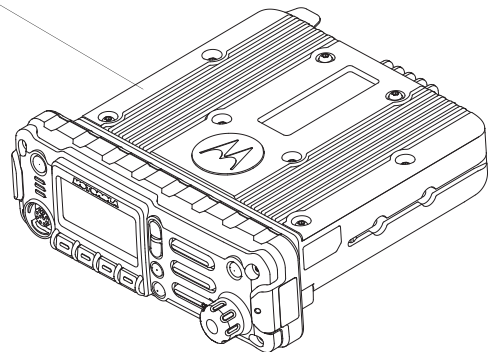
There are two versions of the APX mobile dash mount. The first are the O2, O5 and O7 control heads which are mounted on the front of the transceiver housing. The second is the O3 control head which is connected to the transceiver via a coiled cable, which is plugged into the CAN connector on the transceiver.

Electrical connection between the two takes place within the radio via a flexible circuit board between the connectors on the front of the transceiver and at the back of the control head for O2, O5 and O7 and between the connectors on the front of the transceiver and at the back of the TIB for the O3.

ASTRO 25 Subscribers APX 5500/  
APX 6500/APX 7500/  
APX 6500 Li Mobile

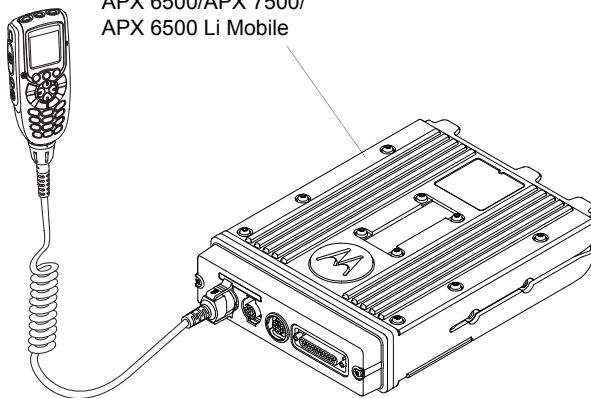


ASTRO 25 Subscribers  
APX 2500/APX 4500/  
APX 1500

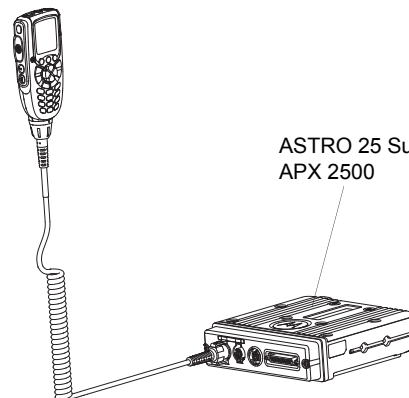


*Figure 1-23. Dash Mount Configuration for O2 Control Head*

ASTRO 25 Subscribers APX 5500/  
APX 6500/APX 7500/  
APX 6500 Li Mobile

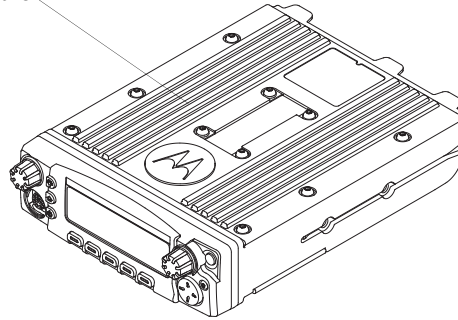


ASTRO 25 Subscribers  
APX 2500



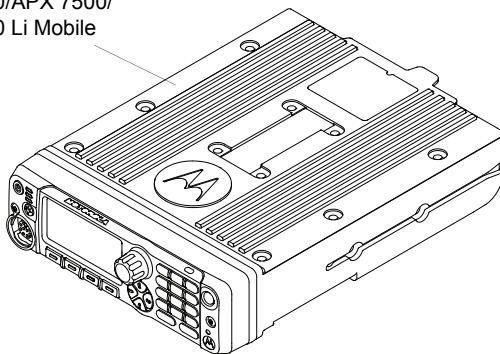
*Figure 1-24. Dash Mount Configuration for O3 Control Head*

ASTRO 25 Subscribers APX 5500/  
APX 6500/APX 7500/  
APX 6500 Li Mobile

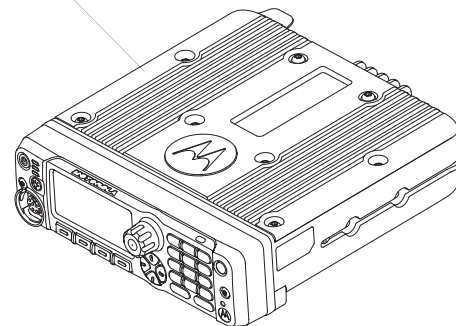


*Figure 1-25. Dash Mount Configuration for O5 Control Head (Only Applicable for ASTRO 25 Subscribers APX 5500/APX 6500/APX 7500/APX 6500 Li Mobile)*

ASTRO 25 Subscribers APX 5500/  
APX 6500/APX 7500/  
APX 6500 Li Mobile



ASTRO 25 Subscribers  
APX 2500



*Figure 1-26. Dash Mount Configuration for O7 Control Head*

For details on this configuration, see [Section 2.2.1 on page 2-21](#).

## 1.2.2 Remote Mount Configuration

In the remote control version, the transceiver and the control head are mounted separately in the vehicle. The O2, O5 and O7 control heads are mounted in remote trunnions near the operator. The O3 and O9 control heads are also mounted near the operator using extension cables. The transceiver and control head are mounted using a trunnion or other mounting hardware. If the transceiver is located in a car trunk, ensure that it is mounted securely and that sufficient cooling is provided. Do not cover the transceiver with baggage, blankets, etc.

**NOTE:** The keypad mic should only be plugged into the Modified Modular Plug (MMP) connector located on the control head, in either dash mount or remote mount configuration.

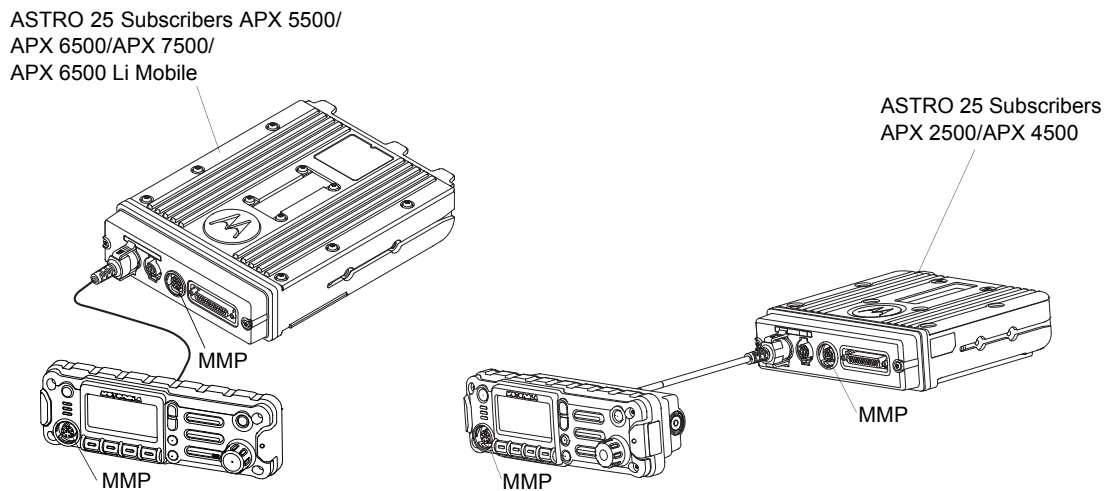


Figure 1-27. Remote Mount Configuration with Mid Power Transceiver, Transceiver Interface Board, CHIB Rear Assembly and O2 Control Head

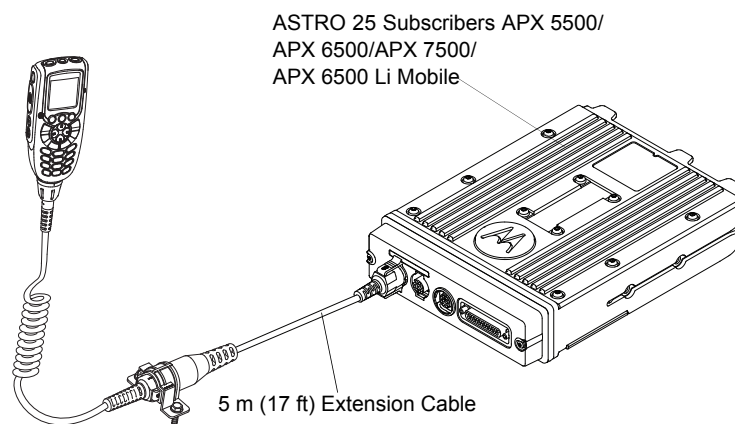
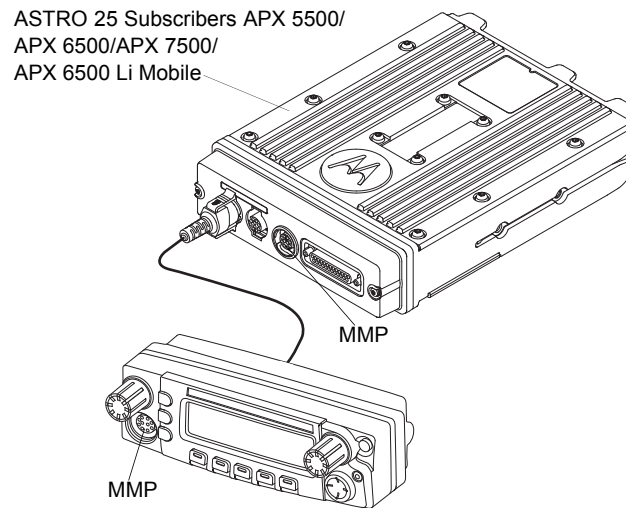
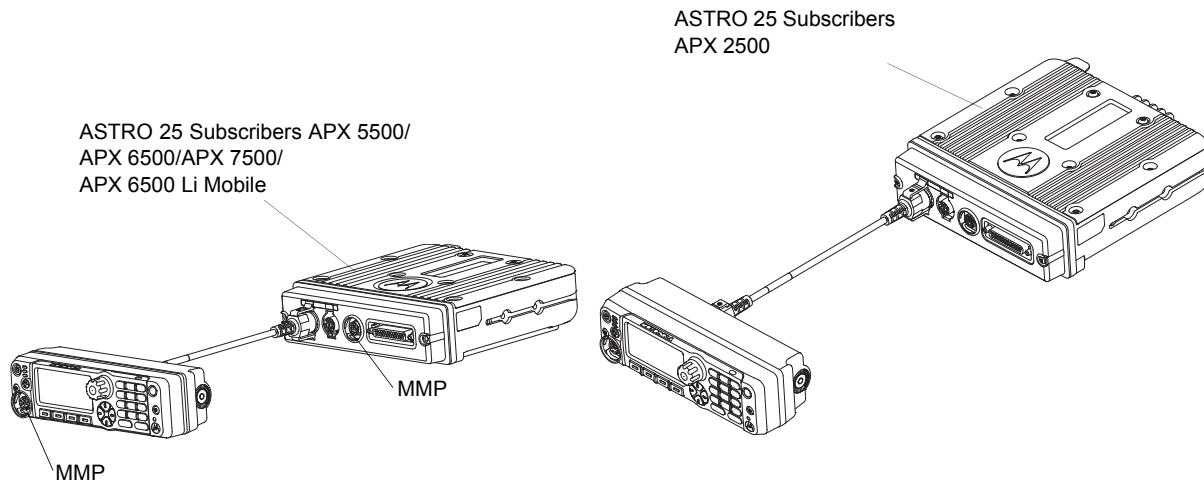


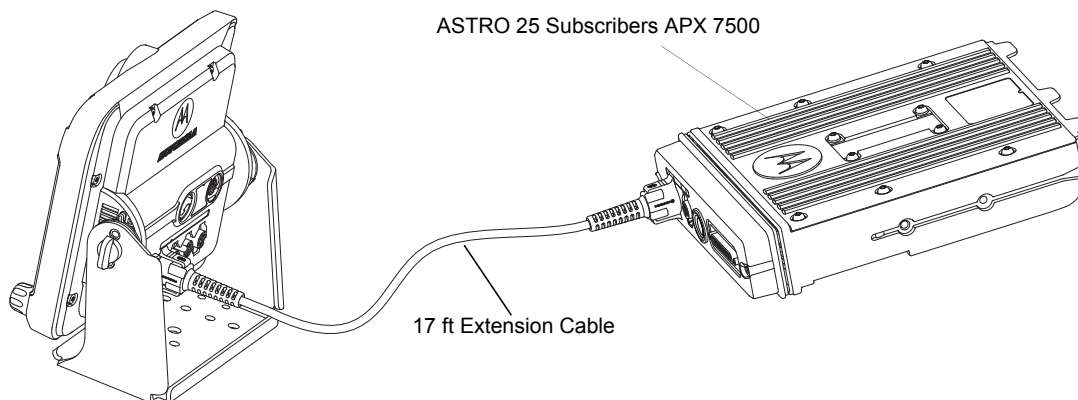
Figure 1-28. Remote Mount Configuration with Mid Power Transceiver, Transceiver Interface Board and O3 Control Head



**Figure 1-29. Remote Mount Configuration with Mid Power Transceiver, Transceiver Interface Board, CHIB Rear Assembly and O5 Control Head**

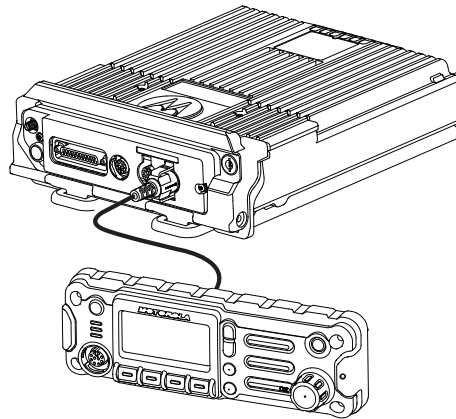


**Figure 1-30. Remote Mount Configuration with Mid Power Transceiver, Transceiver Interface Board, CHIB Rear Assembly and O7 Control Head**

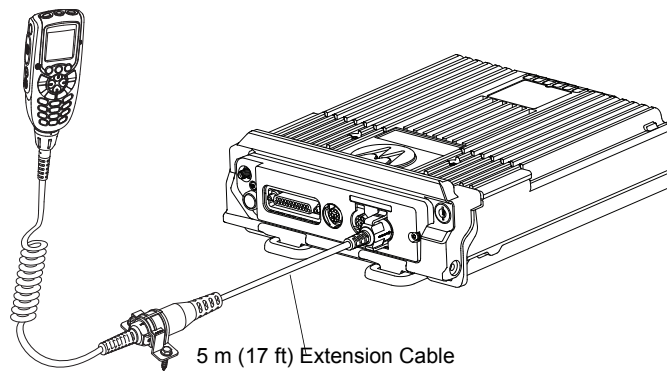


**Figure 1-31. Remote Mount Configuration with Mid Power Transceiver, Transceiver Interface Board and O9 Control Head**

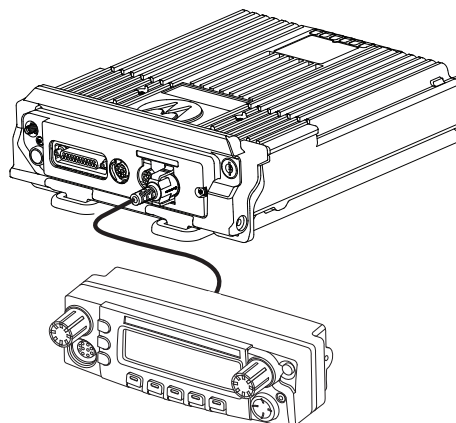




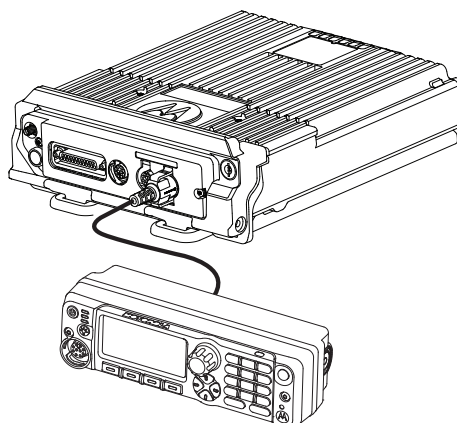
*Figure 1-32. Remote Mount Configuration with High Power (100W) Radio Transceiver and O2 Control Head*



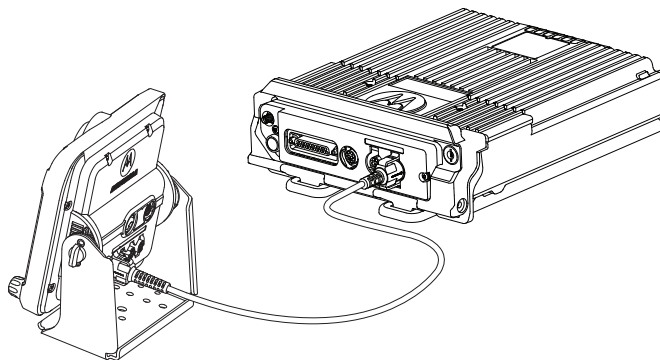
*Figure 1-33. Remote Mount Configuration with High Power (100W) Radio Transceiver and O3 Control Head*



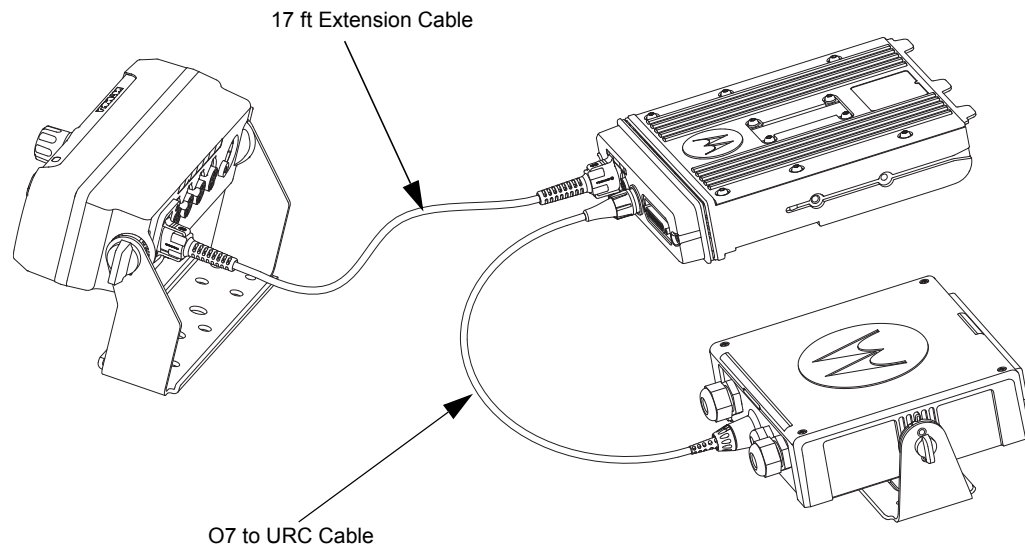
*Figure 1-34. Remote Mount Configuration with High Power (100W) Radio Transceiver and O5 Control Head*



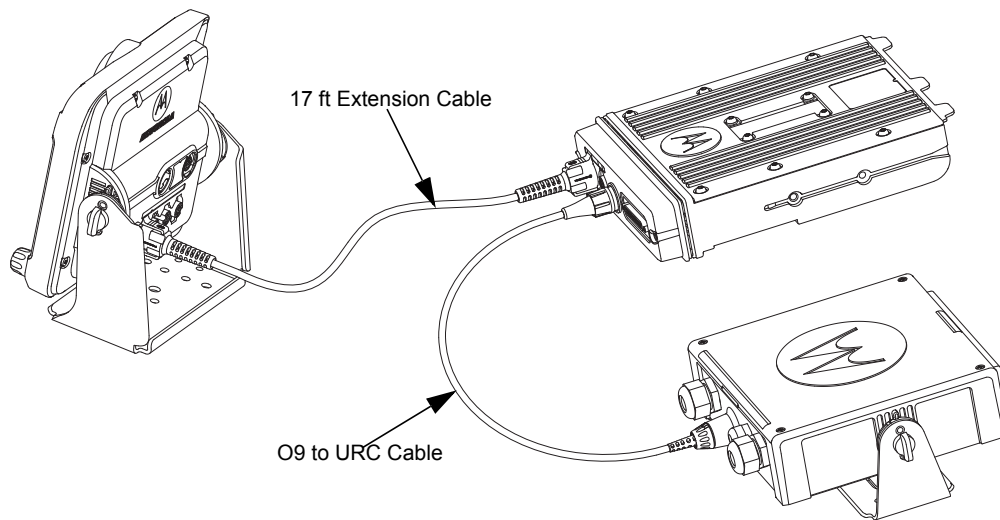
*Figure 1-35. Remote Mount Configuration with High Power (100W) Radio Transceiver and O7 Control Head*



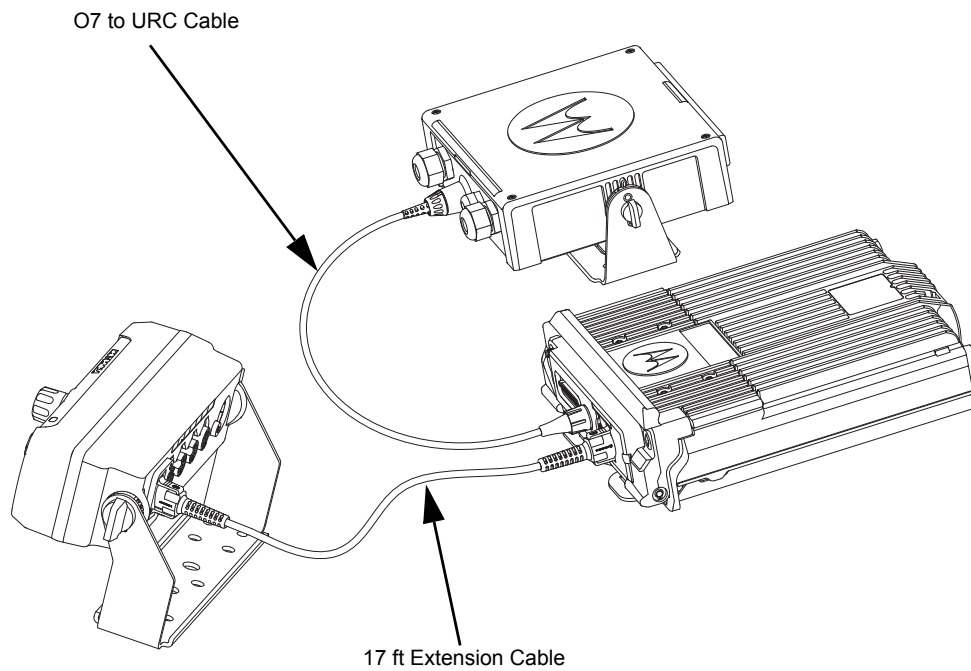
*Figure 1-36. Remote Mount Configuration with High Power (100W) Radio Transceiver and O9 Control Head*



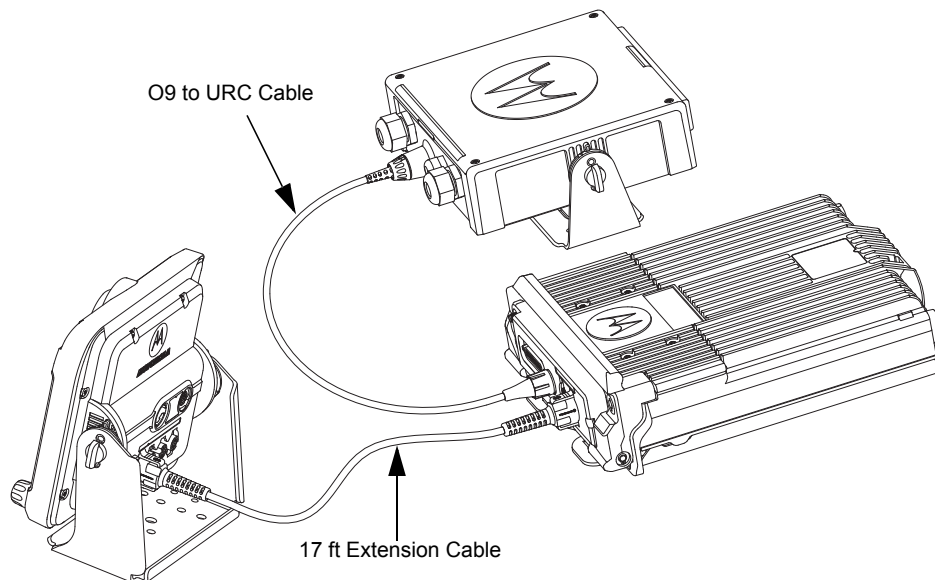
*Figure 1-37. Remote Mount Configuration with Mid Power Radio Transceiver, Universal Relay Controller and O7 Control Head (URC is optional)*



*Figure 1-38. Remote Mount Configuration with Mid Power Radio Transceiver, Universal Relay Controller and O9 Control Head (URC is optional)*



*Figure 1-39. Remote Mount Configuration with High Power (100W) Radio Transceiver, Universal Relay Controller and O7 Control Head (URC is optional)*



*Figure 1-40. Remote Mount Configuration with High Power (100W) Radio Transceiver, Universal Relay Controller and O9 Control Head (URC is optional)*

For details on these configurations, see [Section 2.2.2 on page 2-23](#).

### 1.2.3 Multi Control Head

The multi control head option allows separate, remotely operated control heads to operate and control the radio. For example, a fire truck could have a control head located in the cab and on the rear of the truck so that the radio could be operated from outside the vehicle.

**NOTE:** The dual control head can be used together in the future.

## 1.3 Motorcycle Configurations

**NOTE:** The motorcycle configurations are not applicable for 100W radios and O9 control heads.

The ASTRO APX mobile motorcycle radio models provide most of the equipment needed for installing a standard ASTRO APX mobile radio on a motorcycle. Most of this radio system is standard equipment. See Chapter 5: Motorcycle Radio Installation for further information.

## 1.4 Base/Control Stations

**NOTE:** The base/control station option is not applicable for 100W radios and O9 control heads.

If mobile radio equipment is installed at a fixed location and operated as a control station or as a fixed unit, the antenna installation must comply with the following requirements in order to ensure optimal performance and compliance with the RF energy exposure limits in the standards and guidelines listed in the 6881095C99 manual:

- The antenna should be mounted outside the building on the roof or a tower if at all possible.
- As with all fixed site antenna installations, it is the responsibility of the licensee to manage the site in accordance with applicable regulatory requirements and may require additional compliance actions such as site survey measurements, signage, and site access restrictions in order to ensure that exposure limits are not exceeded.

## 1.5 Tools Required for APX Mobile Installations

Tool	Part Number
10 mm wrench	—
5 mm Allen wrench	—
Rubber-coated pliers	—
Regular slot screwdriver of Phillips #2	—
Pin removal tool	6680163F01
RF antenna tool	HLN6695_
Wing screw torque tool	HLN6970_

## Notes

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## Chapter 2 Standard Configurations

### 2.1 Planning the Installation

The APX mobile radio operates only in negative ground electrical systems with a valid operating range of 10.8VDC to 16.3VDC. Before starting the radio installation, make sure that the ground polarity of the vehicle is correct. Accidentally reversing the polarity will not damage the radio, but will cause the cable fuses to blow.

Planning is the key to fast, easy radio installation. Before starting the installation, inspect the vehicle and determine how and where you intend to mount the antenna, radio, and accessories. Plan wire and cable runs to provide maximum protection from pinching, crushing, and overheating.



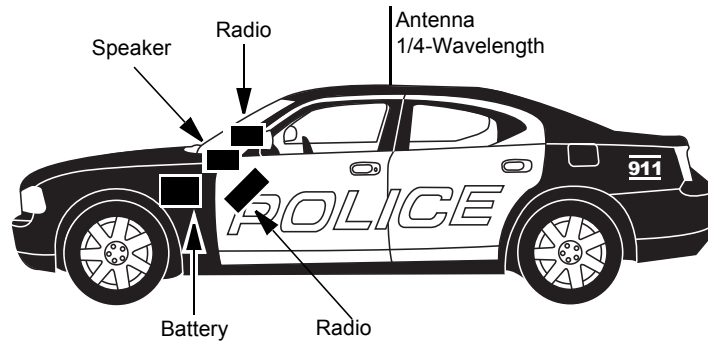
**Caution**

Before installing any electrical equipment, check the vehicle manufacturer's user manual for warnings or recommendations.

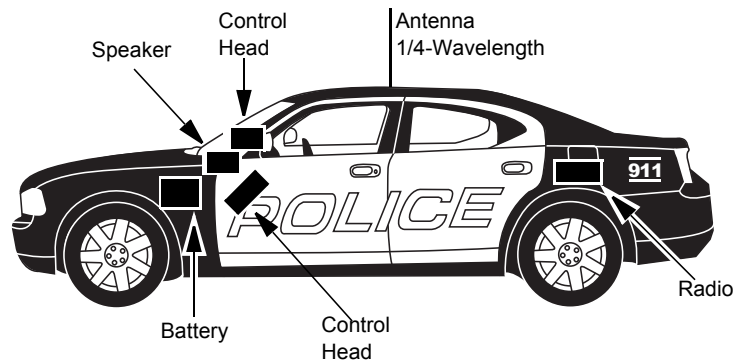
The installation of this device should be completed by an authorized servicer or installer. Failure to properly install the device may result in damage to the device, or improper operation.

### 2.1.1 Installation Examples

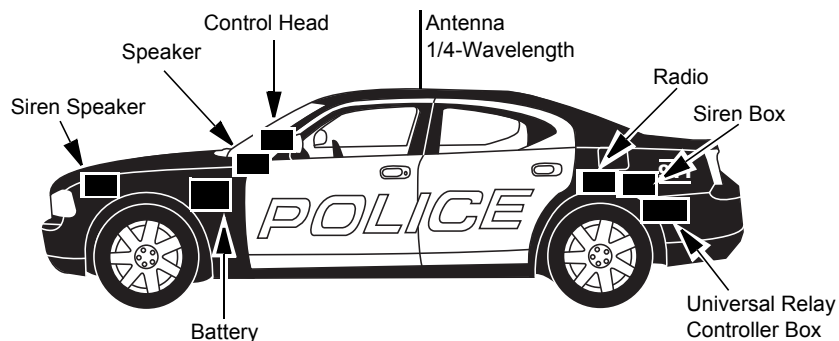
The mobile two-way radio offers various methods of installation, with accessories placed to the vehicle as desired. The radio can be a dash or remote mount except for the 100W radio or with O9 control head, which can only be mounted remotely. The O9 control head with the radio and the URC can only be mounted remotely (see [Figure 2-3](#)).



*Figure 2-1. Dash Mount Radios Can Be Located in the Middle Console, on the Transmission Hump, or Under the Dash (See [Figure 2-2](#) for 100W Radio Install)*



*Figure 2-2. Remote Mount Radio Control Heads Can Be Located in the Middle Console, on the Transmission Hump, or Under the Dash*



*Figure 2-3. Remote Mount of the Radio, O9 Control Head and Universal Relay Controller (URC is optional)*

**NOTE:** 100W radio install is typically at the rear vehicle compartment.



## 2.1.2 Wiring Diagrams

Figure 2-6 through Figure 2-17 show the wiring diagrams for all the possible configurations. The title under each figure identifies the O2, O3, O5, O7 or O9 control head configurations. Identify which of these figures shows the configuration that you are installing, and use the diagram when planning the installation.

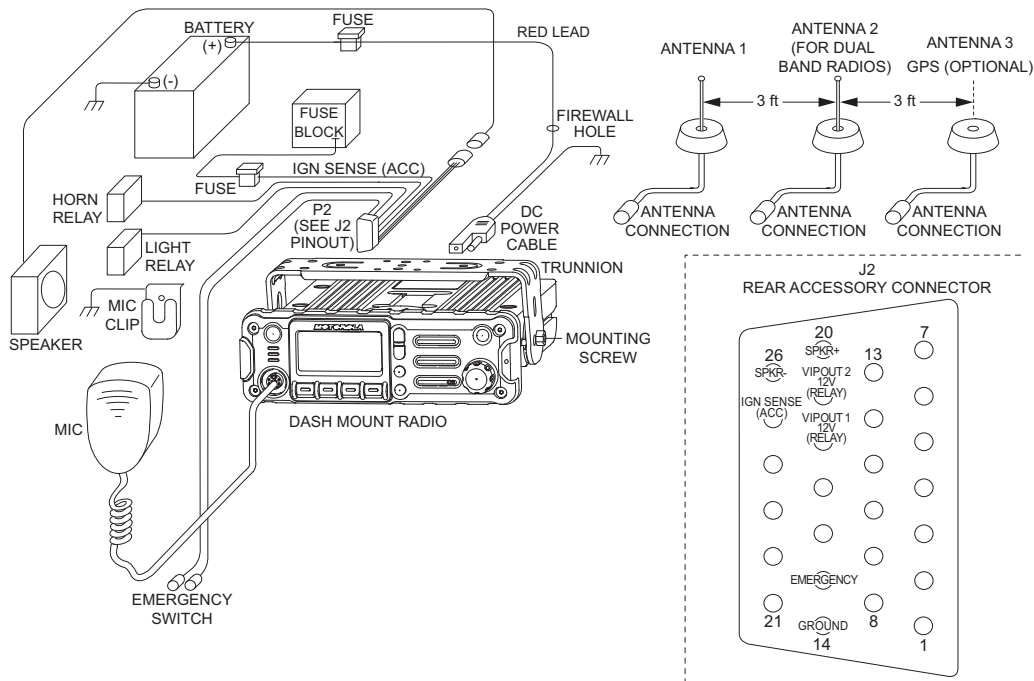


Figure 2-4. Radio Installation (O2 Mid Power Dash Mount)

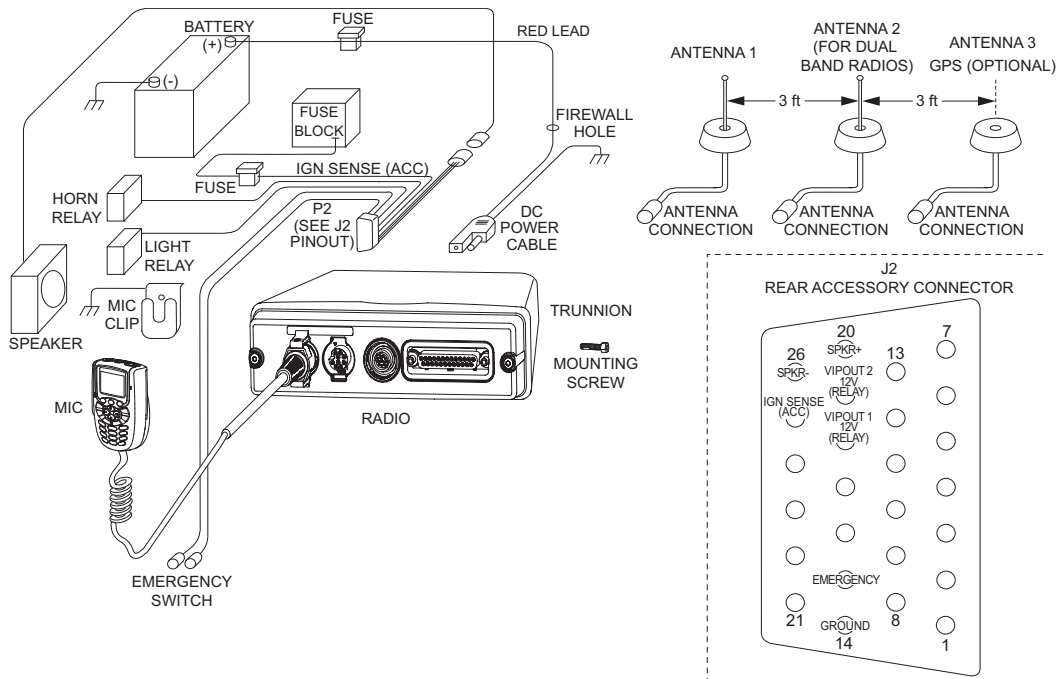
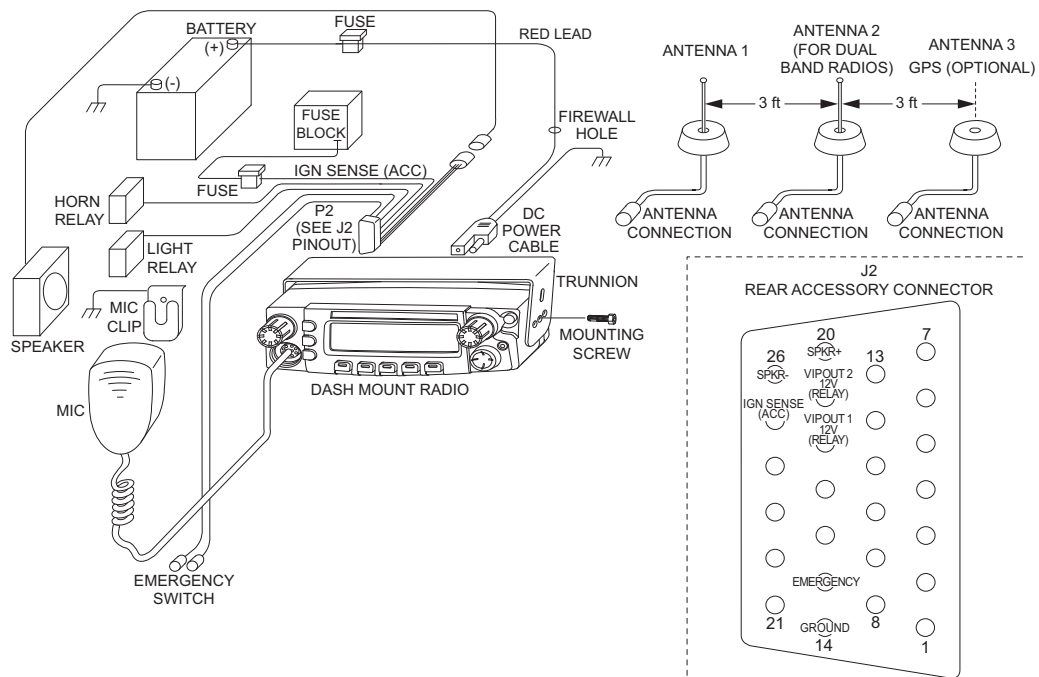
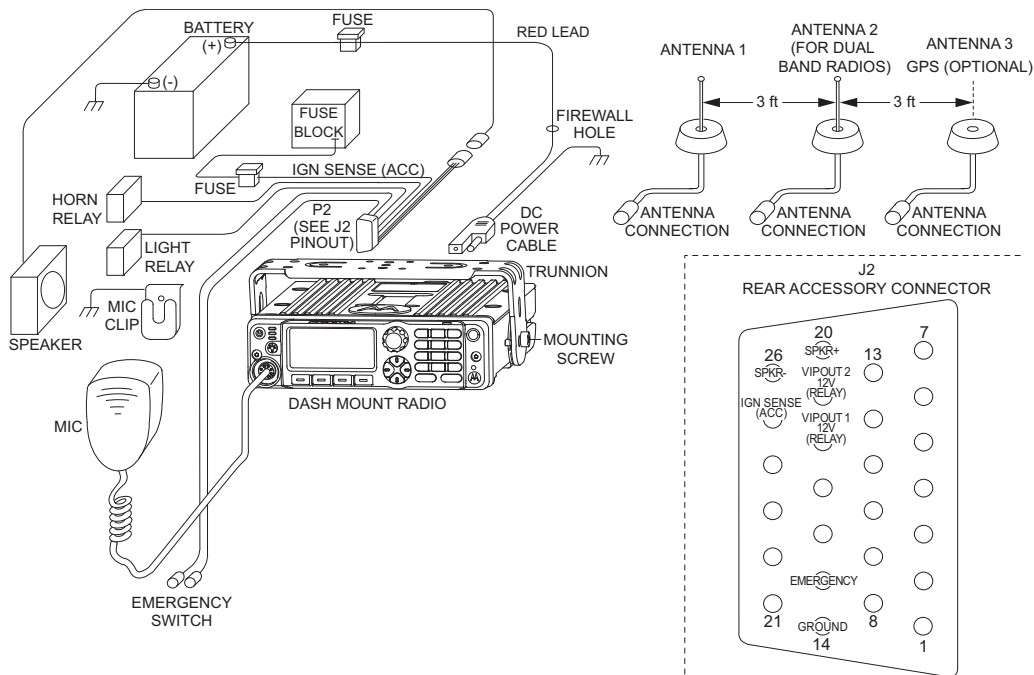


Figure 2-5. Radio Installation (O3 Mid Power Dash Mount)



*Figure 2-6. Radio Installation (O5 Mid Power Dash Mount)*



*Figure 2-7. Radio Installation (O7 Mid Power Dash Mount)*

**NOTE:** In dash mount configuration, it is mandatory that a rear accessory cable be attached at the back of a mid power transceiver, in order to ground the Emergency pin to GND. Or, an emergency footswitch or pushbutton switch must be attached at the back of a mid power. If the emergency pin is not grounded, upon the attachment of the A+ cable at the DC connector, the radio will detect a HIGH for the emergency pin state, and assume that emergency has been activated. This will attempt to power on the radio, and will result in excessive current draw and incorrect radio operation. Refer to [Section 2.1.3.1](#) for further details and recommended wiring of emergency in dash mount.

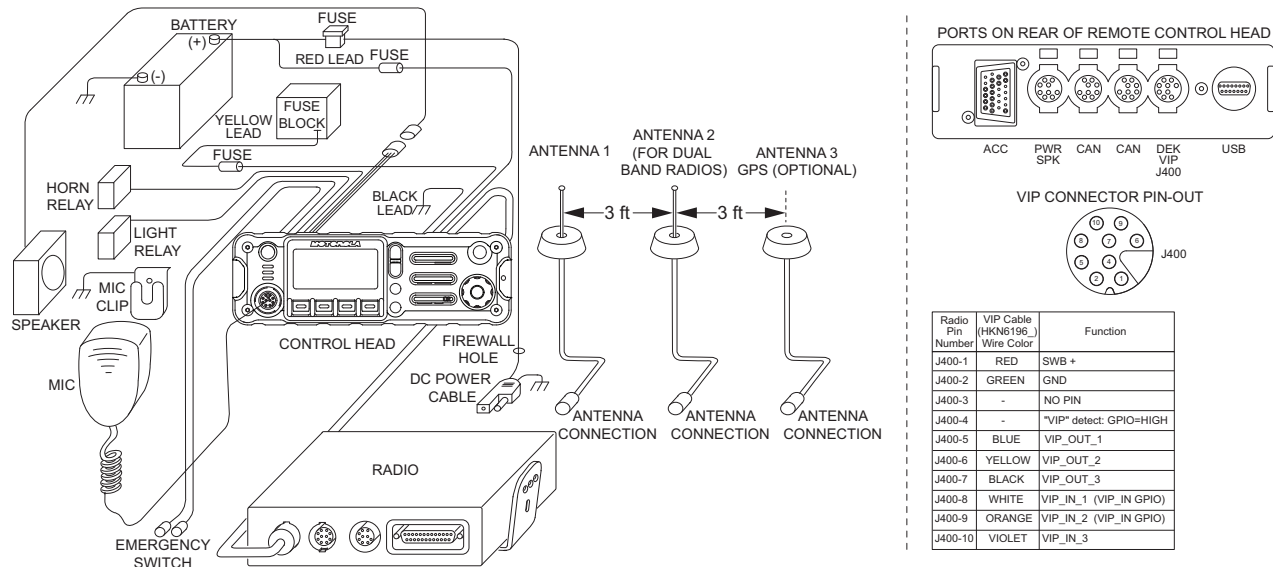


Figure 2-8. Radio Installation (O2 Mid Power Remote Mount)

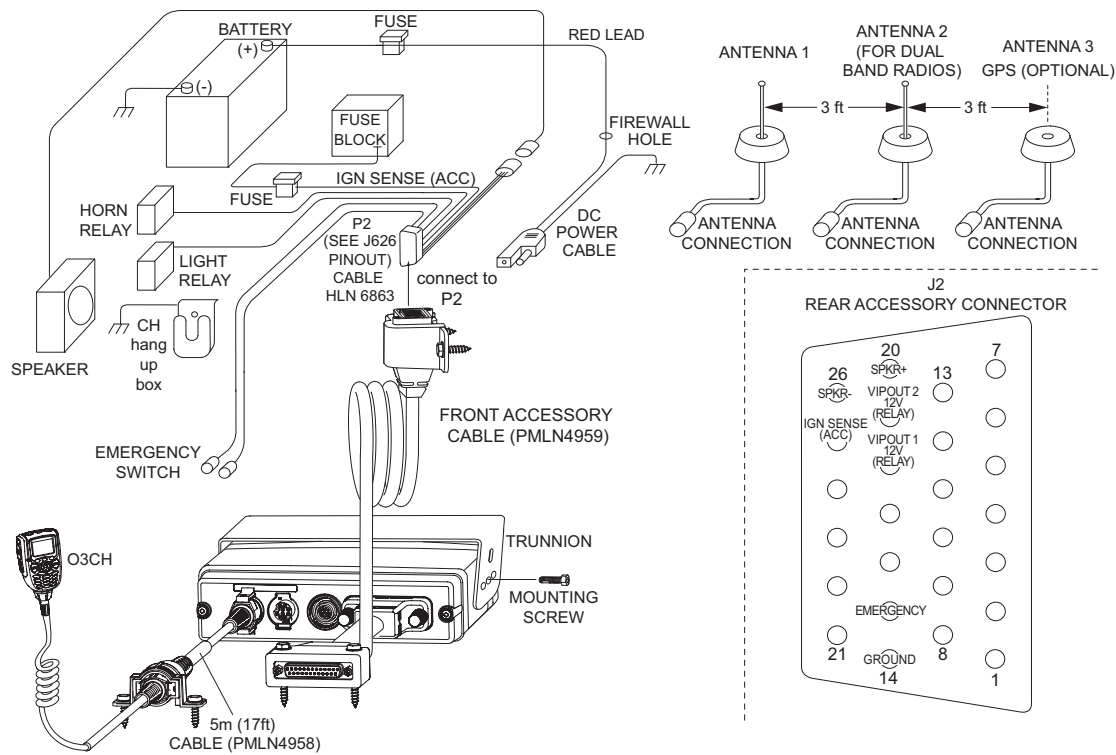


Figure 2-9. Radio Installation (O3 Mid Power Remote Mount)

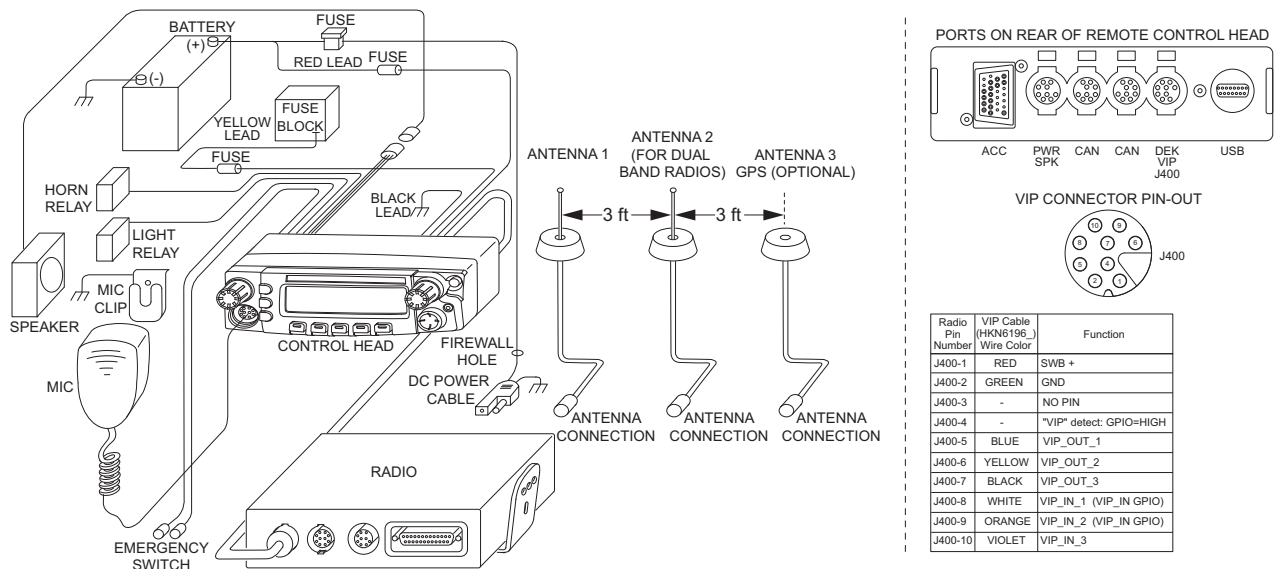


Figure 2-10. Radio Installation (O5 Mid Power Remote Mount)

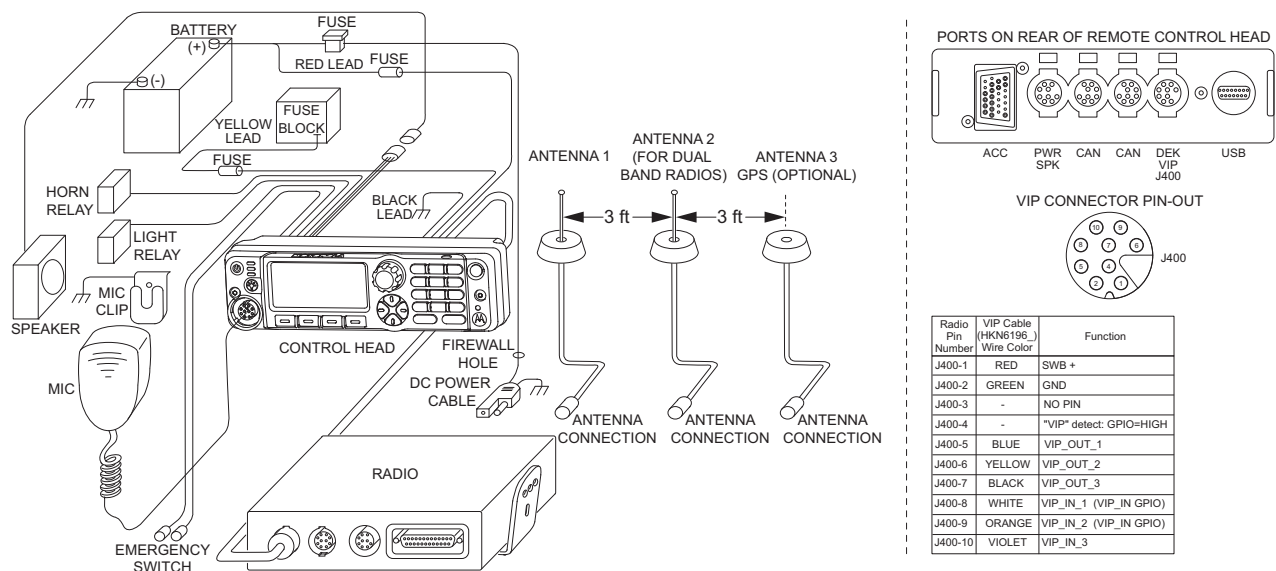


Figure 2-11. Radio Installation (O7 Mid Power Remote Mount)

Refer to [Section 2.1.3.2](#) and [Section 4.2.1](#) for further details and recommended wiring of emergency in remote mount.

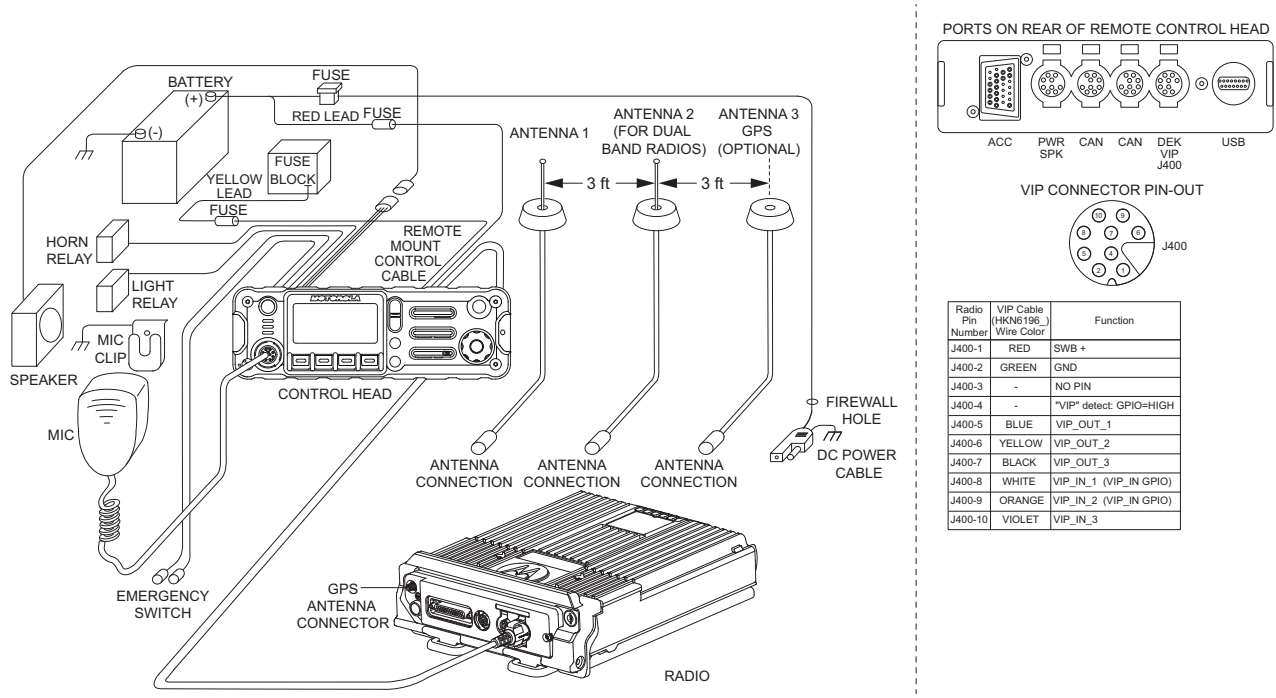


Figure 2-12. Radio Installation (O2 High Power Remote Mount)

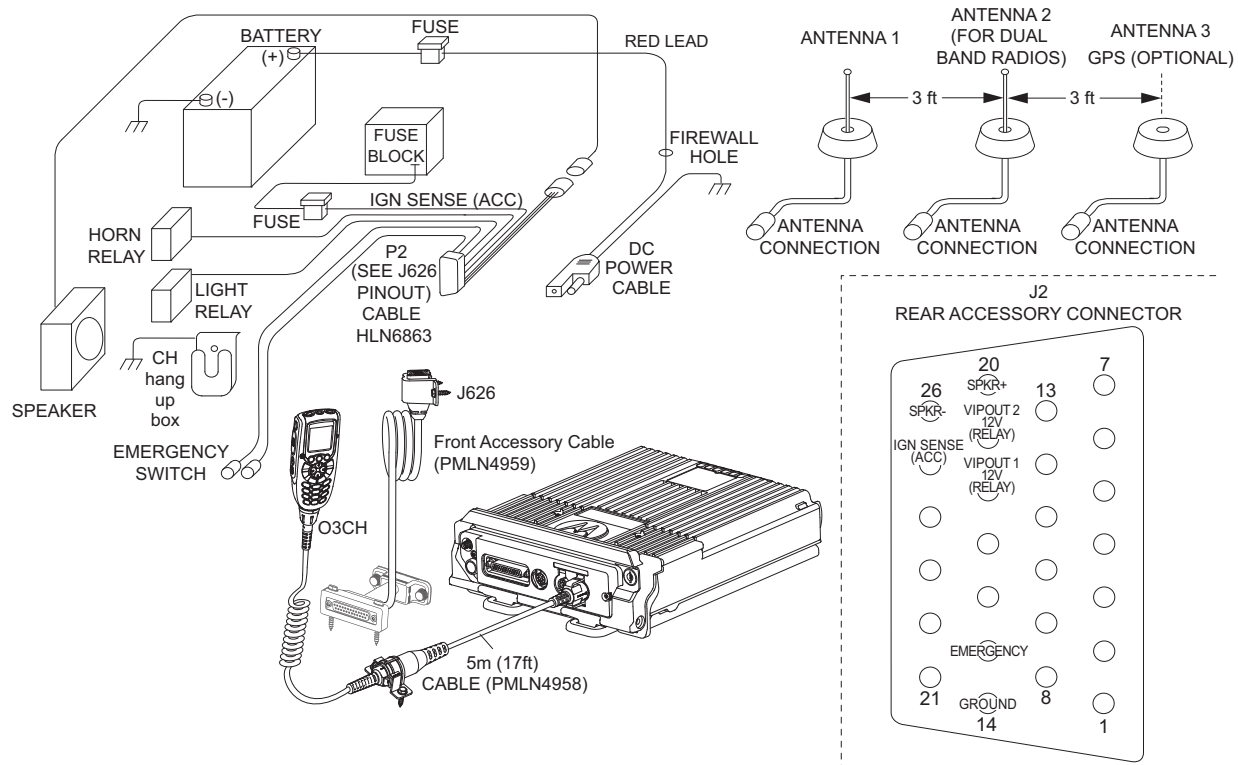


Figure 2-13. Radio Installation (O3 High Power Remote Mount)

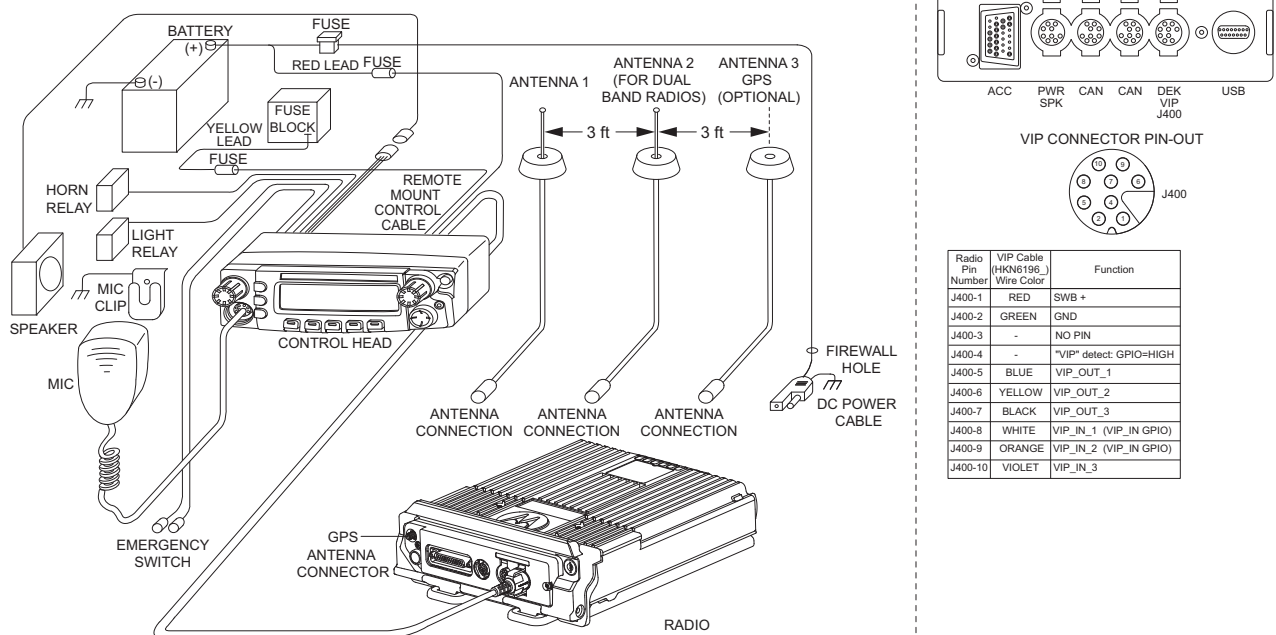


Figure 2-14. Radio Installation (O5 High Power Remote Mount)

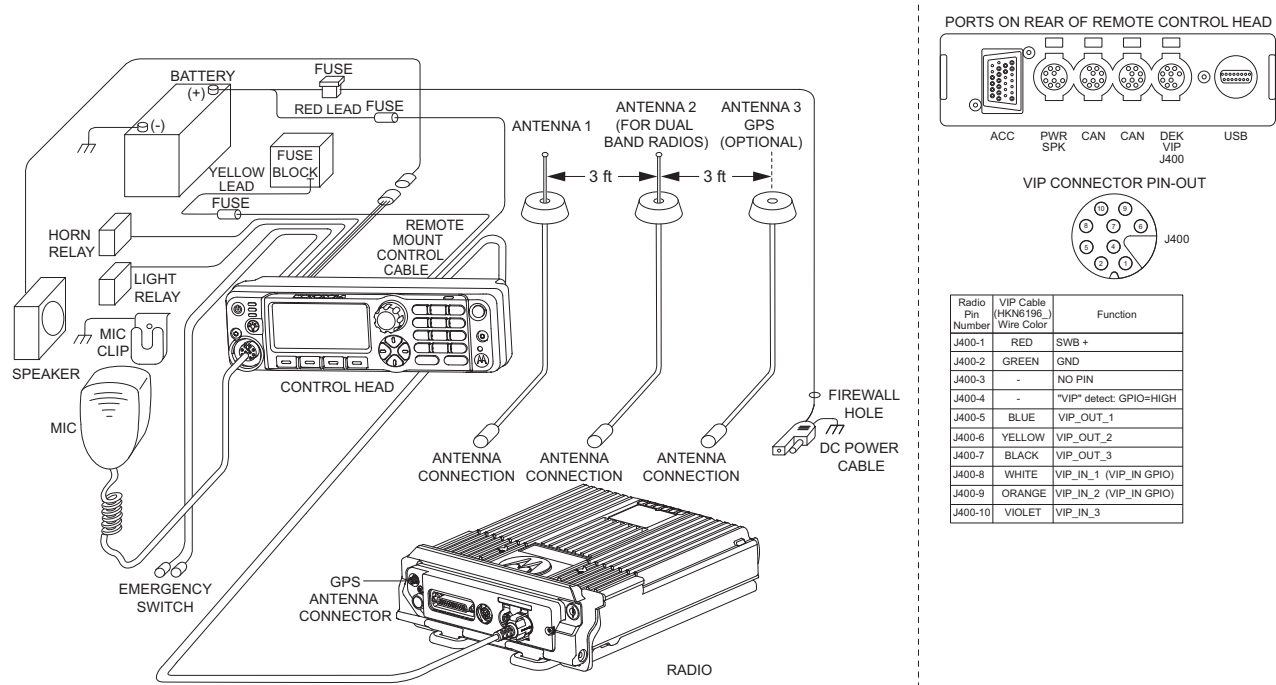


Figure 2-15. Radio Installation (O7 High Power Remote Mount)

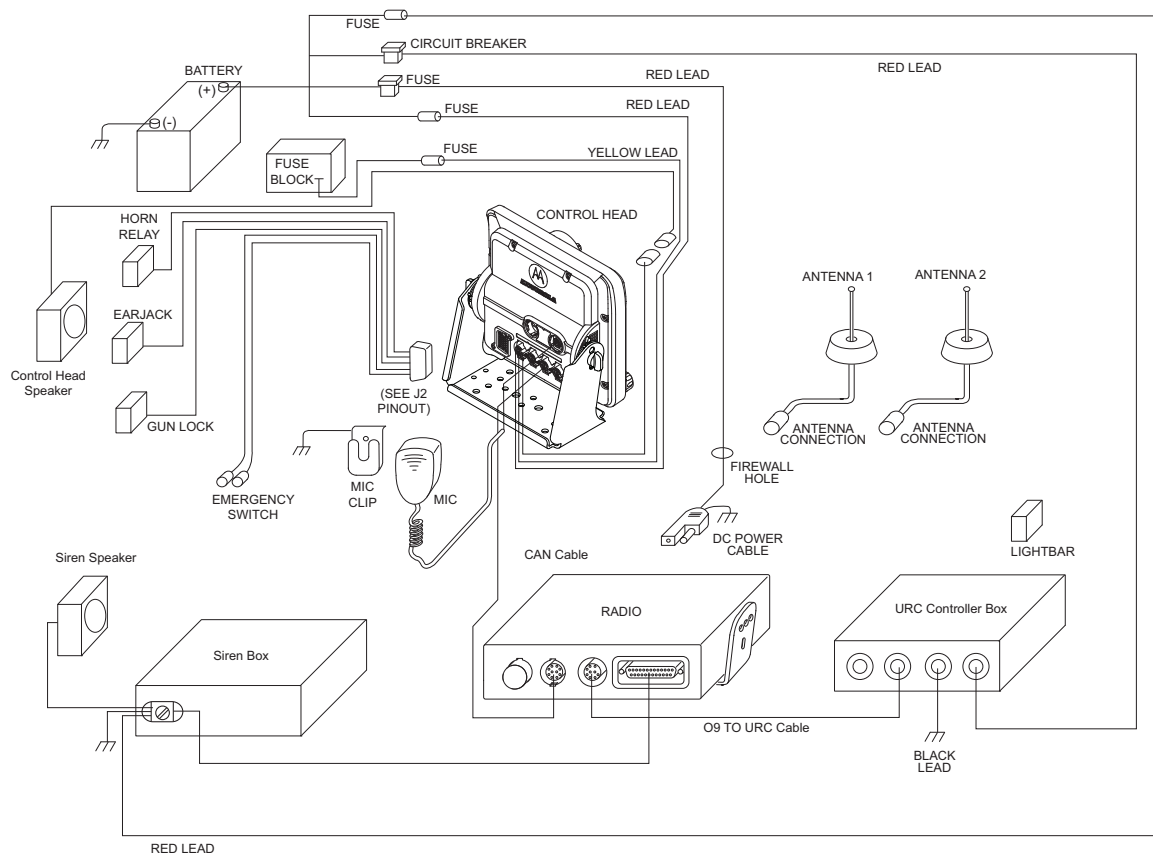


Figure 2-16. Radio Installation of O9 Remote Mount with Transceiver (URC is optional)



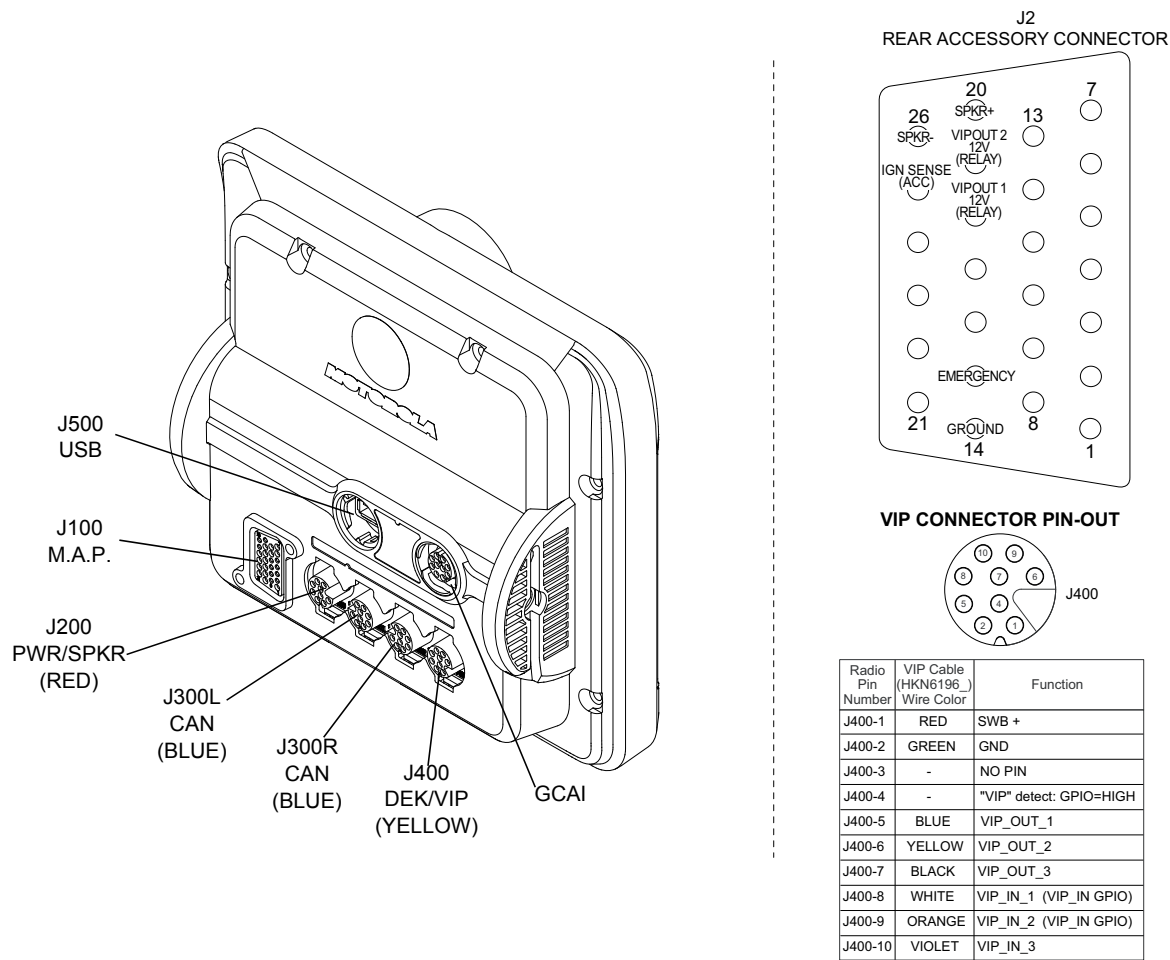


Figure 2-17. Radio Installation (O9 Remote Mount with Pinouts)

Refer to [Section 2.1.3.2](#) and [Section 4.2.1](#) for further details and recommended wiring of emergency in remote mount.

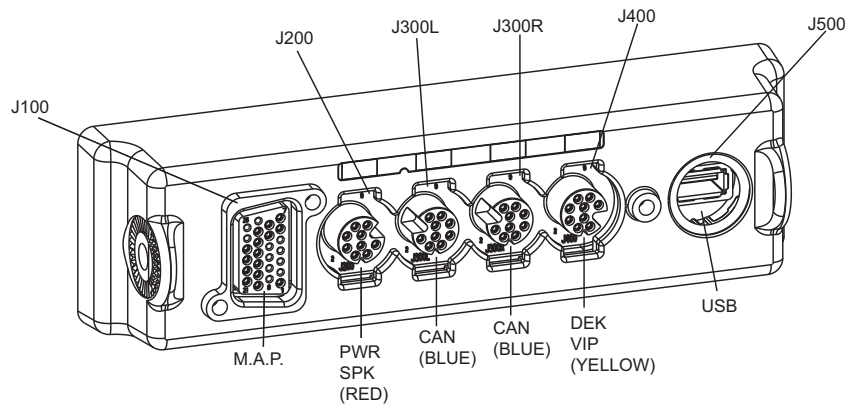
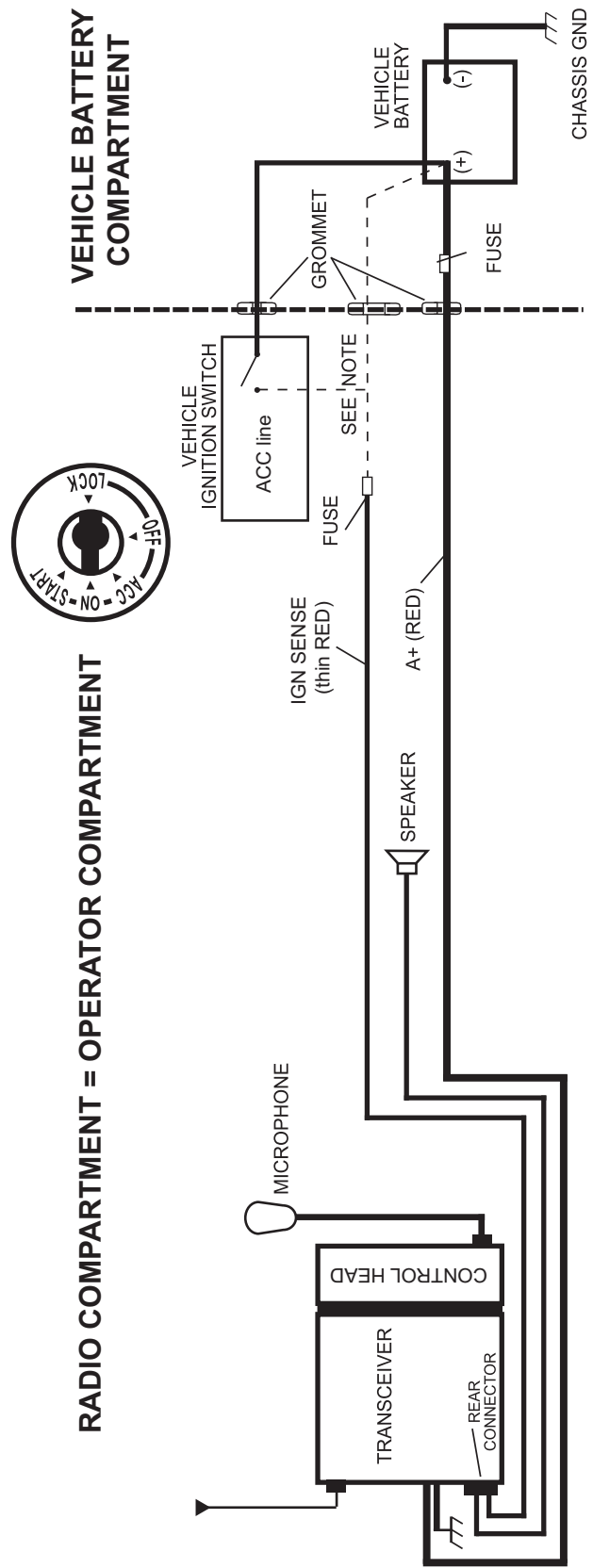


Figure 2-18. Remote Control Head Pinouts

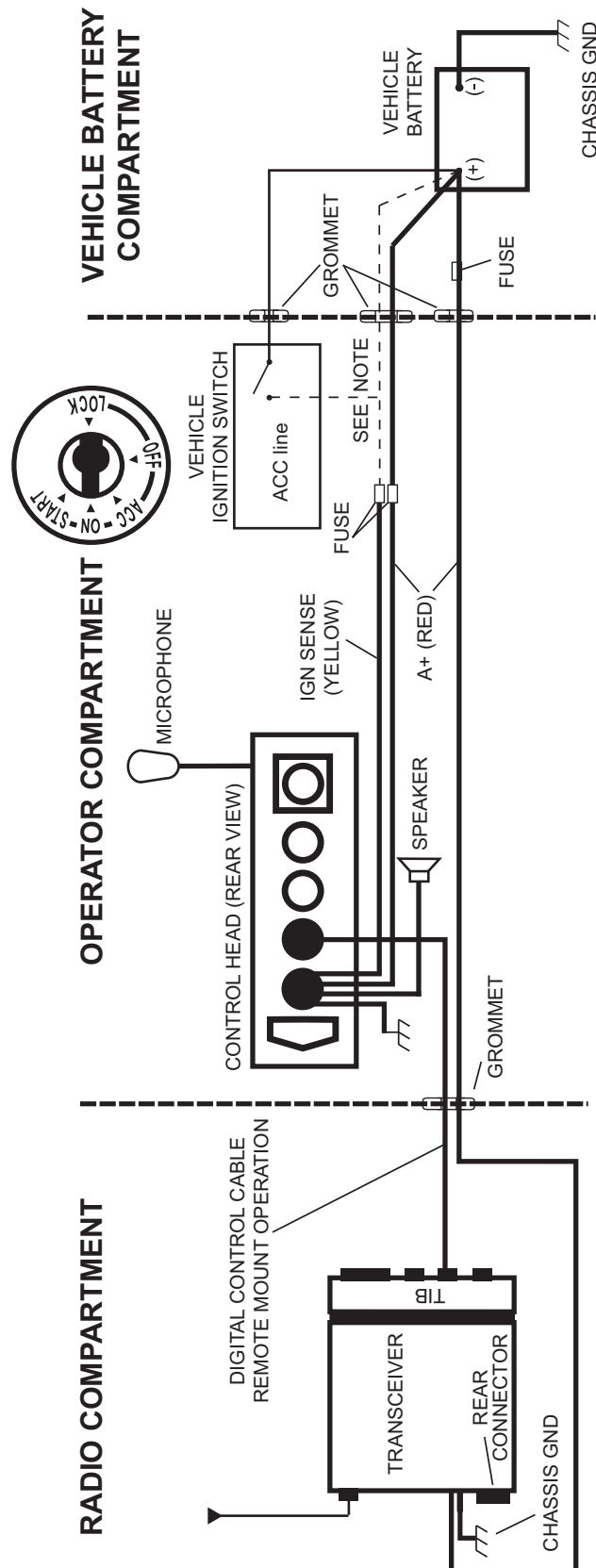




NOTE:  
See TABLE 2-1 for wiring of the thin RED wire. A good GROUND connection to the car chassis is required for correct radio operation.

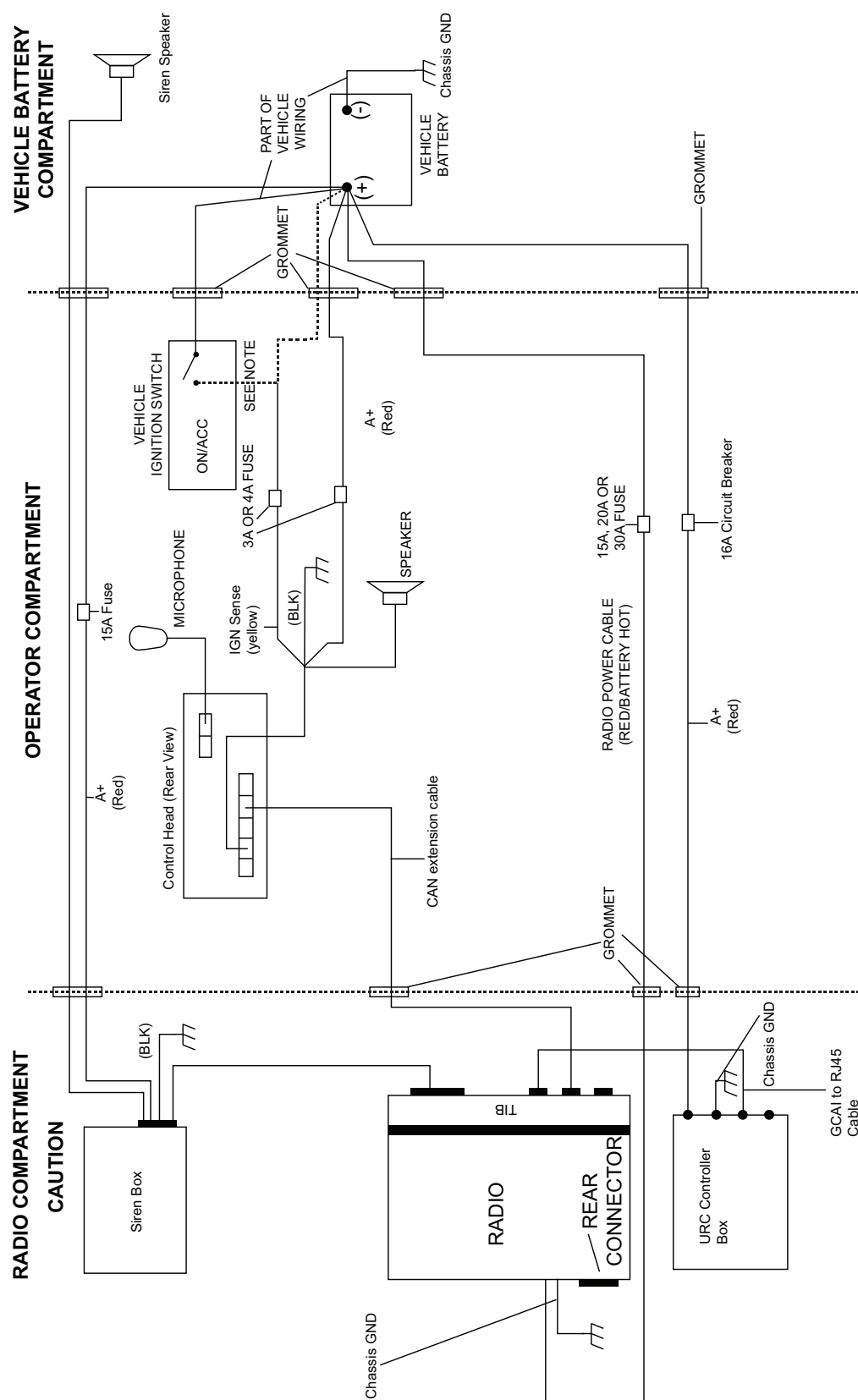
NOTE:  
Ignition sense cable uses either 3-amp fuse (6580283E01) or 4-amp fuse (6580283E02)

Figure 2-19. Cabling Interconnect Diagram for Dash Mount (Cannot Be Used for 100W Radios)



NOTE:  
See TABLE 2-1 for wiring of the YELLOW wire. A good GROUND connection to the car chassis is required for correct radio operation.

Figure 2-20. Cabling Interconnect Diagram for Remote Mount



**NOTE:** For remote mount configurations, do not supply IGNITION at the radio's rear accessory connector. IGNITION should be supplied according to TABLE 2-2. See TABLE 2-2 for combinations of wiring the RED and YELLOW cables.

The RED and YELLOW power cables connect to either the vehicle battery or the ignition switch. Connect the RED cable directly to the battery. The receiver operates when the control head is on. Connect the YELLOW cable to the ignition switch. The transmitter operates only when the ignition switch is on.

Alternate connections: Connecting both RED and YELLOW cables to the battery allows the control head to turn the receiver and transmitter on or off. Connecting both RED and YELLOW cables to the ignition switch allows the ignition switch to turn the receiver and transmitter on or off. Alternator whine and other noise problems may occur. Isolate the RED cable with a Motorola relay (5900813674).

Figure 2-21. Cabling Interconnect Diagram for 09 Remote Mount (URC is optional)

## 2.1.3 Radio Operation Wiring for Dash and Remote Configurations

Determine from [Table 2-1](#), [Table 2-2](#), or [Table 2-3](#) the radio functionality you wish to achieve, which is controlled by the vehicle's ignition switch state, the physical wiring of the radio's ignition sense (ACC) wire, and by the programmed CPS setting. For additional radio functionality as determined by the programming of the ignition switch in CPS, refer to the HELP menu in your CPS (i.e. Ignition as: Required, Blank, Soft Power Off, TX Inhibit, PTT TX Inhibit, Ignition Only Power Up).

Choose a clean ignition point which is not shared in the immediate vicinity by other high current accessories/devices. This will help to reduce the transients on the ignition line. Examples of high-current accessories/devices are: Air Horn, relays, lightbars and etc. It is recommended to wire to the vehicle's ACC line, not the START or the solenoid side of the ignition circuit. Refer to chapter 6 for best installation practices. The Ignition sense (ACC) cable uses either a 3-amp fuse (6580283E01) or 4-amp fuse (6580283E02).

### 2.1.3.1 Dash Mount: Power, Ignition, and Emergency Cable Installation

The standard dash mount rear ignition sense cable HLN6863 contains a "thin red" ignition wire, a jumper wire that shorts emergency to ground, and two gray wires attached to an external speaker plug. The thin RED wire is the ignition sensed wire. Refer to [Table 2-1](#), [Table 2-2](#), or [Table 2-3](#) for its correct wiring configurations.

**NOTE:** This cable **MUST** be attached in order for the radio to operate in Dash mount, regardless of how emergency is programmed in CPS or wired inside the vehicle. Either the emergency jumper wire or an emergency accessory (footswitch or button) must be wired to the rear of the transceiver in Dash mount. Otherwise, upon attachment of the radio's power cable to the vehicle battery, the radio will incorrectly determine that emergency operation has been activated, such as when an emergency footswitch is de-pressed and the emergency pin is ungrounded.

### 2.1.3.2 Remote Mount: Power, Ignition, and Emergency Cable Installation

The single control head O2, O3, O5, O7 or O9 remote mount configurations receive power from the J200 connector's red and black wires. The yellow wire at J200 is one ignition sense wire. On mid power radios, the J2 and J600 connectors can also be used for ignition sense. On high power radios, the J200 yellow wire or the J600 connector can be used for ignition sense. If the HLN6863 is attached at J100 of the O2, O3, O5, O7 or O9 control head, the "thin red" wire will NOT function as an ignition sense wire, since the J100 connector has no ignition sense electrical connection.

**NOTE:** It is incorrect for installation to attach ignition sense at more than one wire or connector. Refer to [Table 2-1](#) or [Table 2-2](#) for its correct wiring configurations.

The O3 control head receives its power down the CAN cable, and detects the ignition state by the ignition sense pin at either J2 or J600. On mid power radios, the J2 and J600 connectors can also be used for ignition sense. On high power radios, only the J600 connector can be used for ignition sense.

In Multi-Control Head installations, the yellow ignition wire must be connected to the head assigned ID # 1. See [Section 2.2.2.5 "Setting the Initial Control Head ID" on page 2-29](#) for further information.

In remote mount O2, O3, O5, O7 or O9, an Emergency jumper to ground is placed by default on the TIB (JU344) so that there is no need to attach a cable with an emergency accessory at either J2 or at J600. This jumper must be removed if an emergency accessory (footswitch or button to Ground) is installed at either J2 or J600 (or J626 on the accessory cable) locations. If the jumper JU344 is removed but no emergency accessory is installed, the radio will power-up incorrectly into emergency mode all the time. Refer to [Figure 4-3](#) for details.

The design of the control head is different compared to the transceiver, therefore it is also **NOT** necessary to attach HLN6863 at J100 to prevent accidental emergency operation. The control head uses an edge-detect, not a state-detect like on the transceiver, so mounting of HLN6863 is not mandatory.

Table 2-1. Dash O2, O3, O5, O7 or O9 Radio Operations Dependent Upon A+ and Ignition Connections

Dash Mount	Transceiver Red Power Wire	HLN6863 Thin Red Wire	Transceiver Red Power Wire	HLN6863 Thin Red Wire	Transceiver Red Power Wire	HLN6863 Thin Red Wire
Connected to battery	X	X	X			X
Connected to ignition switch				X	X	X
Ignition switch controls	No ignition switch control.		Enables ignition switch functionality as programmed in the codeplug.		Illegal wiring configuration. See CAUTION note.	

Table 2-2. Remote O2, O3, O5, O7 or O9 Radio Operations Dependent Upon A+ and Ignition Connections

Remote Mount	Control Head Red Wire	Control Head Yellow Wire	Control Head Red Wire	Control Head Yellow Wire	Control Head Red Wire	Control Head Yellow Wire
Connected to battery	X	X	X			X
Connected to ignition switch				X	X	X
Ignition switch controls	No ignition switch control.		Enables ignition switch functionality as programmed in the codeplug.		Illegal wiring configuration. See CAUTION note.	

Table 2-3. Remote O2, O3, O5, O7 or O9 Radio Operations Dependent Upon A+ and Ignition Connections

Mid Power Dash/Remote	Transceiver Red Power Wire	HLN6863 Thin Red Wire at J2	Transceiver Red Power Wire	HLN6863 Thin Red Wire at J2	Transceiver Red Power Wire	HLN6863 Thin Red Wire at J2
High Power Dash/Remote		HLN6863 Thin Red Wire at J626		HLN6863 Thin Red Wire at J626		HLN6863 Thin Red Wire at J626
Connected to battery	X	X	X			
Connected to ignition switch				X	X	X
Ignition switch controls	No ignition switch control.		Enables ignition switch functionality as programmed in the codeplug.		Illegal wiring configuration. See CAUTION note.	

**Caution**

DO NOT connect any wires to the battery terminals until you have finished the entire radio installation (Dash or Remote Mount) configuration to avoid potential equipment damage.

Incorrect wiring of the radio may result in incorrect ignition sense detection, incorrect power-on state, or incorrect power-off state of the radio system.

The Control Head Power cable wire (RED) and Transceiver Power cable wire (RED) are always attached to the battery terminal and NOT to the ignition switch.

## 2.1.4 Ignition Sense Switch (Radio Wide Advance)

CPS selectable settings to control the radio's functionality based on the state of the vehicle's Ignition status.

*Table 2-4. Ignition Sense Switch Settings in CPS*

Feature	Description
Blank	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Radio POWERS ON when the Power Button is pressed or with the emergency power up feature.</li> <li>Radio POWERS OFF when the Power Button is pressed.</li> </ul>
TX Inhibit	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Radio POWERS ON when the Power Button is pressed or with the emergency power up feature.</li> <li>Radio POWERS OFF when the Power Button is pressed.</li> <li>If <b>IGNITION</b> is not present all transmissions are inhibited.</li> <li>The radio will not affiliate with trunking systems and therefore <b>CANNOT</b> receive any trunking dispatch communications.</li> <li>Emergency Alarm transmissions are <b>NOT</b> possible with the use of the emergency power up feature.</li> </ul>
PTT TX Inhibit	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Radio POWERS ON when the Power Button is pressed or with the emergency power up feature.</li> <li>Radio POWERS OFF when the Power Button is pressed.</li> <li>If <b>IGNITION</b> is not present all transmissions are inhibited.</li> <li>The radio is able to affiliate with trunking systems. The radio can <b>ONLY</b> receive trunking dispatch communications.</li> <li>Emergency Alarm transmissions are possible with the use of the emergency power up feature.</li> </ul>
Required	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Radio POWERS ON when the Power Button is pressed and Ignition is present.</li> <li>Radio POWERS ON when Ignition is cycled and radio was previously ON.</li> <li>Radio POWERS OFF when the Power Button is pressed, or when Ignition is lost.</li> </ul>
Soft Power Off	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Radio POWERS ON when the Power Button is pressed, or when Ignition is detected.</li> <li>Radio POWERS OFF when the Power Button is pressed, or when Ignition is lost.</li> </ul>
Ignition Only Power Up	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Radio POWERS ON when Ignition is present.</li> <li>Radio POWERS OFF when Ignition is lost.</li> <li>Control head power button is ignored.</li> </ul>

**NOTE:** When either TX Inhibit, PTT TX Inhibit or Required are selected, the Emergency Power Up feature will not be available to the radio-user.

When any other Ignition Switch setting is made, Emergency Power Up is available to the radio-user, regardless of current ignition state.


Any optional inactivity time-out timer setting in CPS may delay the power off of the radio once Ignition sense is removed.

## 2.1.5 Siren/PA Configuration/Programming

The Siren/PA is shipped pre-wired for 100W operation. It can be rewired for 65W, 75W, or 130W power levels.

To change to another power level, perform the following:

1. Open the Siren/PA connector cover to gain access to the two-connector speaker leads. Do not change the speaker common lead (pin 20). The other lead is connected to pin 35 (for 100W operation).
2. Using an appropriate pin removal tool, extract pin 35 and move it to one of the following pin locations:
  - pin location 36 for 75W operation
  - pin location 28 for 65W or 130W operation
3. For 65W or 75W operation, no further changes are required. Reassemble the connector.
4. For 130W operation, you must parallel two 11 $\Omega$  speakers, each rated at 65W minimum. Proper phasing of the two speakers is important--when connecting two speakers in parallel, wire similar speaker terminals together to ensure maximum loudness and prevent "deadspots." For example, if the terminals are marked "1" and "2", connect the terminals marked "1" together and connect those wires to one speaker lead. Connect the terminals marked "2" together and connect those wires to the other speaker lead.



**Caution** Before continuing, remember that under a high-line supply condition (16.6V), up to 30% more power will go to the speaker(s) after reconfiguring for 130W operation. Do this only when your PA speakers are capable of handling the extra power.

5. When the Siren/PA is configured for dual speaker, 130W operation, it is necessary to remove a resistor and move two jumpers to set the correct power level. Remove the Siren/PA cover, and locate resistor R219 (0 ohm). This resistor should be removed for 130W operation. Locate jumpers JU100 and JU101. These jumpers should be installed for 130W operation.
6. Close and reconnect the Siren/PA connector cover.

**NOTE:** Jumpers JU100 and JU101 do not affect the Siren output level. JU100 and JU101 compensate for the lower speaker load and the two speakers in parallel, by decreasing the gain U102-1. JU100 affects the radio PA level and JU101 affects the PA audio level.

Pin locations of various power level configurations are listed in [Table 2-5](#)

*Table 2-5. Power Level Configurations*

	Pin location of speaker leads	R219	JU100/JU101
65W	20,28	IN	Across pins A and B
75W	20,36	IN	Across pins A and B
100W	20,35	IN	Across pins A and B
130W	20,28	OUT	Across pins B and C



## 2.2 Radio Mounting

**Caution**

DO NOT mount the radio on a plastic mounting surface without first reinforcing the mounting surface; the weight of the radio may crack or break the mounting surface.

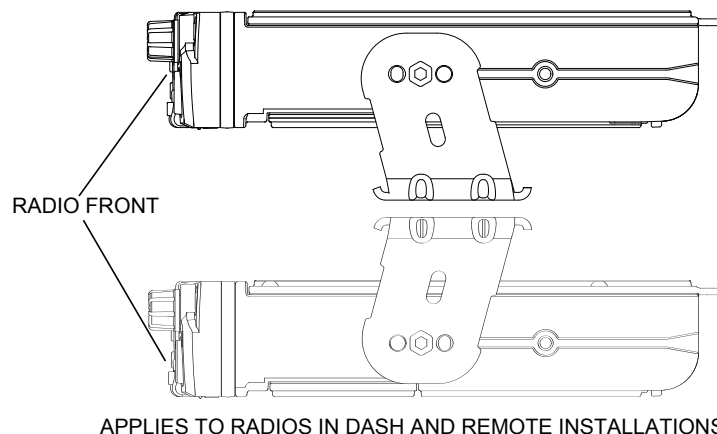
DO NOT mount the radio on a flat or concave surface where the radio could be partially submersed in water. This is especially important if the cab area of the vehicle is cleaned by spraying with water. If the radio sits in water for a length of time, moisture may seep inside the radio and damage the electronic components.

DO NOT allow water to stand in recessed areas of vertically mounted radios. Remove any moisture immediately to prevent it from seeping down into the radio.

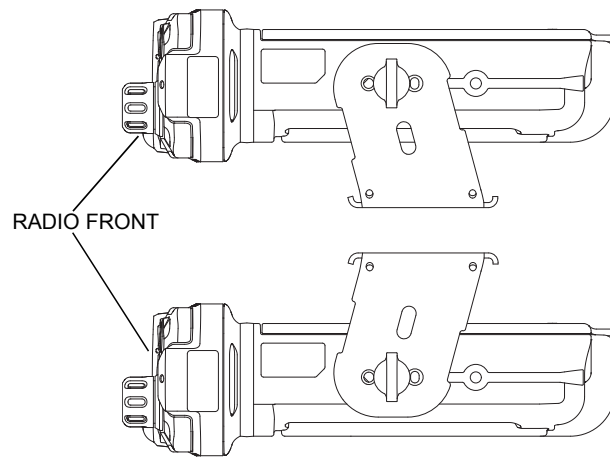
Care must be taken to shield the control head (front and back) from direct exposure to pressurized water. The pressurized water from a hose, in most cases, is more severe than the stated test and conditions in typical environments.

The mounting location must be accessible and visible. Select a location that will permit routing the RF antenna cable as directly as possible.

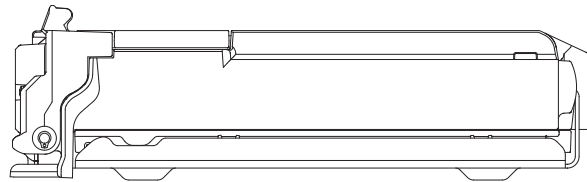
**NOTE:** For optimum radio performance, orient the mounting trunnion as shown in [Figure 2-22](#) or [Figure 2-23](#) for mid power and [Figure 2-24](#) for high power. For new or existing installations of all but 100W radios, use only the APX mobile trunnion, kit number HLN7002\_ except for APX 2500, APX 4500 and APX 1500 which shall use the trunnion with kit number HLN6861\_. For new or existing installations of 100W radios, use only the APX mobile trunnion, kit numbers HLN7003\_.



*Figure 2-22. APX 7500/ APX6500/ APX5500/ APX6500Li Mid Power Trunnion Orientation  
(Cannot Be Used for 100W Radios)*



*Figure 2-23. APX 2500/APX 4500/APX 1500 Mid Power  
Trunnion  
Orientation (Cannot Be Used for 100W Radios)*



*Figure 2-24. Trunnion Orientation for 100W Radios*

## 2.2.1 Dash Mount with Trunnion

**NOTE:** This configuration is not applicable for 100W radios.

1. Referring to [Figure 2-6](#), select the suitable trunnion kit per the type of mid power transceiver.
2. Select the location to mount your radio on the transmission hump (see [Figure 2-25](#)) or under the dash (see [Figure 2-26](#)).

**NOTE:** When mounting the trunnion on the transmission hump take care the transmission housing is not affected. Plan your installation ensuring enough room for the Accessory connector and cable in the back of the radio.

3. Using the trunnion mounting bracket as a template, mark the positions of the holes on the mounting surface. Use the innermost four holes for a curved mounting surface such as the transmission hump, and the four outmost holes for a flat surface such as under the dash.
4. Center punch the spots you have marked and realign the trunnion in position.
5. Secure the trunnion mounting bracket with the four self-drilling screws provided (see [Figure 2-25](#) and [Figure 2-26](#)).
6. Ensure that the plastic guides are aligned (horizontal) to the grooves of the trunnion. Slide the radio into the grooves until it snaps into place (see [Figure 2-26](#)).

*Table 2-6. Mid Power Trunnion Kit*

Item	Part Number	Description	Mid Power Transceiver
1	0371859H01	Trunnion Mounting Screw	APX 5500/APX 6500/APX 6500 Li/APX 7500
	0305760W04	Trunnion Mounting Wing Screw	APX 2500/APX 4500/APX 1500
2	0312002B14	Self-Drilling Tapping Screw	APX 5500/APX 6500/APX 6500 Li/APX 7500
			APX 2500/APX 4500/APX 1500
3	HLN7002_	Mackinaw Trunnion Hardware Kit	APX 5500/APX 6500/APX 6500 Li/APX 7500
	HLN6861_	Millenium Trunnion Hardware Kit	APX 2500/APX 4500/APX 1500

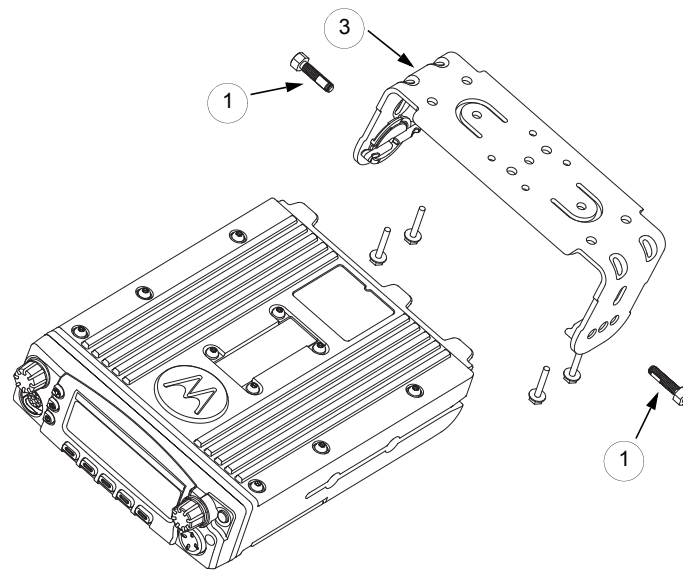


Figure 2-25. Transmission Hump Trunnion Mounting

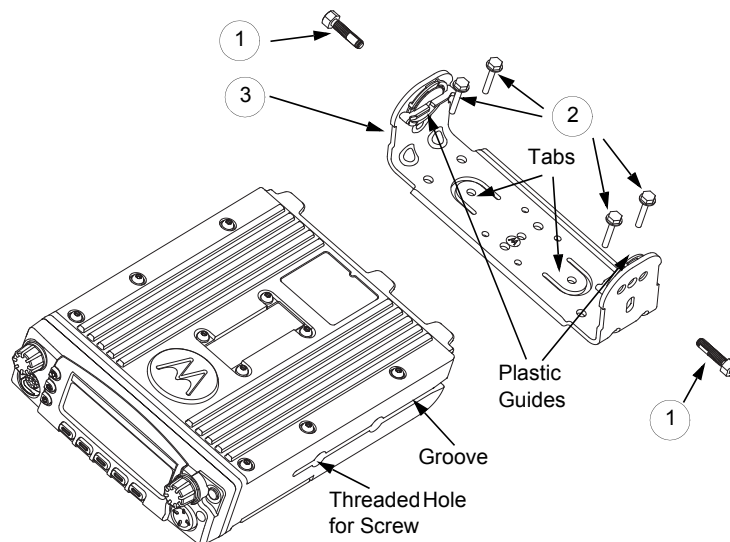


Figure 2-26. Below Dash Trunnion Mounting

7. Secure the radio with two screws provided (Item 1 in [Table 2-6](#)). The torque down force for 0371859H01 should be between 50in-lbf to 52in-lbf.
8. For screw 0305760W04, the wing screw torque tool (HLN6970\_) is designed to securely tighten the trunnion wing screws while installing the radio. The tool can also be used to loosen the wing screws. Detailed instructions are included in the tool packaging.

**NOTE:** This configuration shows the O5 control head. The TIB is used for O3 control head for the same configuration.

## 2.2.2 Remote Mount with Trunnion

**Caution**

Before installing any electrical equipment, check the vehicle manufacturer's user manual.

The installation of this device should be completed by an authorized servicer or installer.

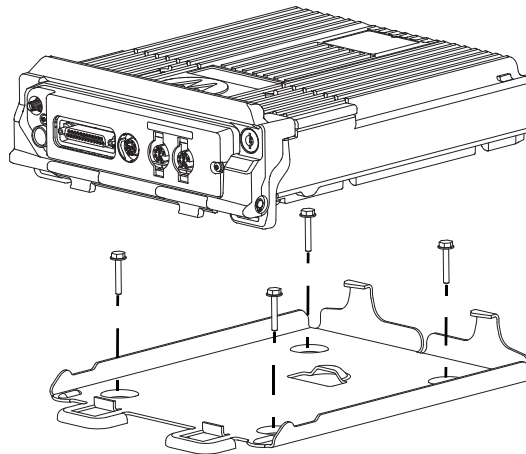
Before making any holes in the trunk for radio mounting, check the vehicle manufacturer's user manual for restrictions (e.g. due to the gas tank location).

For a remote mount installation, the transceiver may be mounted anywhere in the vehicle, provided that the installation location is safe, follows the cautions mentioned at the beginning of this section, and is accessible for servicing/maintenance as well as cabling. A typical mounting location recommended by Motorola is in the vehicle's trunk. The trunnion provided may still be used to mount the transceiver, and the mounting process is the same as for the dash mount installation ([Section 2.2.1 on page 2-21](#)). However, for 100W radios you must follow the procedure detailed below in [Section 2.2.2.1](#). See [Figure 2-10](#), [Figure 2-11](#), [Figure 2-13](#), or [Figure 2-14](#) for a remote installation.

### 2.2.2.1 100W Radios Only

**NOTE:** Cabling to the front of the radio (TIB) should not be completed with the handle opened as it is needed to be removed to close the handle. It is suggested that the cabling is to be attached to the front of the radio after the radio is assembled into the trunnion.

1. After selecting the mounting location, use the trunnion mounting bracket as a template and mark the positions of the holes on the mounting surface.
2. Center-punch the spots you have marked and realign the trunnion in position.
3. Secure the trunnion mounting bracket with the four self-drilling screws provided (see [Figure 2-27](#)).
4. After the trunnion has been mounted in the vehicle using the screws provided, install the radio. Place the radio with the lock handle fully opened on the trunnion, oriented at least 10 mm in front of the rear catches. Push the radio towards the rear catches. The radio is lifted up slightly and then drops back down, flushed with the trunnion, and stops against the rear catches. Once this occurs, close the lock handle. Rotate the handle towards the top of the radio until it is locked in place. The key is not needed in the lock to close the handle, but is needed to reopen. The keys can only be removed from the lock when it is in the locked position.



*Figure 2-27. 100W Radio Mounting into Quick Release Trunnion*

### 2.2.2.2 Remote Mount Control Head Installation

Choose a mounting location for the radio, considering accessibility, and control and antenna cable lengths.

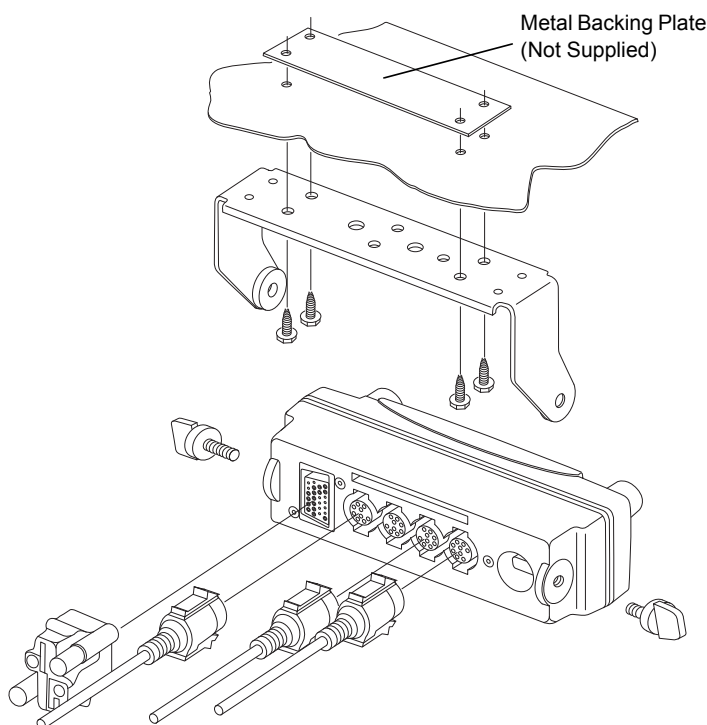
The recommended mounting surfaces for the control unit are under the mounting surface, on the transmission hump, or on the center console. [Figure 2-28](#) and [Figure 2-29](#) shows how the trunnion, control head, and cables should be installed for the O2, O3, O5, O7 or O9 control head.

**NOTE:** Connector-protective covers (i.e. Dust Covers) HLN6980\_ are provided with the radio. They should be installed on exposed connectors for added environmental robustness.

An adjustable trunnion, which allows a number of mounting positions, is supplied for mounting the control unit. The installation must not interfere with the operation of the vehicle or its accessories, nor disturb passenger seating or leg room. The control head must be within convenient reach and viewing of the user.

If the trunnion is mounted on a plastic mounting surface, all four mounting screws should penetrate the mounting surface's supporting metal frame. If that is not possible, use a metal backing plate (not supplied) to strengthen the installation. Install the control follows:

1. Use the control unit trunnion as a template to mark the mounting holes; drill 5/32" holes. If mounting on a plastic surface, use a metal backing plate.
2. Attach the trunnion bracket using all four 10-16" x 5/8" self-tapping screws provided.
3. Temporarily install the control head (adjusting for proper viewing angle) and fasten it to the trunnion with two wing screws. Test the installation to be sure the control head feels securely locked in place while you are pressing its buttons.
4. Finish installation by fully tightening screws.



**Figure 2-28. O5 Control Head Installation Exploded View**  
(Also applicable for O2 and O7 Control Heads)

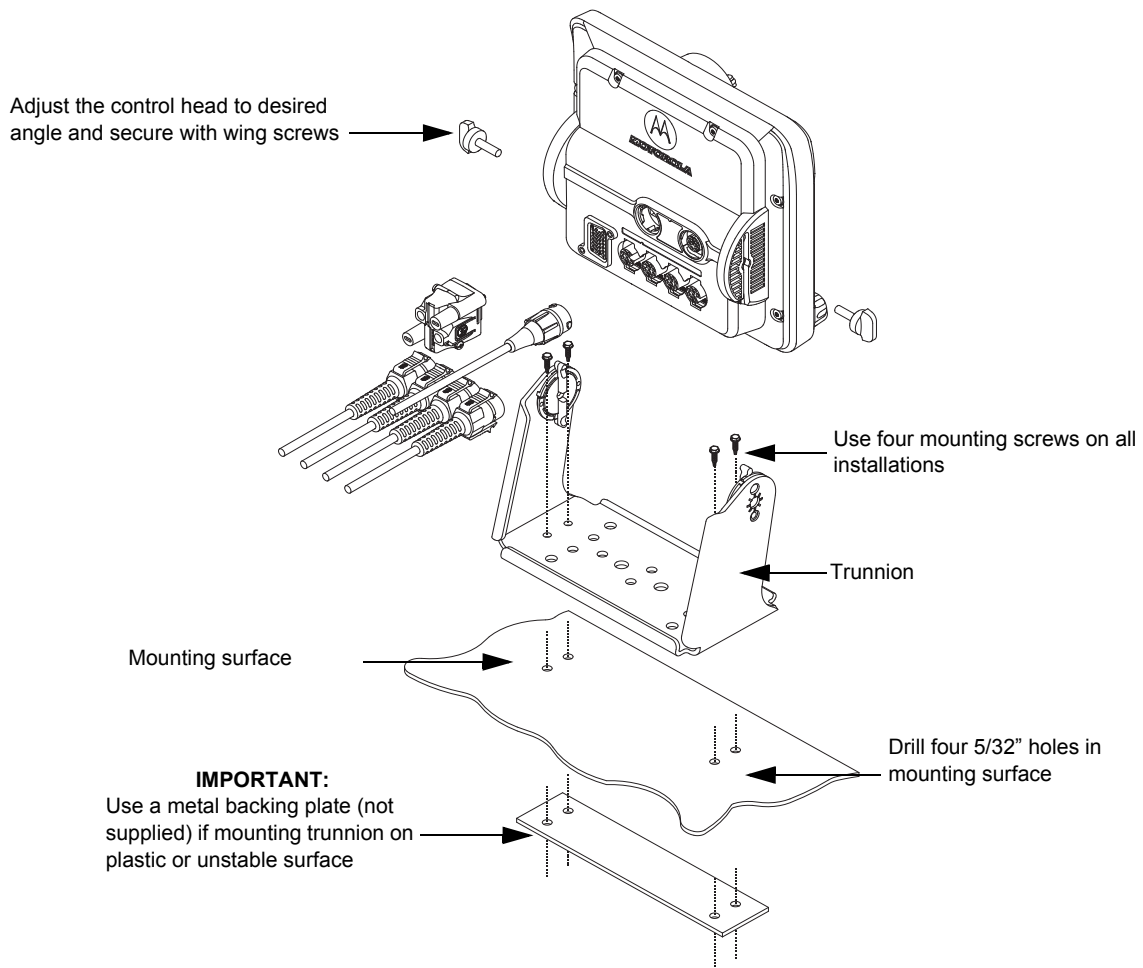


Figure 2-29. O9 Control Head Installation Exploded View

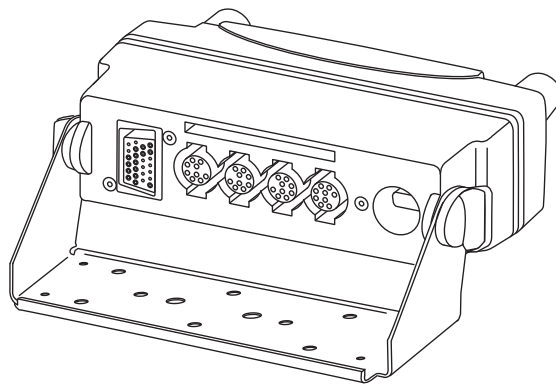


Figure 2-30. O5 Control Head Rear View  
(Also applicable for O2 and O7 Control Heads)



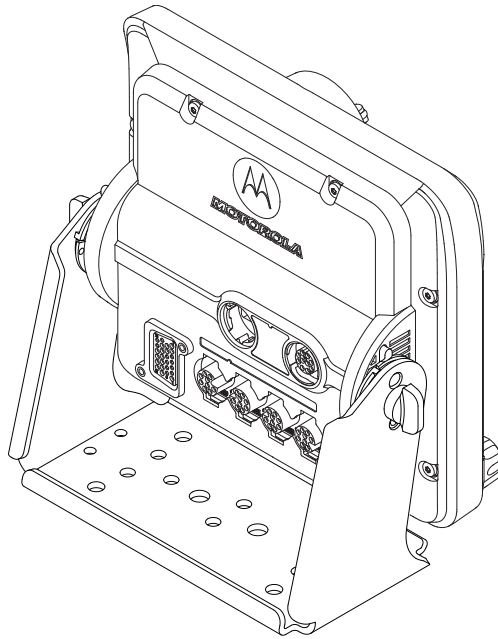
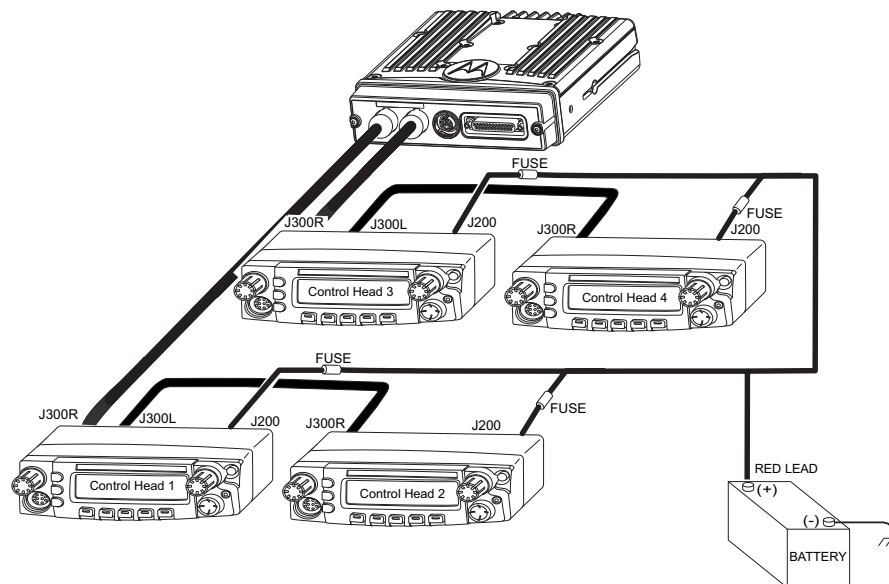


Figure 2-31. O9 Control Head Rear View

### 2.2.2.3 Multiple Control Head Installation

Control heads in a multiple control head configuration should be installed per the steps detailed in [Section 2.2.2.2: “Remote Mount Control Head Installation” on page 2-24](#). Two heads can be connected to each of the two CAN connectors on the transceiver, with the remaining heads connected to one or both of the first two. Control heads can also be connected a “daisy chain” configuration from a single transceiver CAN connector. See [Figure 2-32](#) for examples.

**NOTE:** The transceiver must be configured for Multiple Control Head via CPS programming. Navigate to the “Control Head” tab in the Radio Wide section of CPS, and select “Help” for further information and tutorials.



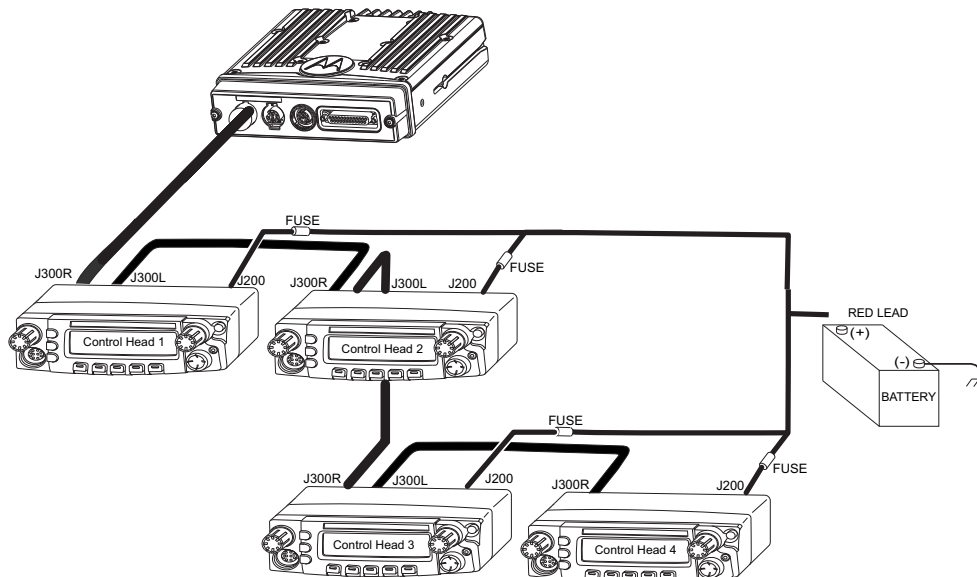


Figure 2-32. Multiple Control Heads Example Configurations

**NOTE:** In Multiple Control Head (MCH) installations, the yellow ignition sense wire must be connected to the head assigned ID # 1. See [Section 2.2.2.5 “Setting the Initial Control Head ID”](#) on page 2-29 for further information.

Use the most convenient configuration for your installation, ensuring that the combined cable lengths do not exceed 131 feet (40 meters). See [Table 2-7](#) for a list of available CAN cable lengths. Control head ground, power and ignition sense wires (black, red, and yellow respectively) may need additional length (not supplied) in installations that locate the head more than 10 feet from a power source.

Table 2-7. Available CAN Cables

Part Number	Description
HKN6164_	Cable, Remote Mount, 40m (131ft)
HKN6165_	Cable, Remote Mount, 35m (115ft)
HKN6166_	Cable, Remote Mount, 23m (75ft)
HKN6167_	Cable, Remote Mount, 15m (50ft)
HKN6168_	Cable, Remote Mount, 9m (30ft)
HKN6169_	Cable, Remote Mount, 5m (17ft)
HKN6170_	Cable, Remote Mount, 3m (10ft)
PMLN4958_	Cable, O3 Extension, 5m (17ft)

Table 2-8. Ignition Interface Cables

Part Number	Description
HLN6863_	Cable, M.A.P. 26pin with Only Ignition and SPK
PMLN4959_	Cable, Y-Splitter with DB-25 and M.A.P. Interface

### 2.2.2.4 Cable Installation

Route the cables where they are protected from pinching, sharp edges or crushing. Use grommets in any holes where the cable passes through metal panels. [Figure 2-19](#) shows how the cables and components are connected. It is not recommended to route cabling or wiring inside the wheel wells of a vehicle.

### 2.2.2.5 Setting the Initial Control Head ID

The Front Panel Programming (FPP) mode allows you to define which control head in a Multi Control Head system becomes control head number 1-4.

Set the control head ID number for each attached head the first time Multi Control Head is used.

1. Press the power button to power off the radio.
2. Press and hold left-most menu and the orange button on the control head simultaneously.

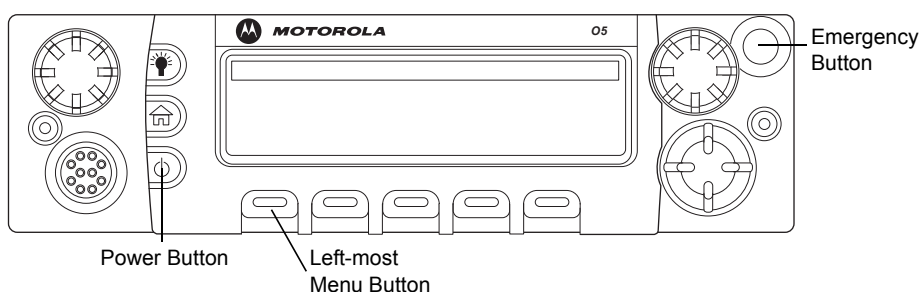


Figure 2-33. APX Mobile O5 Control Head Front View

3. Press the power button to power on the control head. The head will power on into FPP mode and display the current control head ID number:

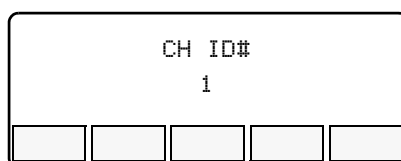
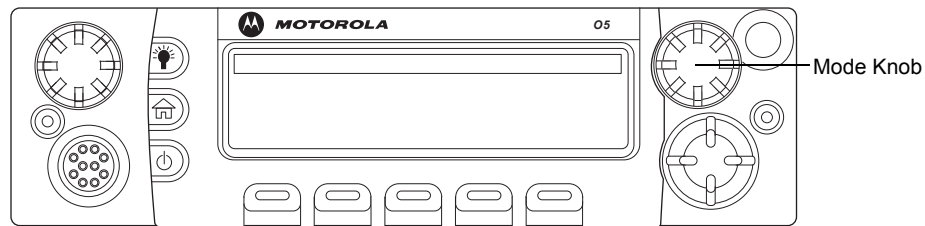


Figure 2-34. Radio Display with Current Control Head ID

4. Turn the **Mode** knob to change the control head's ID number.



*Figure 2-35. APX Mobile O5 Control Head Front View – Mode Knob*

5. Repeat steps 1 to 4 above to set the ID of the remaining control heads.

**NOTE:** In Multiple Control Head (MCH) installations, the yellow ignition sense wire must be connected to the head assigned ID # 1.

### 2.2.2.6 O3 Control Head and Remote Mount Cabling

Choose a mounting location for the radio, considering accessibility, and control and antenna cable lengths. The control head extension cable and the accessories cable should be installed and routed properly to avoid complications. Route the cables in the vehicle's wiring troughs (where available) or route the cables where they are protected from pinching, sharp edges, or crushing. One suggested route is along one side of the driveshaft hump under the carpet. Use grommets in any holes where the cable passes through metal panels.



*Figure 2-36. O3 Control Head*

The recommended mounting surface for the control unit is on the center console. [Figure 2-38](#) shows how the hang-up clip control head, and cables should be installed for the O3 control head.

**NOTE:** Connector-protective covers are provided with the radio. They should be used for added environmental robustness.

A mounting clip, which allows the control head to be mounted, is supplied together with the control head. The installation must not interfere with the operation of the vehicle or its accessories, nor disturb the passenger seating. The control head must be within convenient reach and viewing of the user.

Install the mounting clip as follows:

1. Use the provided mounting clip to determine the location of the two screw holes.
2. Drill 7/16" deep holes for upper and lower screws.
3. Use the tapping screw provided to install the mounting clip.



**Caution**

Care must be taken to shield the control head (front and back) from direct exposure to pressurized water. The pressurized water from a hose, in most cases, is more severe than the stated test and conditions in typical environments.

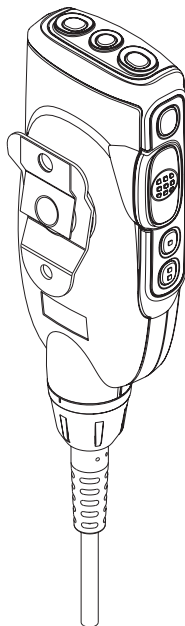
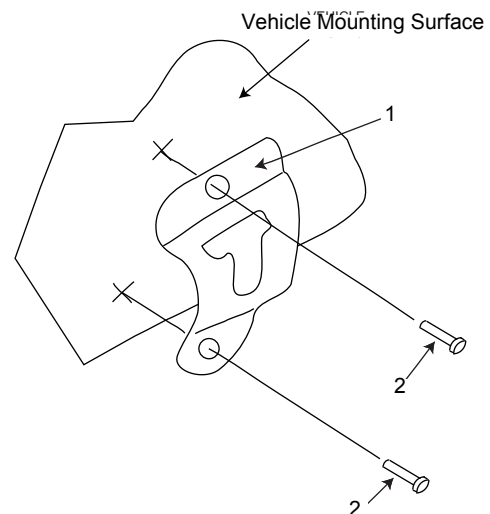


Figure 2-37. O3 Control Head Rear View



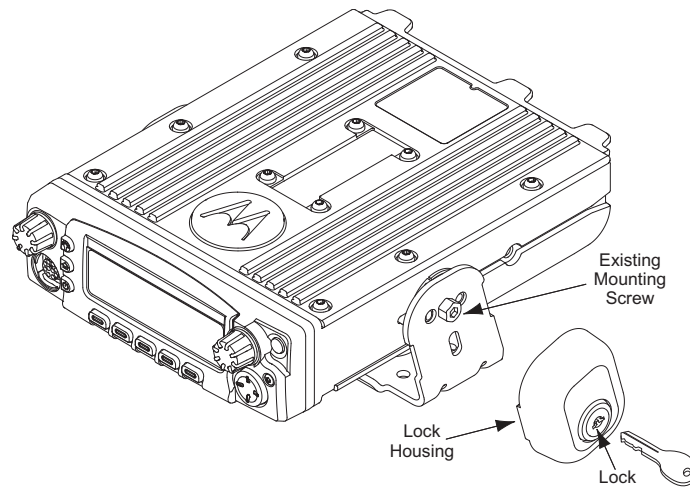
Item No.	Part Number	Description
1	01-80743T91	Mic Hang-Up Clip Assembly
2	03-07644M19	Screw, Machine, 8-32 x 7/16

Figure 2-38. Hang-Up Clip Installation Exploded View

## 2.2.3 Locking Kit (Optional)

### 2.2.3.1 All Radios Except 100W

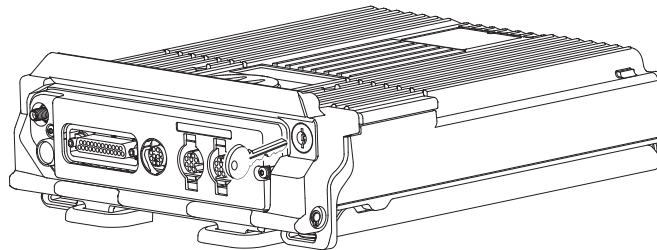
If an optional locking kit (HLN6372\_) is used (shown in [Figure 2-39](#)), position the lock housing on the trunnion after installing the radio mounting screws. Then rotate the lock with the key in it and remove the key to lock the radio. You can install the lock on either side of the radio, and in dash and remote mount installations.



*Figure 2-39. Locking Kit (Optional) (Cannot Be Used for 100W Radios)*

### 2.2.3.2 100W Radios

An integral lock is included with all 100W radios. The use of a key is only required to unlock the radio (see [Figure 2-40](#)).



*Figure 2-40. Lock Supplied with 100W Quick Release Trunnion*

## 2.3 Power Cables (Transceiver and Control Head)

Route the RED power cable from both the radio and the control head to the vehicle's battery compartment, using accepted industry methods and standards. Be sure to grommet the firewall hole to protect the cable. Remove the 15-amp (part number 6580283E06), 20-amp (part number 6580283E07) or 30-amp (part number 6580283E09) fuse from the fuseholder and connect the red lead of the radio power cable to the positive battery terminal using the hardware provided as shown in [Figure 2-46](#) and [Figure 2-47](#). Connect the black lead to a convenient solid chassis ground point. DO NOT connect the black lead directly to the battery's negative terminal.

Table 2-9. Power Cables

Description	Part Number
Mid Power Dash Mount	HKN4191_
Mid Power Remote Mount	HKN4192_
High Power Remote Mount	HKN6110_
O5, O7, and O9 Remote Control Head Power Cable	HKN6188_

**NOTE:** Remote Control Head power cable uses a 5A Fuse (part number 6580283E03).

### 2.3.1 Optional Locking Feature for High Power Chassis Power Cables

An optional clip (HLN7017\_) can be used to increase DC cable retention in the high power radios. Directions for assembly and disassembly are:

1. Install the DC cable to the radio by aligning the male and female portions of the battery side with the mating components on the radio side.

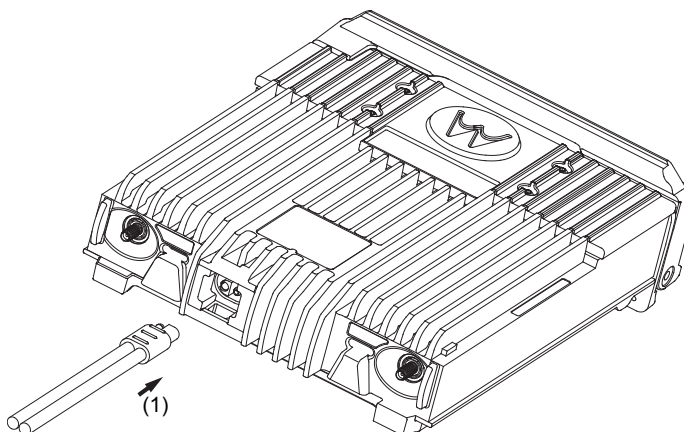
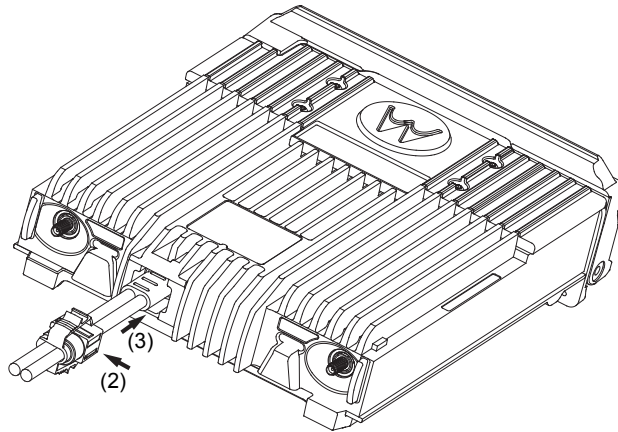
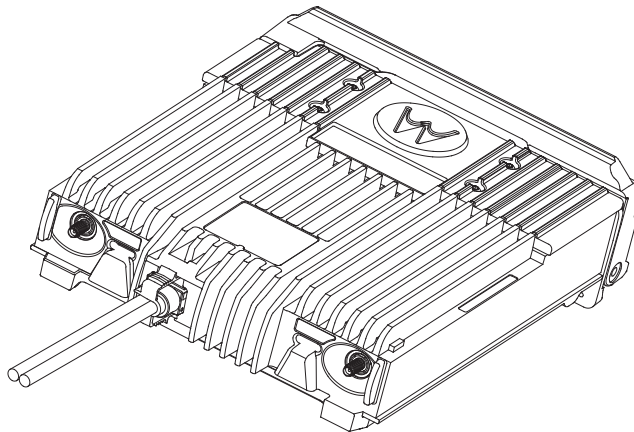


Figure 2-41. Bracket Installation

2. Insert the locking bracket (HLN7017\_) onto the DC cable.
3. Slide the bracket toward the radio until the bracket clips snap onto the radio features.



*Figure 2-42. Bracket Installation*



*Figure 2-43. Bracket Installation (Assembled State)*



4. To disassemble the power cable, squeeze the locking bracket clips inward and while squeezing the clips, pull the locking clip and power cable to remove the power cable.

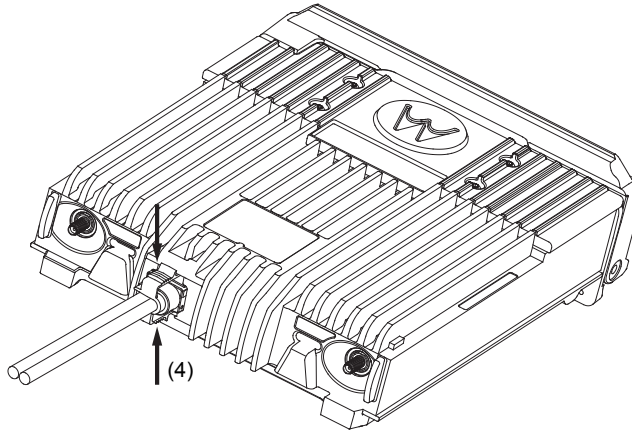


Figure 2-44. Bracket Uninstallation

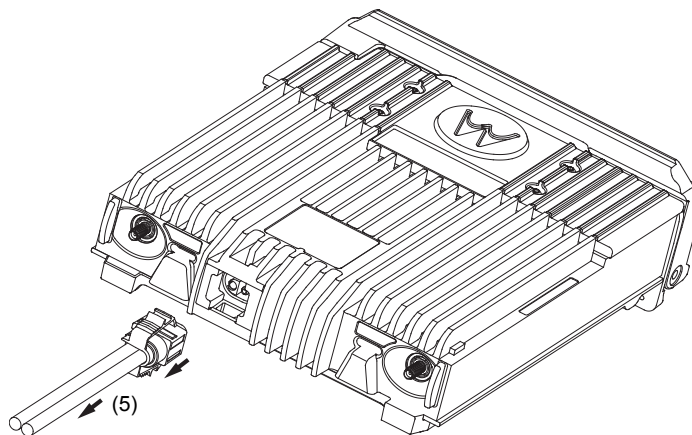


Figure 2-45. Bracket Uninstallation

### 2.3.2 O2, O3, O5, O7 or O9 Control Head Power Cables

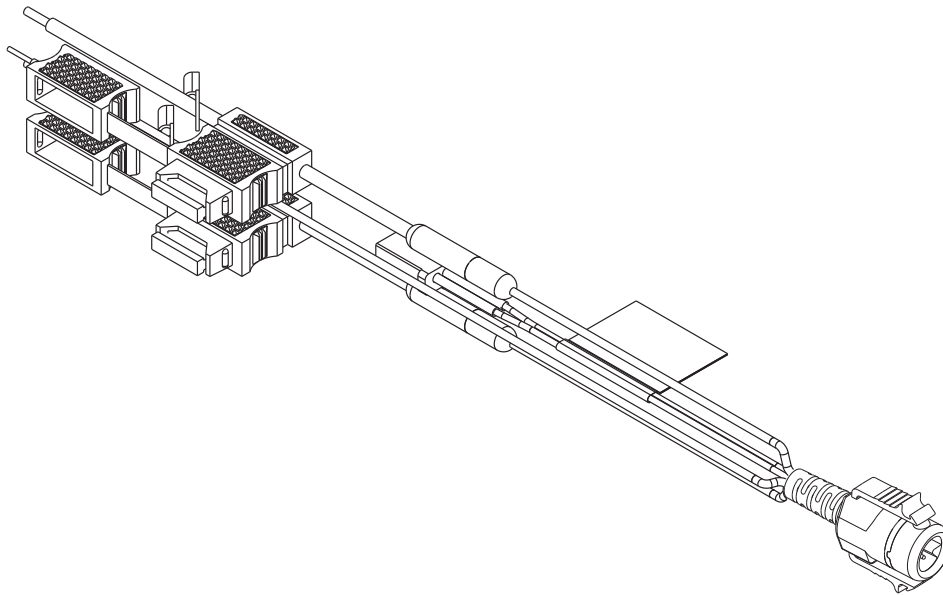


Figure 2-46. HKN6188\_ Power Cable with External Speaker Connector

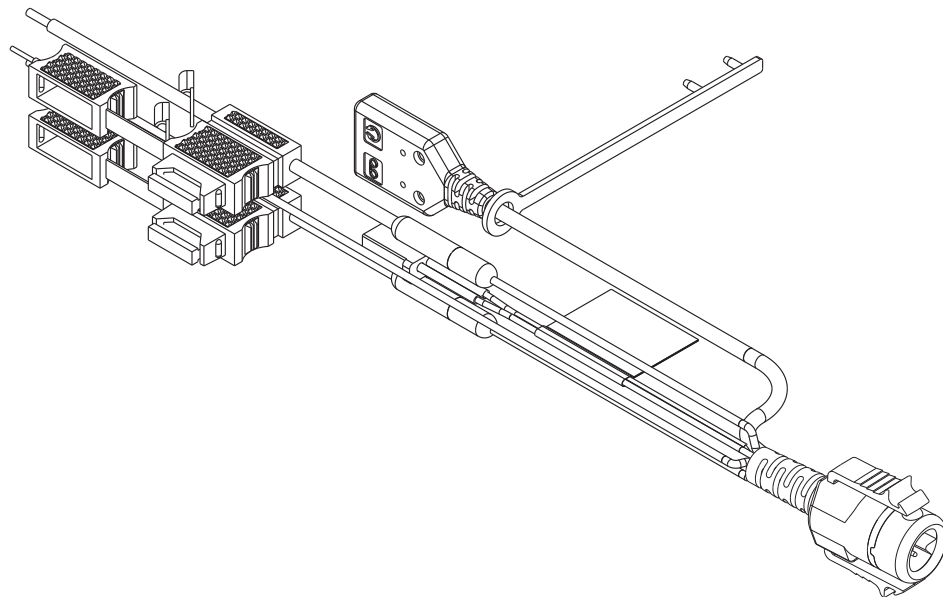


Figure 2-47. HKN6187\_ Power Cable with External Speaker Connector, Record Audio Output Jack (2.5 mm) and Earphone Jack (2.5 mm)

**NOTE:** Audio Out – Does not require CPS programming. Attaching a headset will mute the external speakers of the radio which are attached at the SPK jack of the control head.

Record Out – Requires CPS programming. In CPS, navigate to Radio Wide/Advanced/Record Audio and select TX + RX Audio.

### 2.3.3 Battery Selector Switch

In vehicles which have installed a Battery Selector Switch, the ignition sense (yellow) wire should be the only wire connected to the battery selector switch (see [Figure 2-48](#)). Radio transceiver and control head power wires (red) must be connected directly to the vehicle battery. If the control head power wire and the control head ignition sense wire are both connected to a battery selector switch, but the radio transceiver power lead is not, improper power-cycling and off-state battery drainage may occur. If the desired state of the radio is a total battery drain elimination, then all power and ignition sense wires must be routed through the battery selector switch, so that the control head and radio transceiver both see the loss of battery power at the same time.

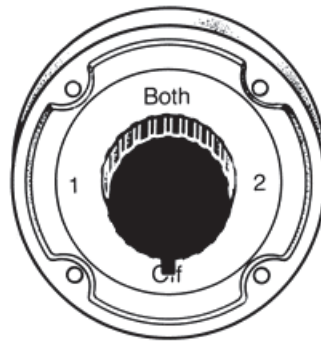


Figure 2-48. Battery Selector Switch

## 2.4 Antenna Installation

**IMPORTANT:** To assure optimum performance and compliance with RF Energy Safety standards, these antenna installation guidelines and instructions are limited to metal-body vehicles with appropriate ground planes and take into account the potential exposure of back seat passengers and bystanders outside the vehicle.

**NOTE:** For mobile radios with rated power of 7 watts or less, the only installation restrictions are to use only Motorola approved antennas and install the antenna externally on metal body vehicles. For mobile radios with tuned power greater than 7 watts, always adhere to all the guidelines and restrictions in [Section 2.4.1](#) below.

### 2.4.1 Selecting an Antenna Site/Location on a Metal Body Vehicle

1. **External installation** – Check the requirements of the antenna supplier and install the vehicle antenna external to a metal body vehicle in accordance with those requirements.
2. **Roof top** – For optimum performance and compliance with RF Energy Safety standards, mount the antenna in the center area of the roof.
3. **Trunk lid** – On some vehicles with clearly defined, flat trunk lids, the antennas of some radio models (see restrictions below) can also be mounted on the center area of the trunk lid. For vehicles without clearly defined, flat trunk lids (such as hatchback autos, sports utility vehicles, and pick-up trucks), mount the antenna in the center area of the roof.

***Before installing an antenna on the trunk lid,***

- Be sure that the distance from the antenna location on the trunk lid will be at least 85 cm (33 inches) from the front surface of the rear seat-back to assure compliance with RF Energy Safety standards.
- Ensure that the trunk lid is grounded by connecting grounding straps between the trunk lid and the vehicle chassis.



**Caution**

If these conditions cannot be satisfied, then mount the antenna on the roof top.

4. **Mounting restrictions for certain radio models.**

***For all VHF and UHF models, the 1/4 wave antenna should be mounted *only in the center area of the roof*, not on the trunk lid, to assure compliance with RF Energy Safety standards.***

5. Ensure that the antenna cable can be easily routed to the radio. Route the antenna cable as far away as possible from any vehicle electronic control units and associated wiring.
6. Check the antenna location for any electrical interference.

7. Ensure that any transmitting radio antennas on this vehicle are separated from each other by at least 3 feet (0.9 meter). See [Figure 2-49](#).
8. The minimum distance between the antenna and the radio/accessories should be at least 3 feet (91.44 cm).

**NOTE:** Any two metal pieces rubbing against each other (such as seat springs, shift levers, trunk and hood lids, exhaust pipes, etc.) in close proximity to the antenna can cause severe receiver interference.



*Figure 2-49. Multiple Antennas Separation*

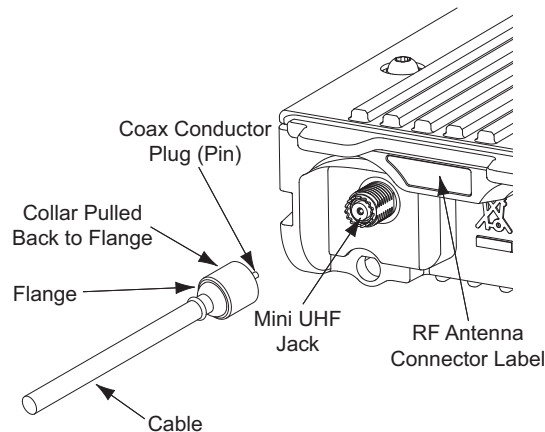
## 2.4.2 Mini-UHF Connection

To help aid in the installation of the radio antenna(s), there are labels indicating the frequency. The first is on the FCC label at the top of the radio which calls out the frequency and by using arrow points, which side the RF connector of the frequency is located at the back of the radio. The second is located at the back of the radio, next to the RF connector(s) (see [Figure 2-50](#)). To ensure a secure connection of an antenna cable's mini-UHF plug to a radio's mini-UHF jack, their interlocking features must be properly engaged. If they are not properly engaged, the system will loosen. Using a tool (pliers or wrench) will not overcome a poor engagement, and is not recommended.

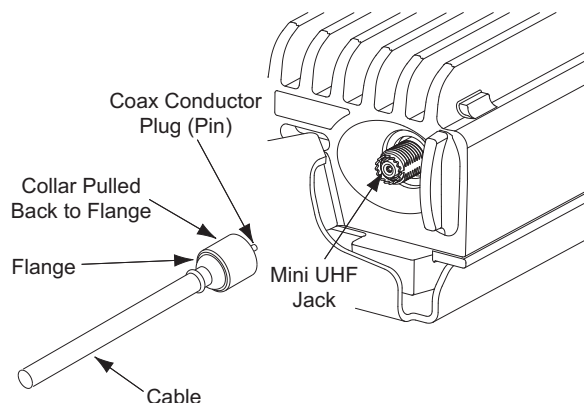
**NOTE:** Applying excessive force with a tool can cause damage to the antenna or the connector (e.g., stripping threads, deforming the collar or connector, or causing the connector to twist in the housing opening and break).

The mini-UHF connector tool (Motorola part number HLN6695\_) is designed to securely tighten the antenna plug–radio jack connection without damaging either the plug or the jack.

Motorola recommends the following sequence to ensure proper attachment of the system (see [Figure 2-50](#) and [Figure 2-51](#)):



*Figure 2-50. Mini-UHF Connection (As Shown on Mid Power)*

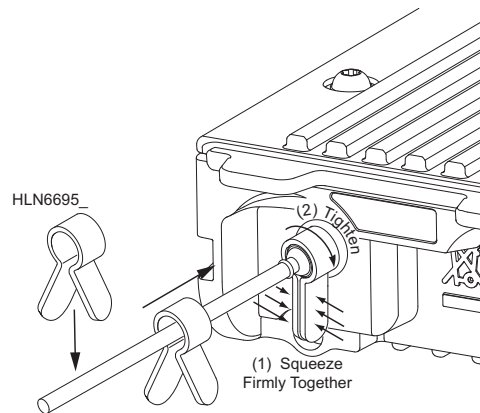


*Figure 2-51. Mini-UHF Connection (100W Radios Only)*

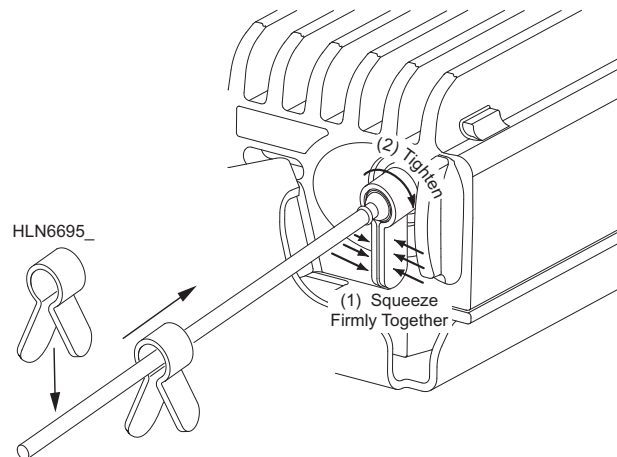
1. Make sure that there is sufficient slack in the antenna cable.
2. Make sure that the collar of the antenna cable plug is loose and does not bind.
3. Make sure that the mini-UHF jack is tight in the radio housing.

4. Slide the collar back against the flange. Insert the antenna cable plug's pin fully into the radio jack, but do not engage the threads.
5. Ensure that the plug's and jack's interlocking features are fully seated. Check this by grasping the crimp on the cable jack, rotating the cable, and noting any movement. If the features are seated correctly, there should be NO movement.
6. Finger-tighten the antenna cable plug's collar onto the radio's jack.
7. Give a final tug, by hand, to the collar, and retighten by hand as firmly as possible.
8. Slip the mini-UHF connector tool over the coaxial cable, using the gap between the tool's legs (see [Figure 2-52](#)). Then, slide the tool up onto the plug's knurled collar. Squeeze the two straight legs of the tool firmly together between your thumb and index finger and turn clockwise (as shown) to tighten the collar. It should take 1/4 turn or less. When you feel the tool slipping on the collar, the connection has been properly tightened. The tool can also be used to loosen a tight collar.

**NOTE: DO NOT** use pliers or any other device to grip the tightening tool. It has been designed to allow you to achieve the proper torque on the collar without overtightening. Overtightening the collar can damage the connector and the radio.



*Figure 2-52. Mini-UHF Connector Tool (As Shown on Mid Power)*



*Figure 2-53. Mini-UHF Connector Tool (100W Radios Only)*

### 2.4.3 GPS Antenna Placement

The GPS antenna (excluding the Motorcycle GPS antenna) must be placed at least, 3 feet (0.9 meters) away from any transmitting antenna, and the antenna must have a clear, unobstructed view of the sky for best performance. The length of the cabling must be taken into consideration before the installation is started.

### 2.4.4 GPS Connection

To ensure a secure connection of the GPS antenna cable's SMA plug to a radio's SMA jack, the connector must be fully seated. If the connectors are not fully seated, the system will loosen. This should be done by hand to ensure excess force is not applied. GPS positions as shown in [Figure 2-54](#) and [Figure 2-55](#) are located in different positions. The mid power radio has the GPS antenna connector on the back of the radio while the 100W radio has the antenna connector on the front of the radio.

**NOTE:** Applying excessive force with a tool can cause damage to the antenna or the connector (e.g. stripping threads, deforming the collar or connector, or causing the connector to twist in the housing opening and break).

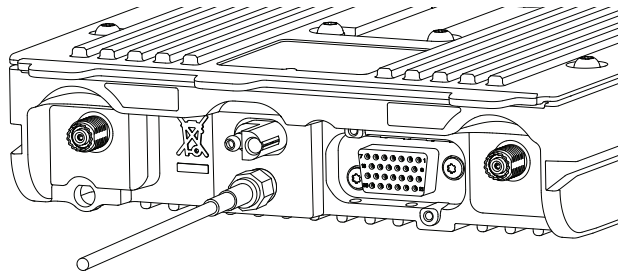


Figure 2-54. GPS Antenna Connector on the Back of the Mid Power Radio

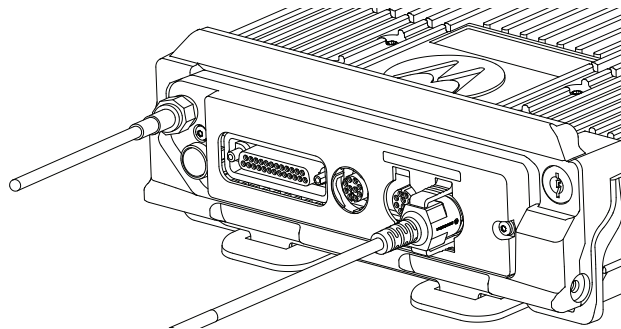


Figure 2-55. GPS Antenna Connector on the Front of the 100W Radio



## 2.5 Speaker



DO NOT ground the radio's speaker leads. This system has a floating speaker output (DC voltage on both leads); damage to the audio circuit will result if either lead is grounded or if they are shorted together.

The speaker kit includes a trunnion bracket that allows the speaker to be mounted in a variety of ways. With the trunnion bracket, the speaker can mount permanently on the mounting surface or in accessible firewall areas. The trunnion allows the speaker to tilt for best operation. Mount the speaker out of the way so that it will not be kicked or knocked around by the vehicle occupants. Mount the speaker as follows:

1. Use the speaker mounting bracket as a template to mark the mounting hole locations.
2. Use the self-drilling screws provided to fasten the trunnion.
3. Attach the speaker and fasten to the trunnion with two wing screws.
4. Route the speaker wires under the carpet or floor covering, or behind the kick panels. Be sure the wires are out of the way and will not be snagged and broken by the occupants of the vehicle.
5. Do not submerge the 2-pin speaker connector in water nor place this connector in an area that could have standing water.

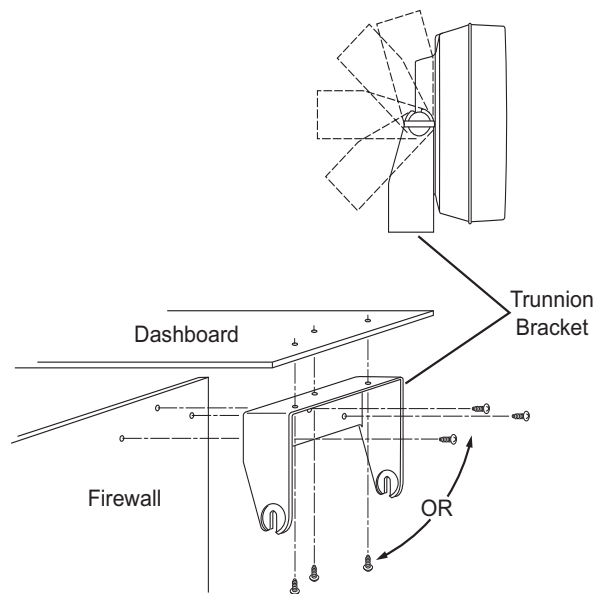


Figure 2-56. Speaker Mounting

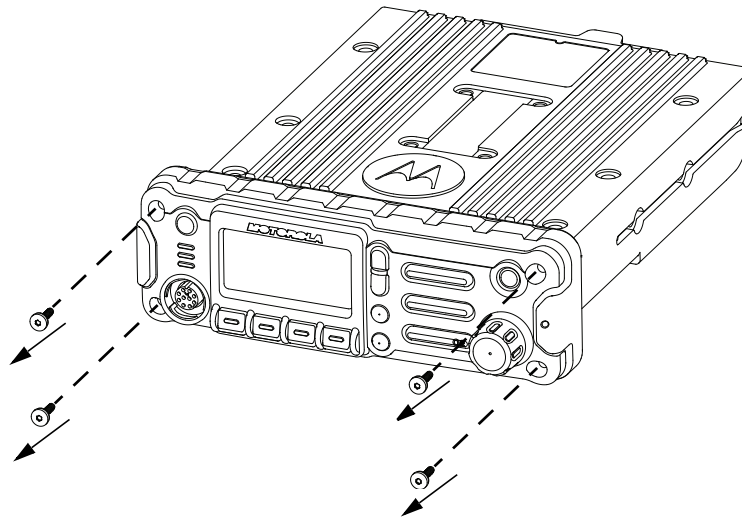
### 2.5.1 Internal Speaker Disassembly

**NOTE:** This configuration is only applicable for O2 Control Heads.

You can disable the internal speaker of your radio by following the instructions below.

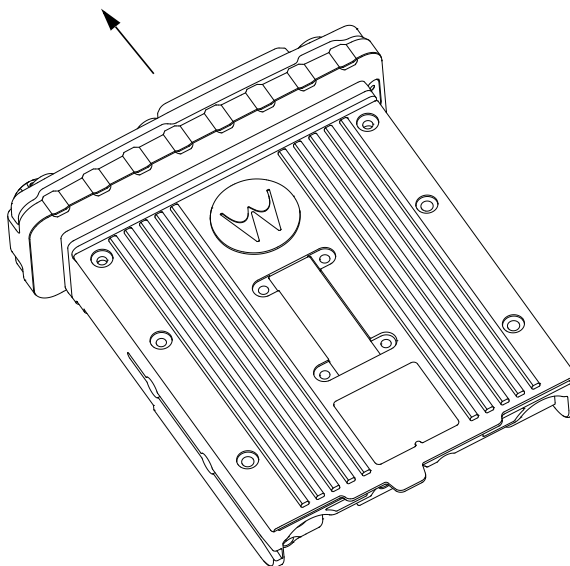
Use the following procedure to disassemble your radio:

1. Unplug power, antenna, microphone and all accessories connections. If the radio is a remote-mount radio, disconnect the remote-mount control cable from the front of the transceiver.
2. Remove the four screws found on the control head with a Torx T-20 bit as shown in [Figure 2-57](#). Discard the screws.



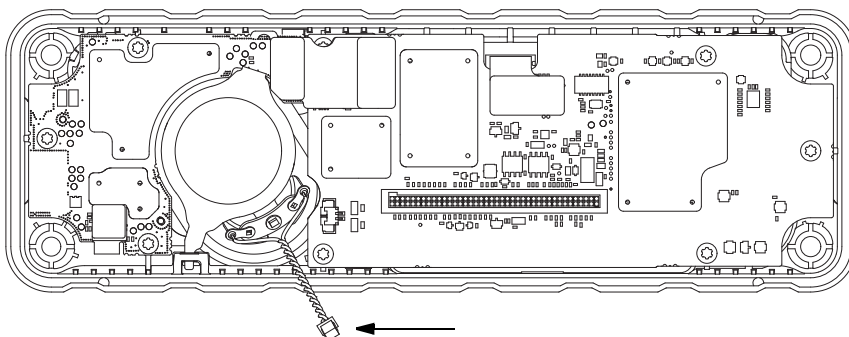
*Figure 2-57. Removing the screws on the Control Head*

3. Firmly grasp the front panel of the control head. Carefully remove the front housing assembly from the back housing assembly as shown in [Figure 2-58](#). Note the position of the attached flex and do not pull on it excessively.



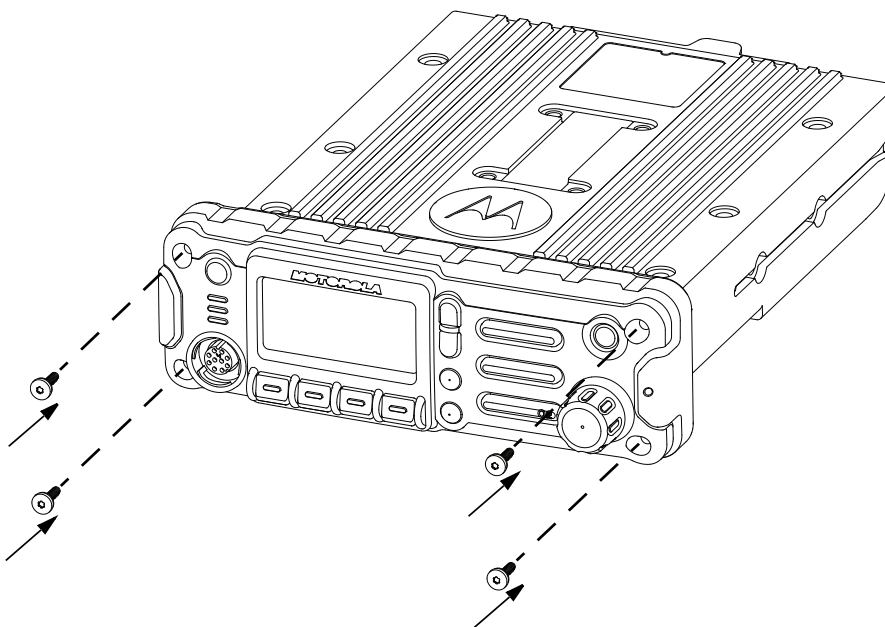
*Figure 2-58. Removing the Control Head*

4. Put the control head face down on a clean, flat surface to avoid damaging it. Do not touch the o-ring on the back housing.
5. Carefully disconnect the speaker connector from the circuit board as shown in [Figure 2-59](#).



*Figure 2-59. Disconnecting the Speaker Connector*

6. Reattach the front housing assembly to the back housing assembly as shown in [Figure 2-60](#). Make sure that the flex is returned to its original position and that the o-ring on the back housing assembly is not pinched.



*Figure 2-60. Reattaching the Control Head*

7. Secure the front housing assembly back to the back housing assembly with four new screws using the Torx T-20 bit as shown in [Figure 2-60](#). Apply 9 in. lbs. torque for each screw.

## 2.6 Microphone Hang-Up Clip

### 2.6.1 Standard or O3 Control Head Hang-Up Clip

The hang-up clip must be within reach of the operator(s) and close enough to the control head to prevent cable strain. Measure this distance before actually mounting the bracket. Since the bracket has a positive-detent action, the microphone can be mounted in any position.

Use the hang-up clip as a template to locate the mounting holes. To avoid interference when removing the microphone, install the flathead screw in the top clip hole.

Some microphone models require the grounding of the microphone clip in order for HUB operation to work correctly. Refer to the documentation that comes with your Motorola microphone model.

**NOTE:** For multi-control head configuration where only one of the control heads has a microphone, the control heads without a microphone attached must have their HUB or Monitor pin (J100-22) jumpered by a wire to GND (J100-1 or J100-14) for HUB operation to work.

## 2.7 RFID (Option)

An APX mobile radio equipped with an RFID tag allows an alternate option for tracking the radio asset. Each RFID equipped radio has an RFID tag preprogrammed with the individual radio's serial number (also found on the FCC label) as well as band and radio model information (see below for further info).

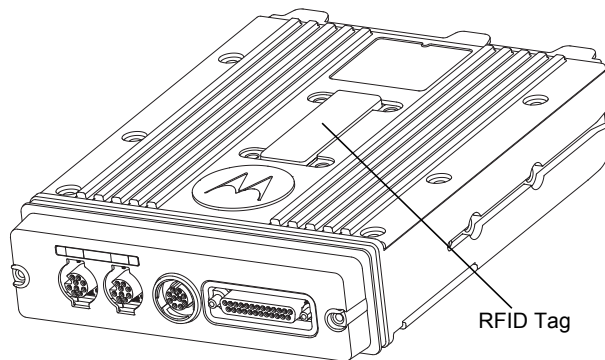


Figure 2-61. RFID Location on Mid Power Radio

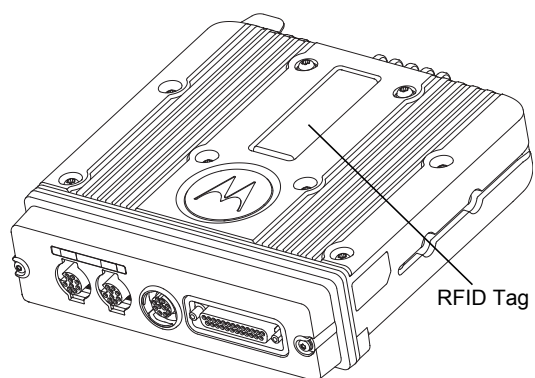


Figure 2-62. RFID Location on APX 2500/APX 4500/APX 1500 Mid Power Radio

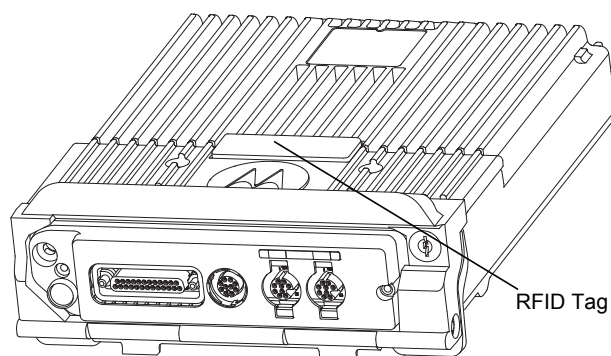


Figure 2-63. RFID Location on High Power Radio

### 2.7.1 RFID Reading

To read an RFID tag using a UHF Gen 2 RFID reader (e.g. Motorola's MC9090-G), open an appropriate RFID read application, point the RFID reader at the tag and activate the reader's RFID antenna (e.g. pull Motorola's MC9090-G scanning trigger). RFID reader must be within 1 foot from tag in order to read.

Two variables, Read Angle and Reader Orientation, aid in the distance needed to read and write to the RFID Tag. Read distance is independent of Tag Angle, but the reader should be as close to perpendicular to the tag as possible (Read Angle).

As Read Angle increases past 60 degrees, read distance will begin to decrease; tag will become unreadable once Read Angle exceeds 90 degrees (see [Figure 2-64](#) and [Figure 2-66](#)). RFID tag cannot be read through metal. The orientation of the reader (Reader Orientation) and the tag must be aligned to improve read and writability (see [Figure 2-70](#)).

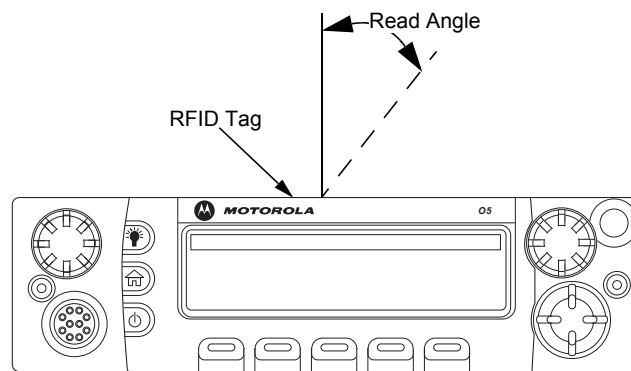


Figure 2-64. Read Angle for Mid Power Radio

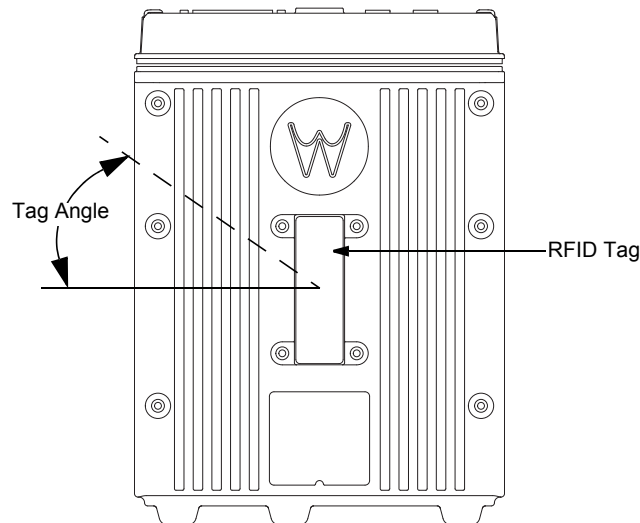


Figure 2-65. Tag Angle for Mid Power Radio

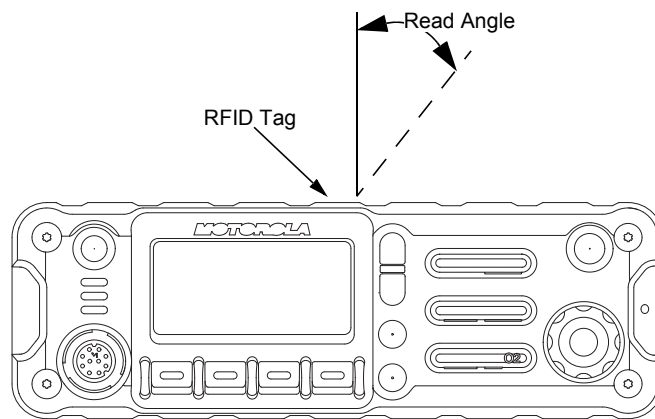


Figure 2-66. Read Angle for APX 2500/APX 4500/ APX 1500 Mid Power Radio

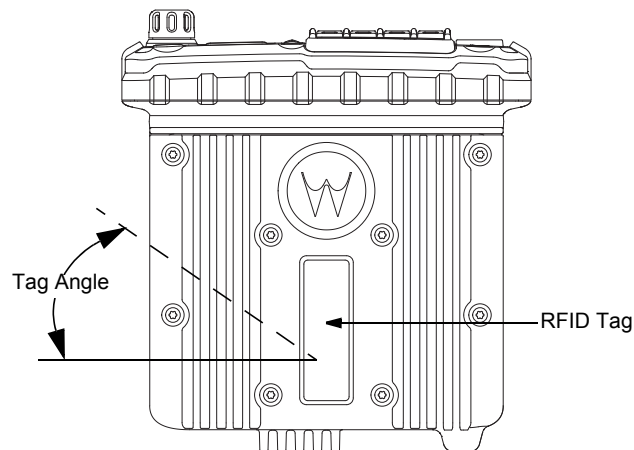


Figure 2-67. Tag Angle for APX 2500/APX 4500/ APX 1500 Mid Power Radio

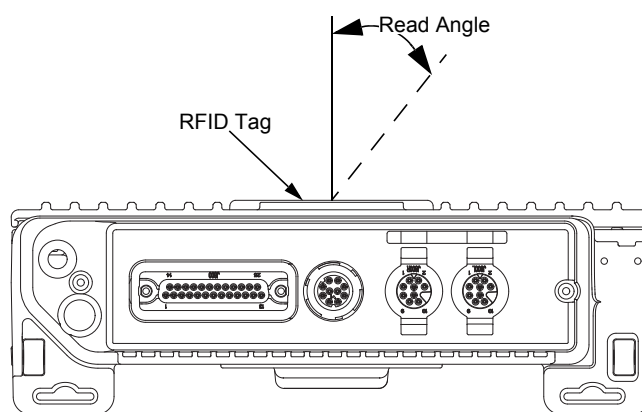


Figure 2-68. Read Angle for High Power Radio

**NOTE:** APX high power mobile radio is shown without handle to allow visibility of RFID tag.

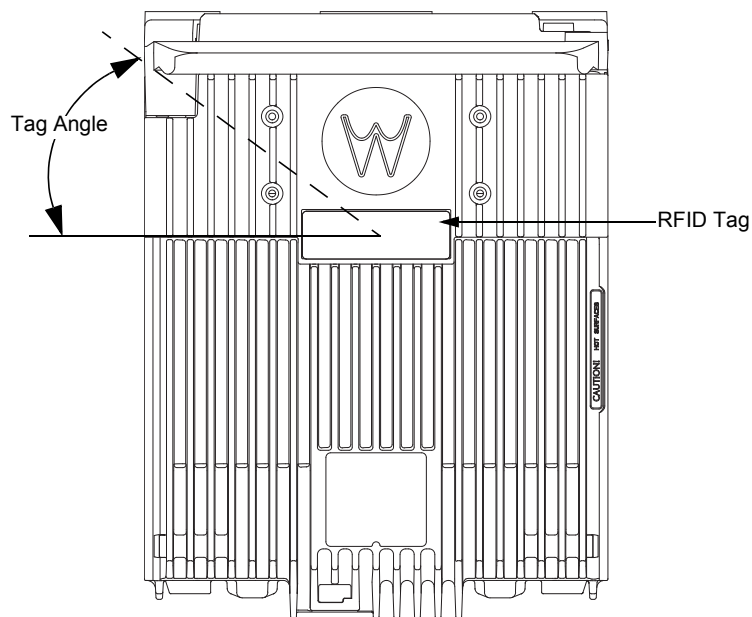


Figure 2-69. Tag Angle for High Power Radio

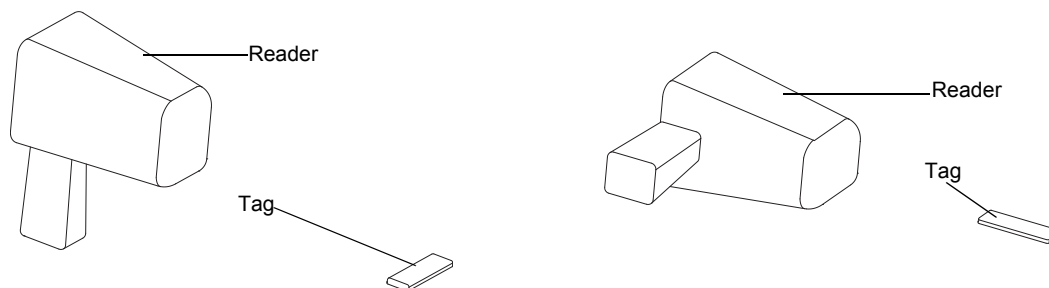


Figure 2-70. Examples of Reader and Tag Aligned (Reader Orientation)

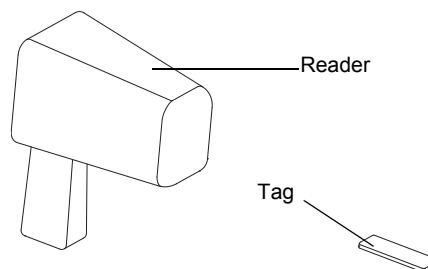


Figure 2-71. Example of Reader and Tag Misaligned (Reader Orientation)



## 2.7.2 Programming RFID (If Equipped)

The user can reprogram the tag (up to 12 ASCII characters when encoded to hexadecimal format) using any UHF Gen 2 capable RFID writer (e.g. Motorola's MC9090-G).

**NOTE:** Follow read direction in [Section 2.7.1](#) to optimized reprogramming.

Table 2-10. Model Number Chart in 12-Digit ASCII Format

Model Number	Radio Tier/Band/Output Level	Last Two Digits
M30KSS9PW1AN	APX Mobile SB-MP VHF	D2
M24KSS9PW1AN	APX Low Tier Mobile-MP VHF	D8
M22KSS9PW1AN		
M30KTS9PW1AN	APX Mobile SB-HP VHF	D3
M30QSS9PW1AN	APX Mobile SB-MP UHF1	E2
M30QTS9PW1AN	APX Mobile SB-HP UHF1	E3
M30SSS9PW1AN	APX Mobile SB-MP UHF2	D2
M20TSS9PW1AN	APX Mobile DB-MP 700/800-MP VHF	R2
M30TXS9PW1AN	APX Mobile DB-MP 700/800-HP VHF	R3
M30URS0PW1AN	APX Mobile SB-MP 700/800	F2
M22URS9PW1AN	APX Low Tier Mobile-MP 700/800	F8
M24URS9PW1AN		
M24QSS9PW1AN	APX Low Tier Mobile-MP UHF1	E8
M22QSS9PW1AN		
M24SSS9PW1AN	APX Low Tier Mobile-MP UHF2	E8
M22SSS9PW1AN		
M22WRS9PW1AN	APX Low Tier Mobile-MP 900	F8

Table 2-11. Serial Number with Radio Band/Tier/Power

Characters	Radio Band/Tier/Power
F	700/800 and 900
D	VHF
E	UHF
R	700/800 and VHF
T	VHF and UHF
E	UHF1 and UHF2
S	700/800 and UHF

*Table 2-11. Serial Number with Radio Band/Tier/Power*

1	APX7000
2	APX7500 Mid Power
3	APX7500 High Power
4	APX6000
5	APX6500 Mid Power
6	APX6500 HighPower
7	APX Low Tier Portable
8	APX Low Tier Mobile MP
9	APX Low Tier Mobile HP

## 2.8 Completing the Installation

Complete the installation by connecting the speaker to the accessory cable; verify the ignition sense wire is attached according to planned ignition sense; attach the accessory cable into J600; verify the control head is attached to either the TIB or the CAN extension cable; and then attach the power cable to the back of the transceiver.

---

## Chapter 3 Universal Relay Controller Installation

The Universal Relay Controller (URC) is an extension of and an orderable accessory for O7 or O9 control head. URC is used to control high power switching peripherals, e.g. lightbar. URC works on all lightbars which can be controlled by power application. URC is connected to the transceiver's GCAI port.

The URC design consists of a microcontroller and uses 10 relays to control the switching device. A separate ground for isolation exists between the relay and MCU sections, which is provided by the use of iCoupler from Analog Devices. Each relay is connected to an output with 15 A fuse. The maximum load allowed on each output is 12 A. Two cables, each with the maximum of 60 A, can be used to connect to the input connector at the bus bar. Each cable is connected with a 60 A circuit breaker. One-wire EEPROM is employed to enable GCAI to recognize the URC accessory ID. GPS can be used to program the relay patterns.

When installing URC, make sure to plan the installation carefully and leave additional room in the front and rear of the box for cabling and accessory connections; and also to the sides of the radio so that you may access and install the trunnion screws.

The recommended mounting location for URC is in the car trunk, either next to the transceiver or within the area not further than 4.5 m away from the transceiver. Ensure that sufficient cooling is provided. Do not cover URC with baggage, blankets, etc.



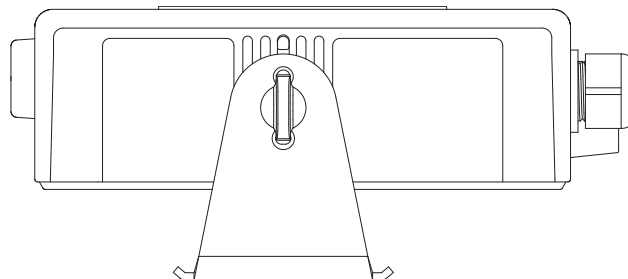
Caution

Do not backfeed power into URC.

### 3.1 Universal Relay Controller Mounting

The mounting location must be accessible and visible. Select a location that permits routing the cable as directly as possible.

**NOTE:** For optimum URC performance, orient the mounting trunnion as shown in [Figure 3-1](#).



*Figure 3-1. Universal Relay Controller Orientation*

An adjustable trunnion, which allows a number of mounting positions, is supplied for mounting the URC. The installation must not interfere with the operation of the vehicle or its accessories.

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Install the URC as follows:

1. Use the URC trunnion as a template to mark the mounting holes; drill 5/32" holes. If mounting on a plastic surface, use a metal backing plate.
2. Attach the trunnion bracket using all four 10 – 16" x 5/8" self-tapping screws provided.
3. Temporarily install the URC (adjust for proper viewing angle) and fasten it to the trunnion with two wing screws. Test the installation to ensure that the unit is securely locked in place.

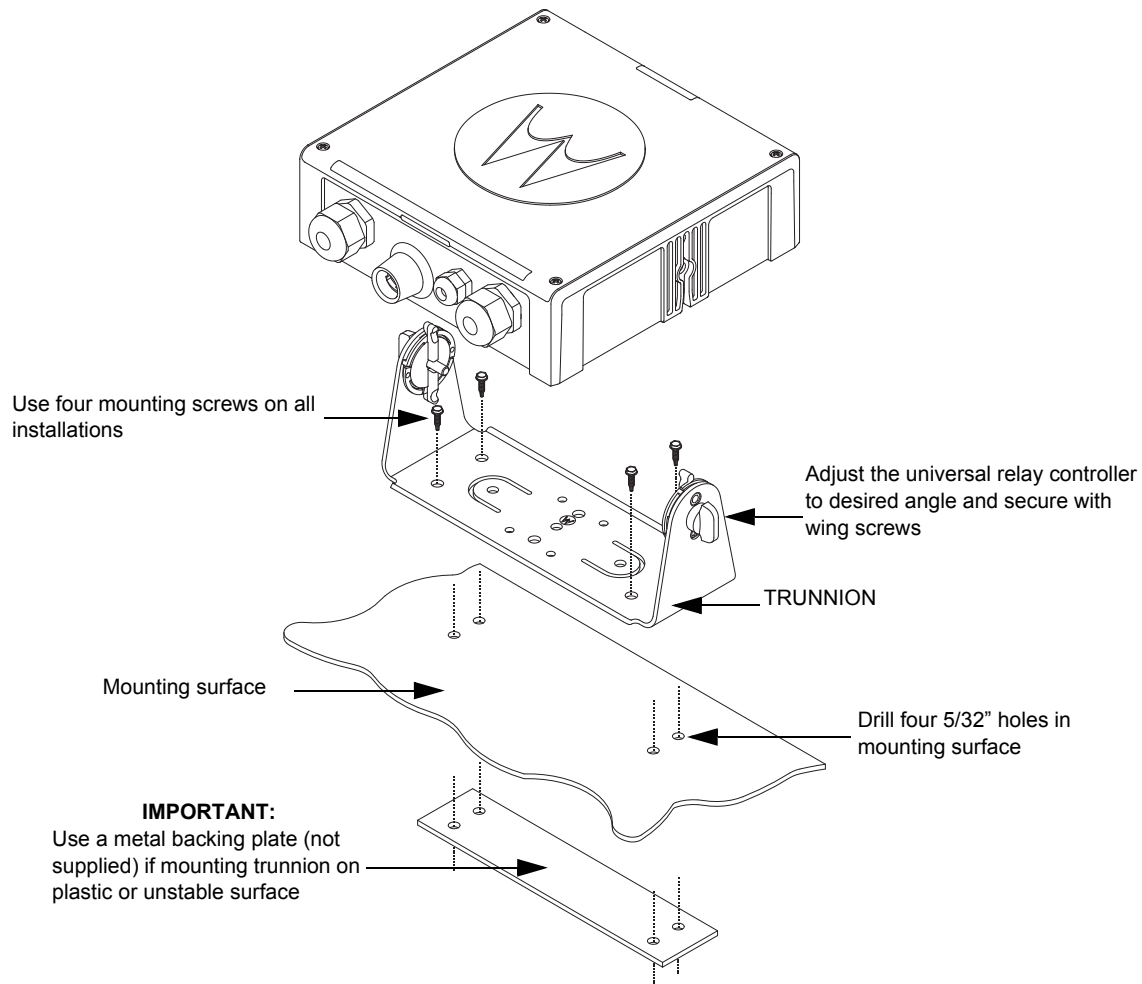


Figure 3-2. Universal Relay Controller Installation Exploded View

## 3.2 07/09 Universal Relay Controller Cable Assembly

### 3.2.1 Power Cable

1. Remove the cap nut of power cable gland assembly, and insert the power cable through the cap nut and neoprene seal in the cable gland body. Use power cable with either AWG 6 or AWG 8 only (recommended OD range of cable is 5.5 mm to 9 mm) that is able to withstand 80 A and 50 A respectively, to ensure water sealing of the controller. User can decide to install one or two power cables based on the requirements. The power cables (A+) are not supplied.
2. The loose end of the power cable with cable strip length 7.94 mm (5/16") is then placed on the power lug and secured down by a set screw. The cap nut is then reassembled with tightening torque 18 lb-in.
3. The other end of the power cable should be connected to circuit breaker (Motorola part number 40012006001) end which indicates "AUX" and then, to power supply on the other end which indicates "BAT", instead of connecting to power supply directly.
4. Repeat steps 1 to 3 to install the second power cable, if required.
5. If only one power cable is installed, it is recommended to cover the other side of the power cable gland with power cable gland seal with tightening torque 18 lb-in.

### 3.2.2 Ground Cable

1. Remove the cap nut of ground cable gland assembly, insert the ground cable through the cap nut and then reassemble the cap nut. Use ground cable with AWG 14 only (recommended OD range of cable is 2 mm to 4 mm) that is able to withstand 5 A. The ground cables (A+) are not supplied.

**NOTE:** The ground is used to switch the relays, and not act as a ground to the actual device being controlled.

2. The loose end of the ground cable with cable strip length 7.94 mm (5/16") is then connected to a two-pin terminal block. Both pins on the terminal block are inter-connected and either pin can be used. The cap nut is then reassembled with tightening torque 7 lb-in.

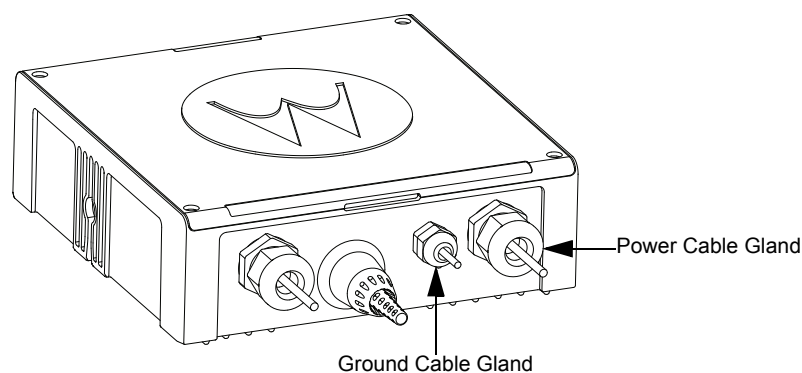


Figure 3-3. Power and Ground Cable Glands

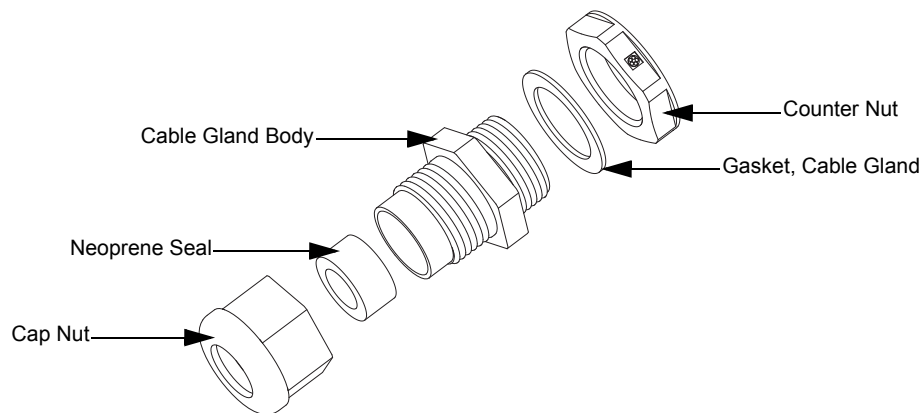


Figure 3-4. Cable Gland Assembly with Gasket

### 3.2.3 Wires

1. Assemble the wires into the lightbar gasket retainer and lightbar gasket. The URC can support lightbars through control wires with outer diameter ranging from 1.52 mm to 3.77 mm (0.06" to 0.148"), with wire gages ranging from AWG 12 – 20.
2. Each individual loose wire (prior to stripping off the wire jacket) needs to be inserted one at a time through the chassis. Ensure the lightbar wire is straight before inserting the wire into the chassis. Each wire is sealed individually by the radial gasket seal. When a thick wire (i.e. AWG 14 wire or wire OD > 2.90 mm) is inserted through the chassis, there is potential torn at the rubber gasket. Remove the rubber gasket residual and continue to the next step.
3. Thin wires 2.5 mm and below should be dressed into the retention feature using a black stick (see Figure 3-5); thick wires above 2.5 mm should be routed above the retention feature. Strip off the wire until 7.94 mm (5/16") after the wire is inserted into the URC, and install the wire into respective lightbar terminal block.
4. Cover the lightbar gasket retainer's hole with seal, gasket and ground cable gland, if no wire is inserted.

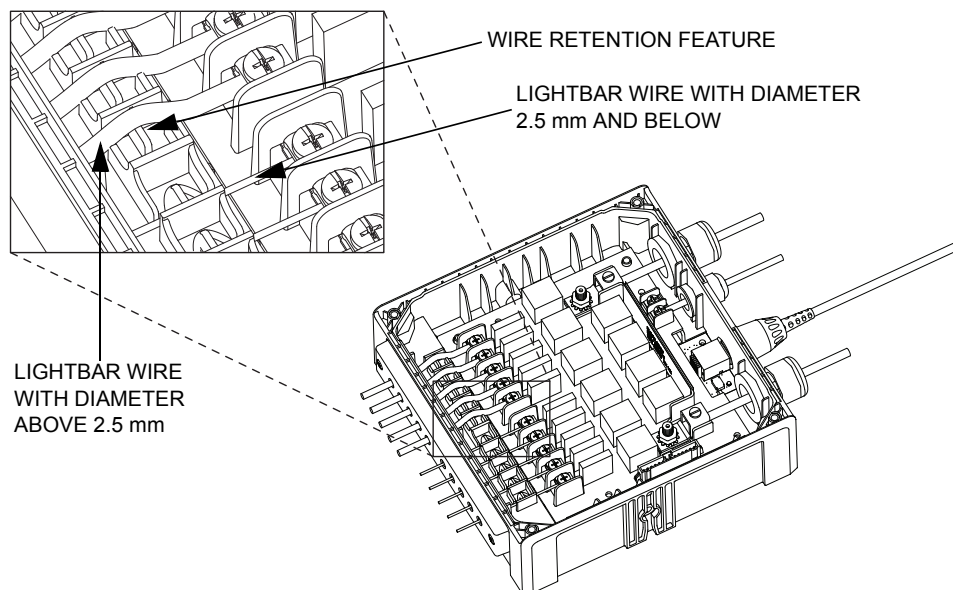


Figure 3-5. Wires Installation

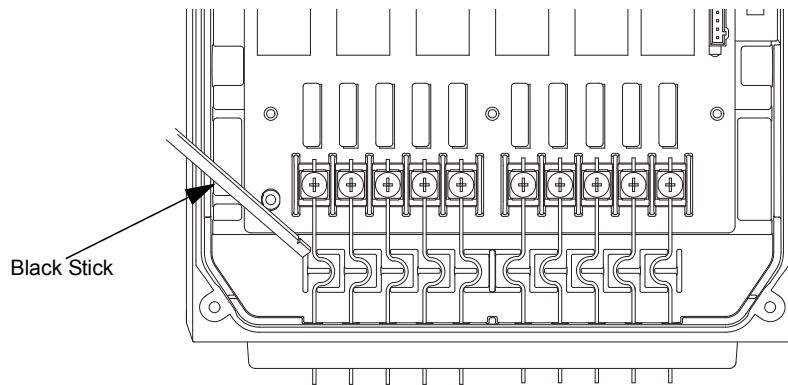


Figure 3-6. Wire Installation with Black Stick

5. The lightbar gasket should be replaced at each reassembly of the wire.

**NOTE:** Use of other cable gages except as recommended in this manual may result in water intrusion. Any reassembly of wire needs a new lightbar gasket replaced. If the current loading for one wire is higher than 12 A, the wires should be splitted before being assembled to the URC system. Wires kit (PMKN4109\_) is provided to ease installation of the URC. Incorrect use of the wires kit, e.g. improper connection at external loose end wires, may impact the robustness of the URC.

Remove the wires and gasket residual inside the URC after the wire installation, before closing the top housing of the URC.

### 3.2.4 07/09 to URC Cable

The 07/09 to URC cable (Motorola part number 3064153H02) can be assembled either before or after reassembling the top housing. Assemble the RJ45 port of the cable into the RJ45 connector on the URC and turn the locking collar instead of cable, 90 degrees to the right to ensure it is locked properly. After that, test whether the cable is locked properly or not by trying to pull out the cable.

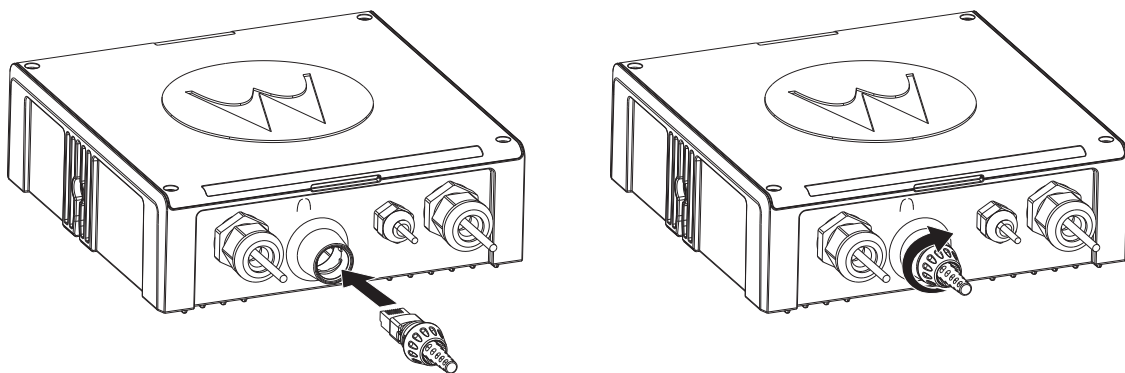


Figure 3-7. 07/09 to URC Cable Installation

## Notes



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## Chapter 4 Options and Accessories Installation

### 4.1 Dash-Mount Accessory Installation

**NOTE:** This configuration is not applicable for 100W radios.

For dash-mounted configurations, the accessories must be installed through the accessory connector assembly that is located on the rear of the radio, adjacent to the power connector. Motorola-approved accessories are supplied with male terminals crimped to a 20-gauge wire specifically designed to fit the plug of the accessory connector assembly.

Insert the male terminal into the accessory connector assembly in the appropriate location and connect the accessory connector assembly in the rear accessory port. Do not use other generic terminals in the plug. Generic terminals can cause electrical intermittencies and may cause damage to the plug.

#### 4.1.1 Dash-Mount Emergency Pushbutton or Footswitch Installation

Mount the footswitch using the hardware that comes with the kit. Open the accessory cable connector housing; remove the jumper wire. Connect the emergency switch wires to pins 14 and 15 (see [Figure 4-1](#)). Close the connector housing; route the finished cable from the switch location to the control head location.

**NOTE:** The emergency footswitch should be attached with A+ unattached.  
A+ should be attached after successfully securing the screws in the connector.

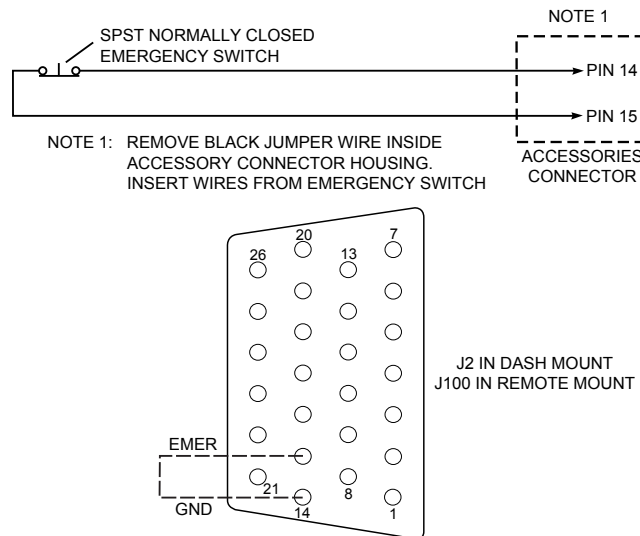


Figure 4-1. Emergency Switch Wiring Diagram



**Caution**

The radio is sold with correct accessory cables and jumpers in order to have emergency de-activated by default, regardless of the setting in CPS. However, if cables are not used, or if jumpers are removed without replacing with an emergency accessory button/switch at one of the accessory ports, the radio will power-up upon the application of A+. The display may not show an indication that the radio is on, and this can result in an incorrect operation of the radio as well as excessive current drain of the vehicle's battery when the engine is off.

### 4.1.2 Dash-Mount Horn and Lights (External Alarms) Relays

**NOTE:** For installations that use the horn/lights option, select a suitable location for mounting (normally under the dash) and, referring to [Figure 4-2](#), perform the following procedure:

1. **Horn Relay** – Connect the relay contacts across the horn ring switch, typically found in the steering column. Open the accessory cable connector and connect the two control wires (male pins) into locations 18 and 24 of the connector.
2. **Lights Relay** – Connect the relay across the head lamp ON/OFF switch, typically found in the steering column. Open the accessory cable connector and connect the two control wires (male pins) into locations 19 and 24 of the accessory connector.

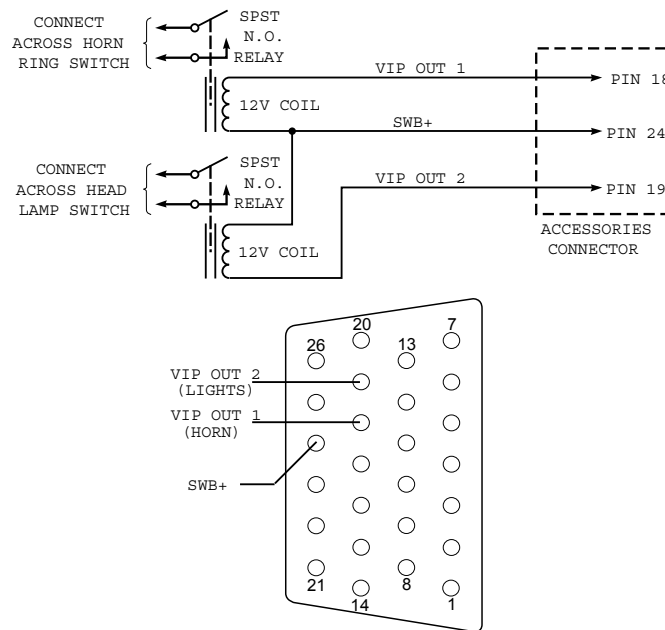


Figure 4-2. Horn/Light Wiring Diagram

## 4.2 Remote-Mount Accessory Installation

Perform the following installation procedure:

1. Select an appropriate place to mount the option or accessory hardware.
2. Route the accessory-to-control head cables under floor coverings or behind panels so that the vehicle occupants do not snag or break the wires.
3. Attach wires from the accessory to the appropriate wire on the VIP cable (see [Table 4-1](#) and [Table 4-2](#)).

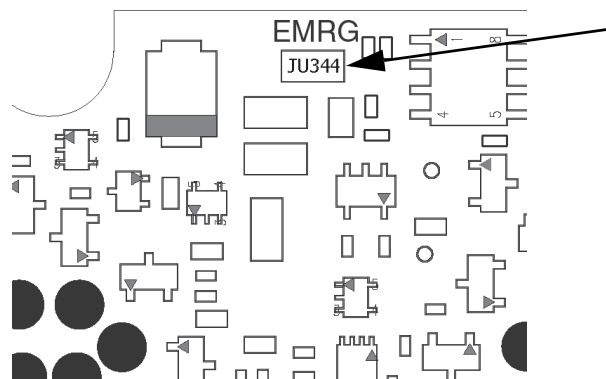


The radio is sold with correct accessory cables and jumpers in order to have emergency de-activated by default, regardless of the setting in CPS. However, if cables are not used, or if jumpers are removed without replacing with an emergency accessory button/switch at one of the accessory ports, the radio will power-up upon the application of A+. The display may not show an indication that the radio is on, and this can result in an incorrect operation of the radio as well as excessive current drain of the vehicle's battery when the engine is off.

### 4.2.1 Emergency Pushbutton or Footswitch Installation

Mount the switch using the hardware that comes with the kit. Connect the button/switch wires to a ground pin and the emergency pin, removing the default jumper wire in the rear accessory cable. The button/switch will short the pins when in-active. When the button/switch is pressed, its contact opens, the emergency path is un-grounded and pulled-high inside the radio transceiver, and detected by the processor. If an emergency accessory is used at either (or both) J2 connector and J626 connector, all jumper wires, shorting emergency to ground, must be removed so button/switch press can be detected.

In addition to removing the default jumper wires in accessory cables, you must also remove a jumper part on the printed circuit board of the TIB, in order for the button/switch to be detected. On the TIB PCB (both mid power and high power use the same TIB) a zero-ohm jumper is placed by default so that the radio does not go into emergency when no cable is attached at either J2 or J626 in remote mount configuration. This jumper part, JU344, must be removed if either or both J2 and J626 will have any type of emergency cable and button/switch attached. Otherwise, the processor will never see emergency become un-grounded.



*Figure 4-3. Emergency Jumper Removal in Remote Mount*

1. Turn-off power to the radio system.
2. Detach the TIB from the radio transceiver.
3. Detach the TIB flex.
4. Remove TIB PCB from the plastic housing using TORX T10 screwdriver. Refer to the disassembly procedure in the Basic Service Manual.
5. Located JU344, See diagram
6. Remove JU344 from the TIB PCB using a soldering gun. Clean off excess solder.
7. Reassemble the TIB following the Basic Service Manual procedure. Use 6-8 in-lbs torque on each screw. Remember to include the TIB O-ring gasket.
8. Re-attach the TIB flex.
9. Re-attach the TIB to the radio transceiver.
10. Apply 6-8 in-lbs of torque to each screw to secure the TIB to the radio transceiver.

### 4.2.2 Horn (External Alarm) Relay Installation

Mount the horn relay in a suitable location (normally under the dash). Connect the relay contacts across the horn ring switch, typically found in the steering column. Connect the two control wires to a SW B+ pin and a VIP OUT pin on the VIP connector.

### 4.2.3 Lights (External Alarm) Relay Installation

Mount the light relay in a suitable location (normally under the dash). Connect the relay contacts across the head lamp ON/OFF switch. Connect the two control wires to a SW B+ pin and a VIP OUT pin on the VIP connector.

### 4.2.4 Gunlock Installation

The O7 or O9 control head can program up to three gunlocks through the programmable buttons. You can set the time for the momentary trigger using the time-out trigger button. Connect the relay contacts across the gunlock switch to install the gunlock. Connect the two control wires to a SW B+ pin and a VIP OUT pin on the VIP connector.

It is recommended to install a failsafe/redundant bypass switch for the gunlock. It is suggested to use a separate timer switch or a manual push-on button switch to activate the gunlock. Connect the switch from the supply to the gunlock directly, as shown in [Figure 4-4](#). Place the manual button at a suitable and reachable location, yet not easily seen.

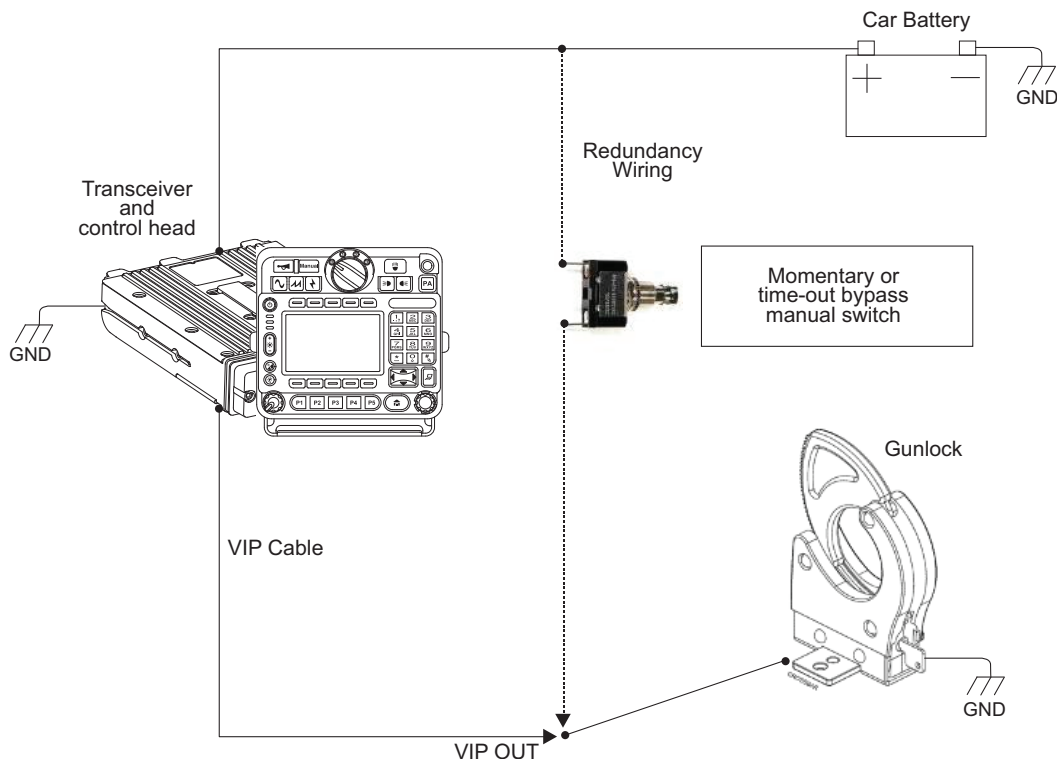


Figure 4-4. Gunlock Switch Redundancy Diagram

## 4.2.5 Horn-Ring Transfer

Configure the Horn Relay for either Negative Contact or Positive Contact as shown in section 6.3 of the siren/PA manual (6881093C18). Program the designated VIP-OUT line for “Horn-Ring Transfer” and program the designated VIP-IN line for “Horn-Ring”.

Figure 4-5 shows wiring diagrams for connecting the Horn-Ring via a transfer relay for both negative and positive ground systems. Refer to the siren/PA manual (6881093C18) for more information.

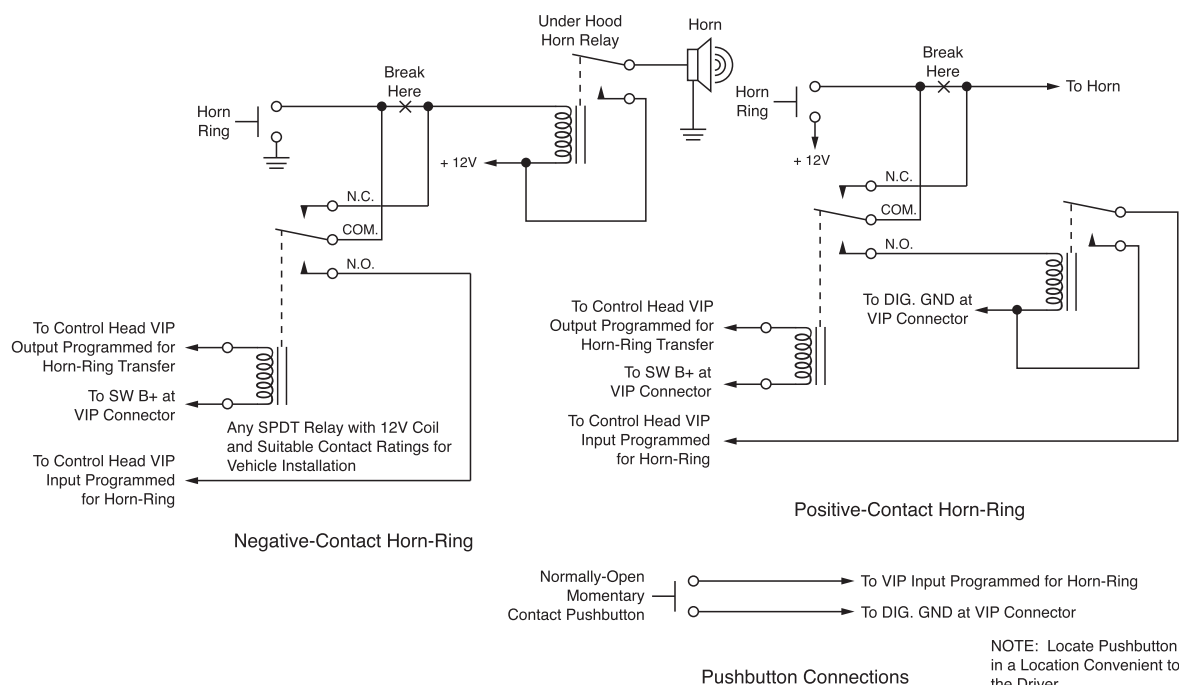


Figure 4-5. Siren/PA Horn-Ring Connections

## 4.2.6 Record Audio Out Jack of Transmit and Receive Audio

The use of Power Cable kit HKN6187\_ (see Figure 2-47) provides access to both the transmitted audio speech, as well as the received audio speech. This can be recorded with a standard tape recorder using a 2.5 mm connector.

## 4.2.7 Earphone Jack

The use of Power Cable kit HKN6187\_ (see Figure 2-47) provides the ability to use a standard earphone/headset instead of the external speaker. Once a cable is plugged into this 2.5 mm jack, the external speaker attached at the control head will turn mute.

## 4.2.8 USB Data Cables

It is recommended that the USB 1.5 meter data cable HKN6163\_ is used for both dash mount configurations (at J2 connector) and for remote mount configurations (at J100 connector). This is because the HKN6163\_ has the emergency jumper present, which is necessary for correct dash mount configurations. For interfacing at the MMP port, use Cable HKN6184\_ which is a USB device cable.

The USB 4 meter (15 feet) data cable enable HKN6172\_ is recommended for remote mount configurations only (at J100).

If the customer intends to use the HKN6172\_ for dash mount configurations (at J2), the cable's 26-pin connector must be opened and an emergency jumper-wire placed across pins 14 and 15. Refer to [Figure 4-1](#).

## 4.2.9 RS232 Cables

The following are RS232 cables. Although not compatible with CPS radio reading or programming, they can be used for interfacing with RS232 accessories or RS232 computer programs. HKN6122\_ is an RS232 serial COM port computer interface cable from J600 connector. HKN6160\_ is a 6 feet dash RS232 cable from J2 connector. HKN6161\_ is a 20 feet dash RS232 cable from J2 connector. HKN6183\_ is a 4 meter cable from MMP connector.

## 4.3 Vehicle Interface Port Overview

The Vehicle Interface Port (VIP) allows the control head to operate outside circuits and to receive inputs from outside the control head. There are three VIP outputs which are used for relay control. There are also three VIP inputs which accept inputs from switches (remote mount only).

Radio Pin Number	VIP Cable (HKN6196_) Wire Color	Function
J400-1	RED	SWB +
J400-2	GREEN	GND
J400-3	-	NO PIN
J400-4	-	"VIP" detect: GPIO=HIGH
J400-5	BLUE	VIP_OUT_1
J400-6	YELLOW	VIP_OUT_2
J400-7	BLACK	VIP_OUT_3
J400-8	WHITE	VIP_IN_1 (VIP_IN GPIO)
J400-9	ORANGE	VIP_IN_2 (VIP_IN GPIO)
J400-10	VIOLET	VIP_IN_3

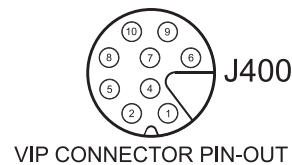


Figure 4-6. Remote Control Head Pinouts

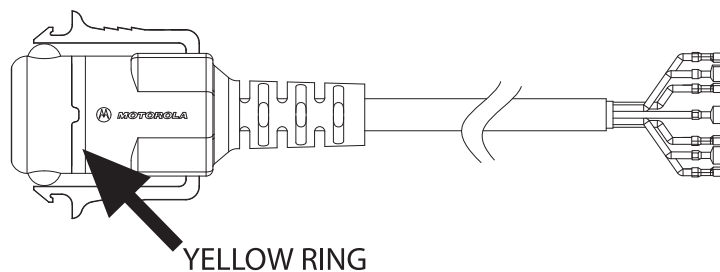


Figure 4-7. HKN6196\_ VIP Connector Detail

### 4.3.1 VIP Output Connections

The VIP output pins are on the back of the control head (J100 and J400), or the rear accessory port (J2), as shown in [Figure 2-10](#), [Figure 4-12](#) and [Figure 4-13](#), respectively. Use these connections to wire control relays. One end of the relay should connect to switched B+ voltage, while the other side connects to a software controlled ON/OFF switch inside the control head. The relay can be normally on or normally off depending on the configuration of the VIP outputs. There are three VIP output connections, as follows:

Table 4-1. VIP Output Connections

VIP OUT #	J400		J2		J100	
	SW B+ Pin Number	On/Off Switched Pin Number	SW B+ Pin Number	On/Off Switched Pin Number	SW B+ Pin Number	On/Off Switched Pin Number
1	Red 1	5 (Blue)	24	18	24	18
2	Red 1	6 (Yellow)	24	19	24	19
3	Red 1	7 (Black)	NA	NA	NA	NA

The function of these VIP outputs can be field programmed in the control head. Typical applications for VIP outputs are external horn/lights alarm and horn ring transfer relay control. For further information on VIP outputs, see the control head programming manual.

VIP OUT 1 and VIP OUT 2 can be accessed from either J100 or J400 connectors. This is to allow a previously wired VIP OUT at J2 to move easily to J100. However, when any cable is inserted into J400, J100 VIP OUTs are disabled.

When installing relays to the VIP OUT lines, a diode is necessary to prevent damage to the transistor or MOSFET, due to “back EMF” when the field collapses on the relay coil. Some vendor relays already come with this diode built-in, and other relays require the customer to install it. [Figure 4-8](#) shows the proper placement of the diode across the relay coil. The transistor or MOSFET is located inside the radio or the D.E.K. box.

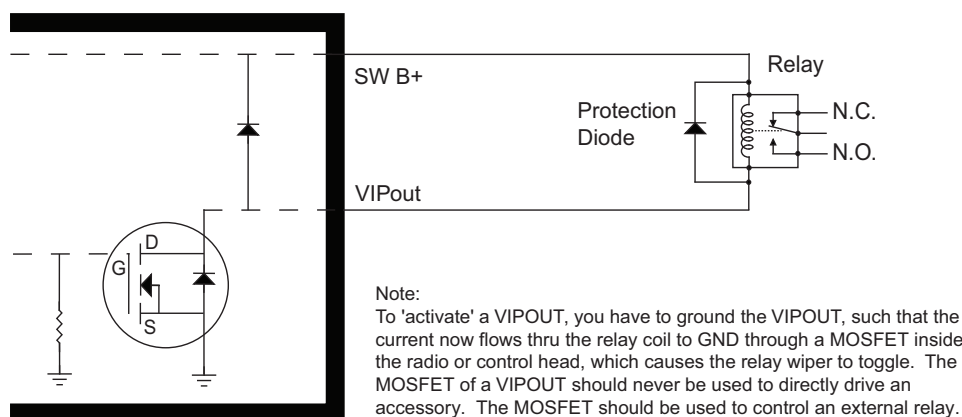


Figure 4-8. Relay Coil

**NOTE:** See Appendix A: Replacement Parts Ordering to order relay's for your VIP OUT applications. Example relay hardware: TLN4533\_ (relay without internal diode), HLN6969\_ (relay with internal back EMF protection diode), and HKN4258\_ (relay wiring cable).

### 4.3.2 VIP Input Connections

The VIP input pins are only available on the back of the control head (remote mount). These connections control inputs from switches. One side of the switch connects to ground while the other side connects to a buffered input on the control head. The switch can be normally closed (NC) or normally open (NO) depending on the configuration of the VIP inputs. There are three VIP input connections, as follows:

Table 4-2. VIP Input Connections

VIP IN #	J400		J2	
	Ground Pin Number	On/Off Switched Pin Number	Ground Pin Number	On/Off Switched Pin Number
1	2 (green)	8 (white)	NA	NA
2	2 (green)	9 (orange)	NA	NA
3	2 (green)	10 (violet)	NA	NA

**NOTE:** Remote Mount requires the VIP cable to be attached to J400.

MCH installations require the VIP inputs to be connected to the head assigned ID #1. See [Section 2.2.2.5: “Setting the Initial Control Head ID” on page 2-29](#) for further information.



#### Caution

APX mobile radios equipped with the following features are capable of transmitting automatically, even if the radio is turned off:

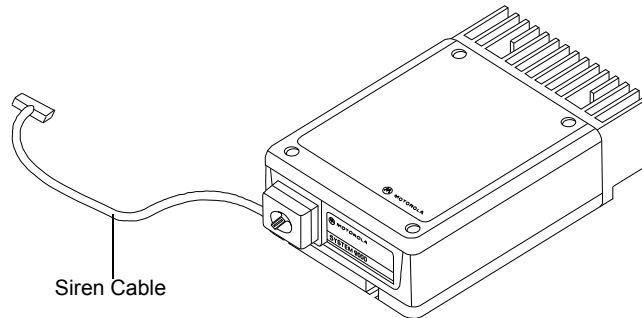
- Automatic Vehicle Location
- Other Special Data Products

All APX mobile have accessory connector pins 14 and 15 connected together to allow the radio to power down. Opening this connection by REMOVING the accessory connector, or otherwise failing to maintain a normally closed path, could, if left unchecked, drain the vehicle battery, and possibly cause transmissions to occur.



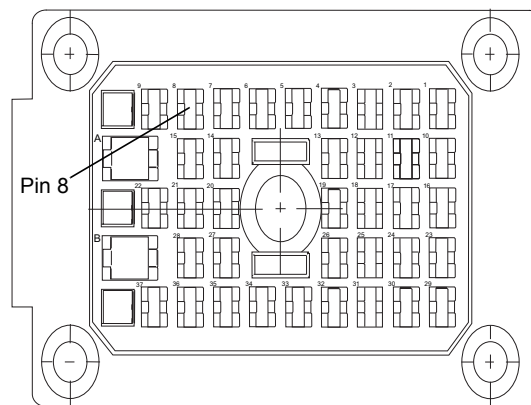
## 4.4 Compatibility of Emergency when Attaching a Siren

When using emergency footswitch or pushbutton with siren/PA configuration, **REMOVE** pin 8 (emergency) from the siren connector of the HKN4363\_ siren cable as follows:



*Figure 4-9. Field adjustment for Emergency Operation with Siren Accessory*

1. Remove the knob from the siren/PA cable connector.
2. Remove all four screws from the connector in the siren/PA cable.
3. Open the connector cap and locate pin 8.
4. Using the contact removal tool (6684690C02), remove pin 8 from the connector.
5. Put the connector cap in place and proceed to reinstall the four screws and the knob.



*Figure 4-10. Location for Pin 8*

## 4.5 Accessory Connector Assembly Details (P2) (All Models Except 100W)

The APX mobile accessory connector assembly is mounted on the right rear of the radio, opposite the antenna and adjacent to the power connector. It is fastened to the radio via jackscrews and held together by the two cover screws. It is a multi-functional connector that allows for many different types of adaptations. All approved accessory wires are securely strain-relieved through the exiting slots at the back of the accessory connector assembly. The terminations that are supplied with all accessories are designed to be fully engaged and locked into the plug connector (6680163F01). They can also be detached for service with the assistance of a terminal removal tool. The accessory connector assembly can be serviced multiple times for future installation upgrades.

The accessory connector assembly, supplied with every APX mobile dash-mounted radio, is equipped with a 26-pin plug assembly, two covers, two jackscrews, two cover screws, one emergency jumper, one ignition sense cable assembly, and one speaker pigtail. The jumper is provided to complete the circuit for emergency mode. If this circuit becomes open, the radio will be set to emergency mode.

39800834F03 is the crimping pin part number for use with any wires used inside the accessory cable connector.

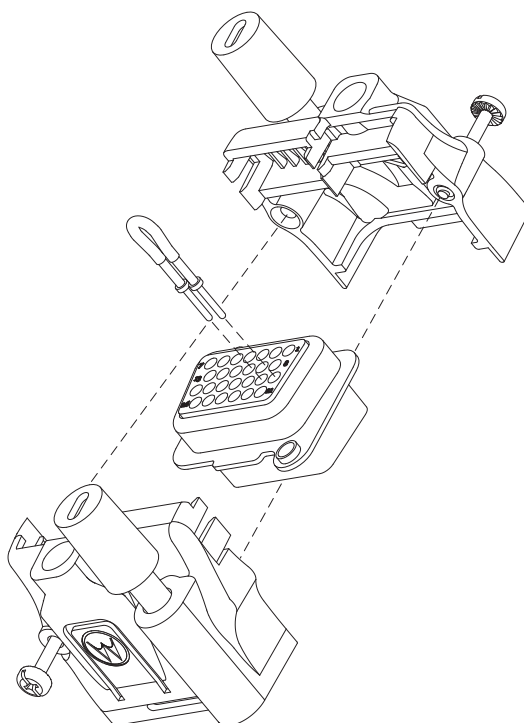
### 4.5.1 Disassembly and Assembly

#### 4.5.1.1 Disassembly

1. Disconnect the negative terminal from the vehicle's battery. Make sure that the battery cable is secured such that it will not power the vehicle's electrical system.
2. Unscrew both jackscrews completely.
3. Pull the accessory connector assembly out from the radio.
4. Loosen both cover screws, but do not remove them completely.
5. Pull the jackscrews away from the plug and hold them back.
6. Pry apart the accessory connector assembly covers.
7. Attach any new wire to its proper location by pushing in the male terminal. When you hear a pop, the wire is engaged. To verify that the wire is engaged, tug gently on the wire and be sure it does not come out. Do not overload the wire: severe damage will result to the plug.

### 4.5.1.2 Assembly

1. Place the plug in one cover. Be sure that the flange of the plug is in the slot of the cover. See [Figure 4-11](#).
2. Push the jackscrew through the plug to hold it in.
3. Position each wire across the strain-relief features in the cover. Avoid damaging loads on the plug by allowing some slack in each wire in the accessory connector assembly's wire chamber.
4. Place the second cover onto the plug. Be sure that the flange is protruding through both covers.



*Figure 4-11. Exploded View of Accessory Connector Assembly (HLN6863\_)*

5. Squeeze the covers together bending the wires in the strain-relief features. You may need a pair of pliers to seat the assembly covers.
6. Once the covers are fully seated, fasten them with the cover screws. Tighten the screws firmly but do not over-tighten them. Be sure none of the wires are pinched.
7. Reattach the accessory connector assembly to the back of the radio and fasten it by finger-tightening the jackscrews to prevent any loosening.

**NOTE:** See APX Mobile Basic Service Manual (6875964M01) for more detailed descriptions of these pins and other connectors located in the APX mobile radio.

## 4.5.2 Adapter Cable

If you are planning on installing an APX mobile radio as a replacement for an ASTRO Spectra radio, the following adapter cables are available:

Part Number	Description
HKN6158_	Cable, Audio Adapter Kit
HKN6159_	Cable, Data Adapter Kit

**NOTE:** The adaptor cables can only be connected to J2 in the rear of the transceiver.

Use the HKN6158\_ audio adapter kit cable if your vehicle was formerly wired for an ASTRO Spectra or ASTRO Spectra Plus radio, and used the rear cable pins as shown in [Figure 4-12](#).

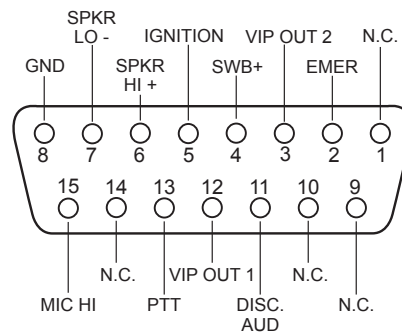


Figure 4-12. Rear Accessory Connector Audio Configuration

Use the HKN6159\_ data adapter kit cable if your vehicle was formerly wired for an ASTRO Spectra or ASTRO Spectra Plus radio, and used the rear cable pins as shown in [Figure 4-13](#).

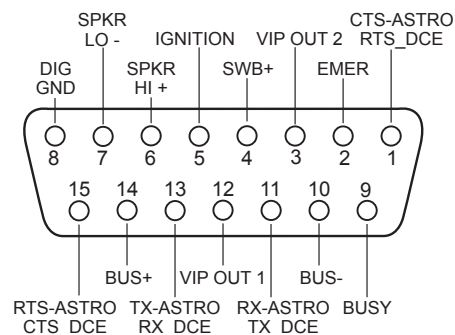


Figure 4-13. Rear Accessory Connector Data Configuration

You must attach the correct adapter. Installing the wrong adapter may cause damage to the data communication circuitry inside your radio. If you are unsure of the pinout of your former wiring harness, please consult your ASTRO radio installation technician.

## 4.6 Memory and Three-Day Secure Key Retention Option

For the installation or removal of the Memory or 3-Day Secure Key Retention Options (MHLN6999\_ and MHLN7000\_), see the APX Mobile Basic Service Manual (6875964M01).

**NOTE:** The Three-Day Secure Key Retention Option is not applicable for APX 2500/APX 4500/APX 1500.

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## Chapter 5 Motorcycle Radio Installation

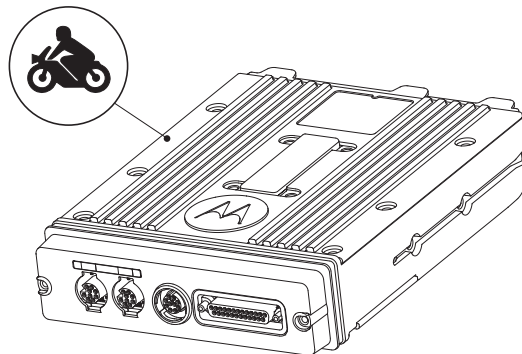
**NOTE:** The motorcycle radio installation is not applicable for 100W radios, APX 4500/APX 1500 radios and O9 control heads.

### 5.1 Motorcycle Radio Description

The motorcycle model includes all the same components in the standard radio, with the exceptions listed in the model charts in the APX Mobile Basic Service Manual (6875964M01). The following paragraphs describe the unique items provided with the motorcycle models.

**NOTE:** The APX Mobile Basic Service Manual (6875964M01) includes complete parts lists and parts numbers for all parts shown in the exploded views in this chapter.

A small label is included with the motorcycle radio, which can be placed on the radio to identify it as a motorcycle radio. The label should be placed on a flat and protected area to avoid damage during handling. [See Figure 5-1.](#)



*Figure 5-1. Identification of a Motorcycle Radio by Using a Label*

#### 5.1.1 Transceiver Enclosure

The transceiver is mounted in the weather-resistant enclosure that consists of a bottom housing and a hinged top cover. The top cover has a locking latch that requires a key to open. The enclosure is mounted above the rear motorcycle wheel, oriented so that the lock is forward and the hinged cover opens toward the rear of the motorcycle. The bottom housing has a grommeted hole for cable entry and weep holes to permit water drainage.

The enclosure is mounted on the motorcycle with a universal mounting plate and shock and vibration isolators. A large, braided ground-strap (installed between the mounting plate bolts and the motorcycle frame) grounds the transceiver.

#### 5.1.2 Control/Display Unit

All radio functions, except push-to-talk (PTT), are activated from the control head, which also is weather-resistant. The control head and the external speaker are mounted for easy access near the center of the handlebars. The control head is positioned for unobstructed viewing, and it may be tilted on the horizontal axis for ease of viewing. The microphone cable port on the front of the control head is plugged and is not used.

---

### 5.1.3 Control Head Cable

The control-head cable connects the control head to the transceiver. The cable is routed along the motorcycle's frame and has weather-resistant connections at both ends. Excess cable is coiled under the transceiver inside the weather-resistant enclosure.

Each end of the cable is strain-relieved with jackscrews at the control head and the transceiver.

The cable is shielded to reduce the effects of radio frequency interference and ignition sense noise.

### 5.1.4 Microphone

A weather-resistant, palm microphone and coiled cord plug into a pigtail connector on the control cable. The microphone attaches to a hang-up bracket located within easy reach of the motorcycle rider. The coiled cord is long enough to be operated by someone standing next to the motorcycle, yet short enough to not interfere with the motorcycle's steering or operation.

### 5.1.5 External Speaker

A 3.2-ohm, 10-watt-rated-audio-power, external speaker is mounted on the front of the motorcycle. The speaker cable is routed along the motorcycle frame to the transceiver's rear accessory connector. A sealed, weather-resistant, speaker-muting (toggle) switch is mounted on top of the speaker.

The external speaker connects to the rear accessory connector of the transceiver.

### 5.1.6 Headset Capability

The motorcycle radio is compatible with headset accessories that would provide hands-free operation of the radio. Motorola does not manufacture headset equipment, but provides the interconnection for headset equipment with the motorcycle radio. Aftermarket headset equipment is available through Motorola (see [Appendix A: Replacement Parts Ordering](#)).



Caution

To avoid loud audio, refer to the CPS help menu for audio settings if the Motorola mobile radio is used with any motorcycle helmet headset.

### 5.1.7 Antenna

The antenna(s) are mounted on top of the transceiver's weather-resistant enclosure.

The enclosure's metal lining acts as the antenna's ground plane.

### 5.1.8 Ignition Sense (ACC) Wire

The ignition sense wire connects to the motorcycle's fuse box and is routed along the motorcycle frame to the transceiver's rear accessory connector.

The radio is wired so that transmission is inhibited if the motorcycle's ignition sense switch is off.

If the PTT switch is pressed with the ignition sense off, a low-frequency tone sounds. The receiver is controlled by the control head on/off switch.

## 5.2 Installation Overview

### 5.2.1 General

All APX mobile radios are tested and inspected before shipment. It is, however, suggested that the transmitter frequency, deviation, and power output be checked at the time of installation. It is the license holder's responsibility to ensure that the operating parameters of his station comply with applicable laws governing radio communications equipment. For tests and alignment procedures, refer to the appropriate service manual (refer to ["Related Publications" on page vi](#)).

Generally, the installation of the motorcycle radio takes place in the following parts:

- Mounting the universal mounting plate and related hardware at the rear of the motorcycle;
- Mounting the control head, speaker, microphone, and related hardware forward on the motorcycle;
- Routing the power cable, control-head cable, speaker cable, and ignition sense cable to the weather-resistant enclosure;
- Mounting the weather-resistant enclosure and radio chassis, and connecting the cables;
- Mounting the antenna(s) to the weather-resistant enclosure.

A universal mounting plate, supplied by Motorola, is first mounted to either a motorcycle carrier at the rear of the motorcycle or to the rear frame of the motorcycle itself. The mounting procedures for the universal mounting plate vary from motorcycle to motorcycle. Therefore, the procedures given in this manual for installing the mounting plate may not specifically apply, but are provided for guidance.

The control head, speaker, and microphone are mounted forward on the motorcycle, on or near the steering column. There are several possible mounting configurations which use a combination of Motorola and customer-built brackets. These configurations are outlined in this manual. Because of the large number of motorcycle makes and models in existence, the customer-built brackets are necessary to tailor the mounting of the Motorola equipment to the particular motorcycle being used. Suggestions for customer-built brackets are given in this manual.

The power cable, control-head cable, speaker cable, and ignition sense cable are routed to the weather-resistant enclosure position. The enclosure and the radio chassis are then mounted. Special care is required when connecting cables to the radio equipment within the enclosure.

## 5.2.2 Important Installation Hints

Consider the following when mounting the radio components:

- Excess lengths of control-head, power, ignition sense, and speaker cables must be routed in the enclosure as shown in [Figure 5-16](#).
- All components must be mounted securely in order to withstand the constant and sometimes severe vibration experienced on a motorcycle.
- No cantilever action, which could cause severe vibration, should be generated in the mounting hardware.
- The control head and microphone must be placed for ease of accessibility by the motorcycle operator.
- Forward components (control head, microphone, and speaker) should not interfere with visual or physical access to controls and instruments.
- Forward components should not interfere with the handling of the motorcycle.
- Cabling between the control head and the radio chassis should be run to minimize interference with operator movements.
- The weather-resistant enclosure should be placed to avoid any interference with the motorcycle operator.
- Electrical continuity must be present through the enclosure shock mounts to the motorcycle frame for proper electrical and RF grounding.
- The antenna(s) are designed for mounting on the top of the weather-resistant enclosure.
- Only the supplied microphone mounting clip should be used to ensure secure mounting of the microphone. This clip has a very strong spring to ensure positive retention of the microphone over rough terrain. Also, there must be electrical continuity from this clip to the motorcycle frame for DC grounding.
- Direct access to the microphone should be provided from both sides of the motorcycle.
- Sufficient slack in the microphone coiled cord should be allowed so as not to impede steering.
- Mounting hardware must be stainless steel to prevent corrosion.
- If an extra length of cable is used to extend the microphone, ensure that the added capacitance does not interfere with the operation of the radio.
- A suitable covering should be applied to the DB-9 receptacle when the water resistant microphone (HMN1079B) is not connected.



### 5.2.3 Parts Identification

The following installation procedures refer to [Figure 5-2](#) through [Figure 5-17](#). Detailed descriptions of the mounting hardware used in each procedure are provided in parts lists located in the exploded views located in the APX Mobile Basic Service Manual (Motorola publication part number 6881096C73). Those parts supplied by Motorola are contained in one of the following kits:

- Motorcycle Weather-Resistant Microphone
- Motorcycle Weather-Resistant Speaker with Mute Switch
- Motorcycle Hardware Kit SECURENET or Motorcycle Hardware Kit
- Motorcycle Power Cable Kit
- Motorcycle Mounting Kit
- Weather-Resistant Enclosure (Black)
- Antenna

### 5.2.4 Order of Installation

Before starting the installation, familiarize yourself with the mounting hardware (see [Figure 5-2](#) through [Figure 5-17](#)). Perform the installation procedures in the order that follows.

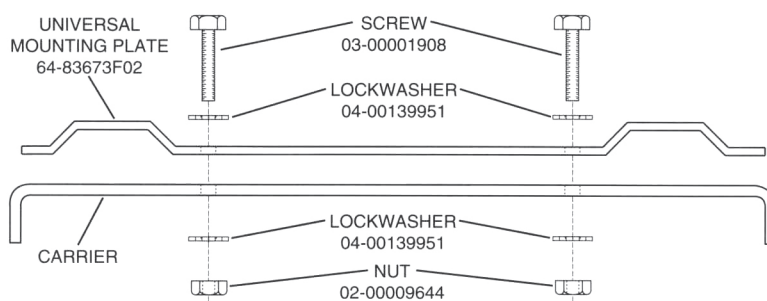
1. Install the universal mounting plate on the motorcycle.
2. Install the control head and speaker.
3. Install the microphone hang-up clip.
4. Install antenna base and cable onto enclosure.
5. Install the cables.
6. Install the weather-resistant enclosure on the universal mounting plate.
7. Route the cables inside the weather-resistant enclosure.
8. Install the transceiver in the weather-resistant enclosure.
9. Install the antenna(s) on the enclosure.

### 5.3 Installing the Universal Mounting Plate

The universal mounting plate, supplied with the motorcycle radio, must be mounted on the motorcycle first. It provides the base on which the weather-resistant enclosure is to be mounted. The method used for mounting the plate depends on the make and model of the motorcycle and whether the plate is mounted to a carrier or to the motorcycle chassis. After the plate has been securely mounted to the motorcycle, mounting the weather-resistant enclosure onto the plate is straightforward.

Figure 5-2 illustrates the universal mounting plate mounted to a motorcycle carrier. Since there are so many makes and models of motorcycles and motorcycle carriers, it is impossible to give specific step-by-step instructions for mounting the universal mounting plate. However, noting the following considerations will aid in the installation procedure.

- A minimum of holes are predrilled into this plate as supplied. Mounting holes must be drilled as required for the particular motorcycle on which the plate is being mounted.
- The universal mounting plate should be mounted on the motorcycle in such a manner that the later mounting of the weather-resistant enclosure will not interfere with the motorcycle seat back, with any other obstacles, or with the motorcycle operator. The enclosure may be temporarily bolted to the universal mounting plate and the unit positioned on the motorcycle to ensure the above criteria are met.
- To ensure a good grounding path from the universal mounting plate to the motorcycle carrier or frame, stainless steel lock washers must be used with the mounting hardware in two areas to score through the paint on the universal mounting plate and on the carrier or frame, thereby, providing good electrical contact with the underside of the motorcycle carrier or motorcycle frame.



*Figure 5-2. Universal Mounting Plate Installation (Part of Radio Enclosure Kit)*

Follow the procedures below to mount the universal mounting plate to the motorcycle (see [Figure 5-2](#)).

1. Determine the mounting position for the mounting plate.
2. Determine whether stainless steel spacers are required for clearance in mounting the plate.
3. Drill four 9/32-inch holes in the mounting plate and the corresponding motorcycle carrier or chassis for mounting the plate.
4. Attach the universal mounting plate to the motorcycle using four machine screws, eight lock washers, and four nuts. Tighten screws securely. The lock washers must cut through the paint on the plate and motorcycle carrier or frame to ensure a good ground path.

## 5.4 Installing the Speaker and Control Head

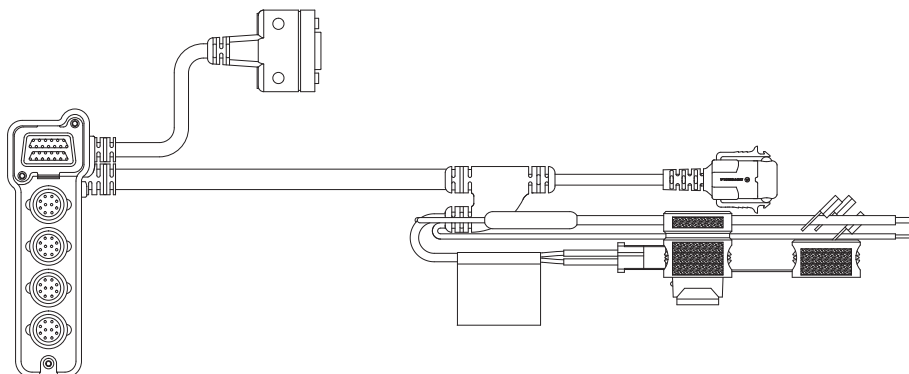
**NOTE:** To disable the internal speaker of the O2 Control Head, please refer to [Section 2.5.1: "Internal Speaker Disassembly"](#) on page 2-44.

The control head mounting location and configuration is determined largely by the make and model of motorcycle. Two different mounting configurations are described below. One involves mounting the speaker and control head together as a unit using the combination speaker/control-head bracket (shown in [Figure 5-4](#)) supplied by Motorola. Alternately, the control head may be mounted by itself using a smaller control-head bracket supplied by Motorola. In this case, the speaker is mounted elsewhere. This section outlines installation procedures for each configuration mentioned above. The customer (or installer) is in the best position to determine the most appropriate mounting configuration for the control head and speaker based on the particular motorcycle on which the equipment is to be mounted.



**Caution**

When determining its location, position the control head so that it is clearly visible and within easy reach of the motorcycle operator.



*Figure 5-3. Motorcycle Control Head Cabling (3075217A01)*

### 5.4.1 Handlebar Installation with Speaker and Control Head Mounted Together

Figure 5-4 illustrates the combination speaker/control head bracket. This combination bracket is used only when the control head and speaker are to be mounted as a unit. Also illustrated in Figure 5-4 is a handlebar-mounting bracket which may be required if the combination speaker/control-head bracket cannot be easily mounted to the motorcycle. In this case the handlebar-mounting bracket is mounted to the motorcycle, and the combination bracket is then mounted to the handlebar-mounting bracket.

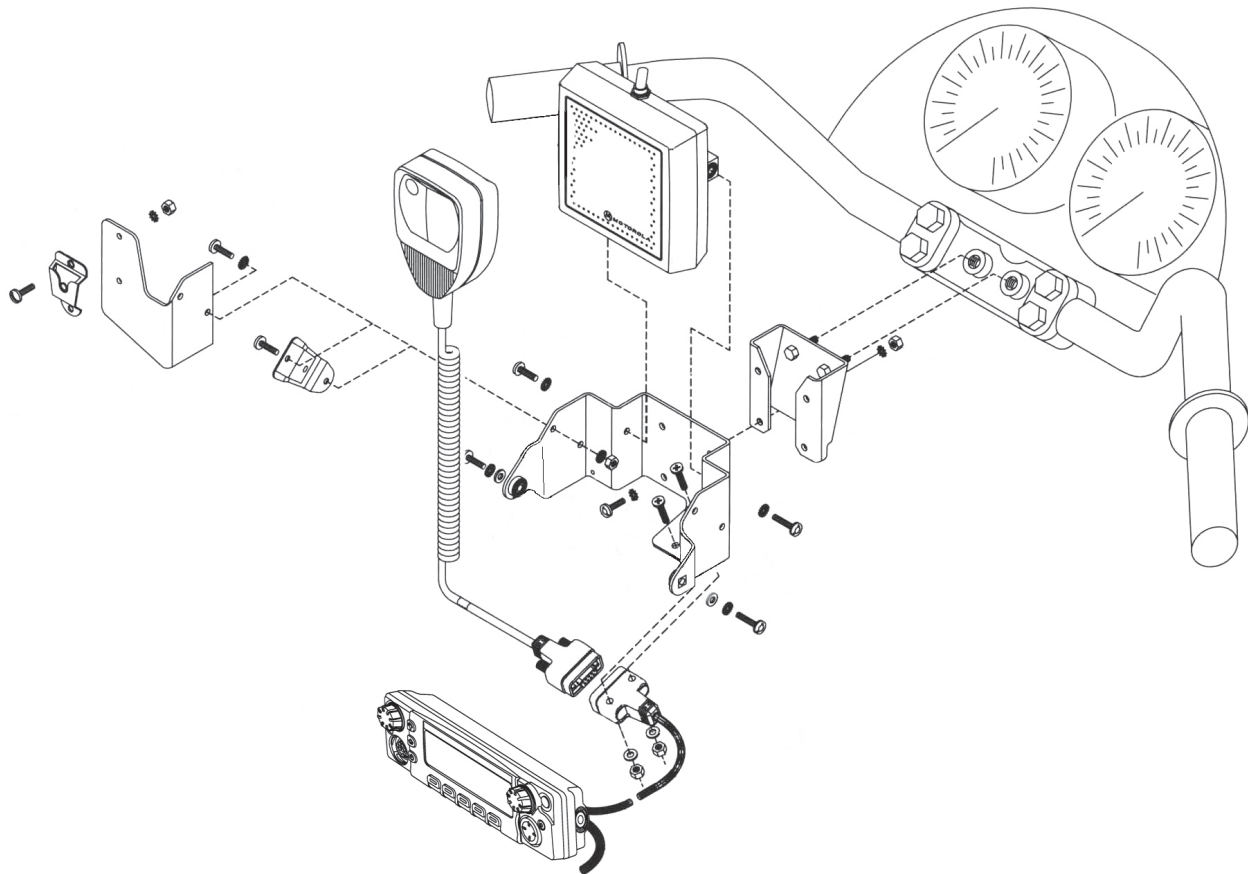


Figure 5-4. Handlebar Installation with Speaker and Control Head Mounted Together

Provision has been made on the combination speaker/control-head bracket for mounting the microphone hang-up clip. If that mounting is desired, the hang-up clip must be attached to the bracket before installing the control head and speaker. See [Section 5.6: "Installing the Microphone Hang-Up Clip" on page 5-14](#) for the hang-up clip procedure. Install the speaker and control head as described below.

1. Determine the location where the speaker/control head is to be mounted. Consider how the speaker/control-head bracket may be mounted, and whether or not a handlebar-mounting bracket is needed. Take care to select a location that is not only mechanically convenient, but is located for ease of operation.

**NOTE:** The angle at which the handlebar-mounting bracket or the speaker/control-head bracket is mounted to the motorcycle determines the firing angle of the speaker.

2. If the handlebar-mounting bracket is needed, install it first.
3. Mount the speaker/control-head bracket, either directly to the motorcycle, or, if used, to the handlebar-mounting bracket, using four stainless-steel machine screws, lock washers, and nuts.
4. Mount the 9-pin D-connector end of the motorcycle control-head cable to the speaker/control head bracket, using two machine screws, flat washers, and nuts. (Cable routing directions appear later in this section.)
5. Mount the speaker on the speaker/control-head bracket, using two machine screws and lock washers. Torque these screws to 20 in-lbs.
6. Attach the control-head cable to the control head and tighten the locking screws on the connector. This connection must be made before you mount the control head in the bracket. (Cable routing directions appear later in this section.)
7. Mount the control head to the bracket, using two machine screws, lock washers, and flat washers.
8. Adjust the control head viewing angle by loosening its mounting screws and rotating the control head to the desired angle. Then, retighten screws to 20 in-lbs torque. This concludes the speaker/control-head installation.

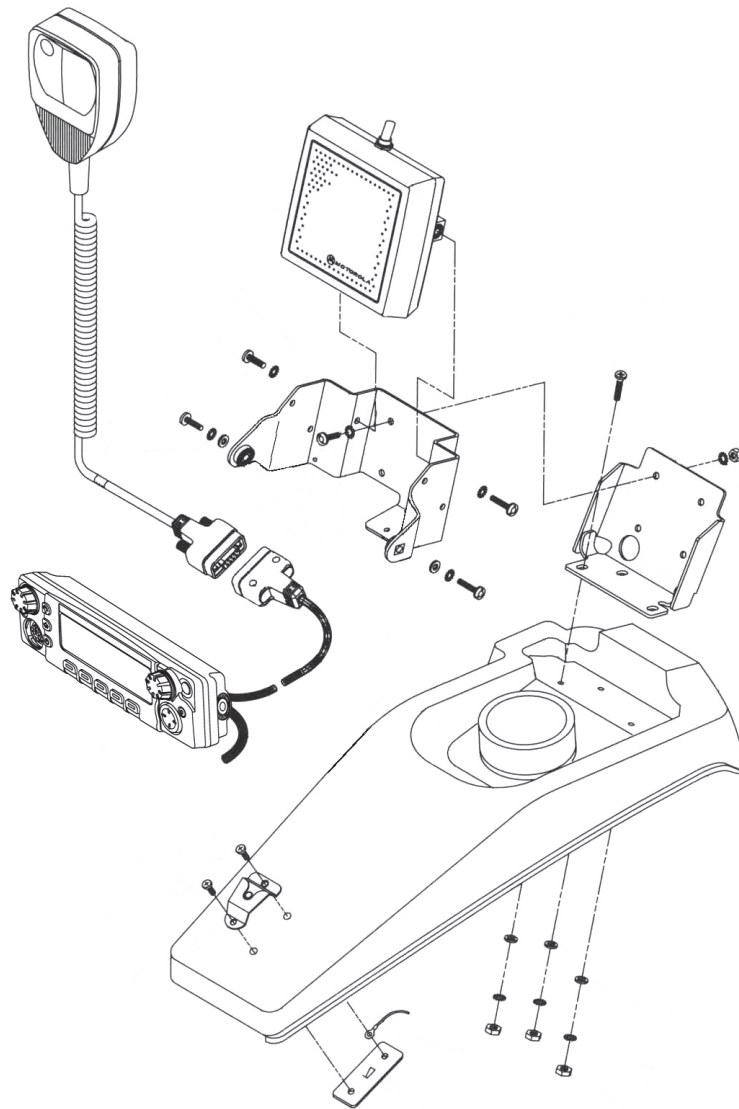
## 5.4.2 Fuel Tank Console Installation with Speaker and Control Head Mounted Together

Some motorcycles provide a console for mounting radio equipment. This console is attached to the top of the fuel tank. With the use of a mounting bracket, screws, nuts, and lock washers, the combination speaker/control-head bracket can be mounted to this console. [Figure 5-5](#) illustrates this type of mounting.

The console attachment screws must be removed, and the console must be lifted slightly from the fuel tank to gain access in order to attach mounting hardware, and to route cables later.

In this installation, the microphone (mic), mic hang-up bracket, and mic extension bracket will interfere with handlebar travel.

Installation using this method is the same as in [Section 5.4.1: "Handlebar Installation with Speaker and Control Head Mounted Together" on page 5-8](#).



*Figure 5-5. Fuel Tank Console Installation with Speaker and Control Head Mounted Together*

### 5.4.3 Handlebar Installation with Speaker and Control Head Mounted Separately

It may be necessary to use the smaller control head bracket (part number 07-80127N02) and mount the speaker and microphone hang-up clip in another location on the motorcycle.

Before installing the control head using the bracket described above, the control-head end of the control-head cable should be temporarily fastened to the control head, and the control head fastened to its bracket. Motorola-supplied spacers and the mic-cable bracket are required to mount the control head to the handlebar. This mic-cable bracket has holes to mount the microphone-cable connector.

Follow these procedures when mounting the smaller control-head bracket:

1. Determine the location at which the control head is to be mounted. Take care to choose a location that is not only mechanically convenient, but is located for ease of operation.
2. Securely mount the Motorola-supplied spacers, mic-cable bracket, and small control-head bracket to the handlebars.
3. Mount the 9-pin D-connector end of the motorcycle control-head cable to the mic-cable bracket, using two machine screws, flat washers, and nuts. (Cable routing directions appear later in this section.)
4. Attach the control-head end of the cable to the control head and tighten the locking screws on the connector.
5. Mount the control head to the small control-head bracket, at the proper viewing angle, using two wing screws. Tighten firmly. This concludes the control-head installation.

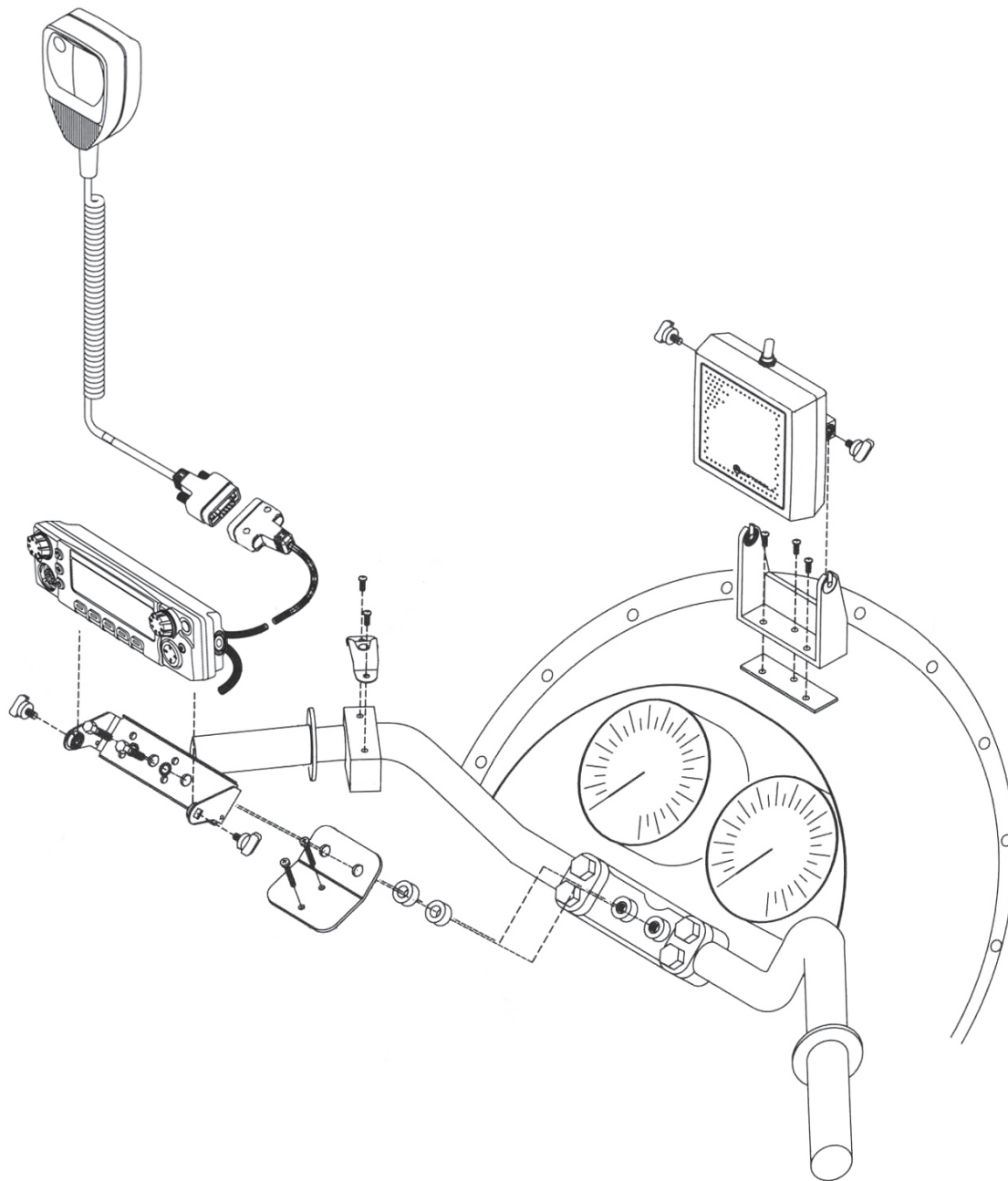
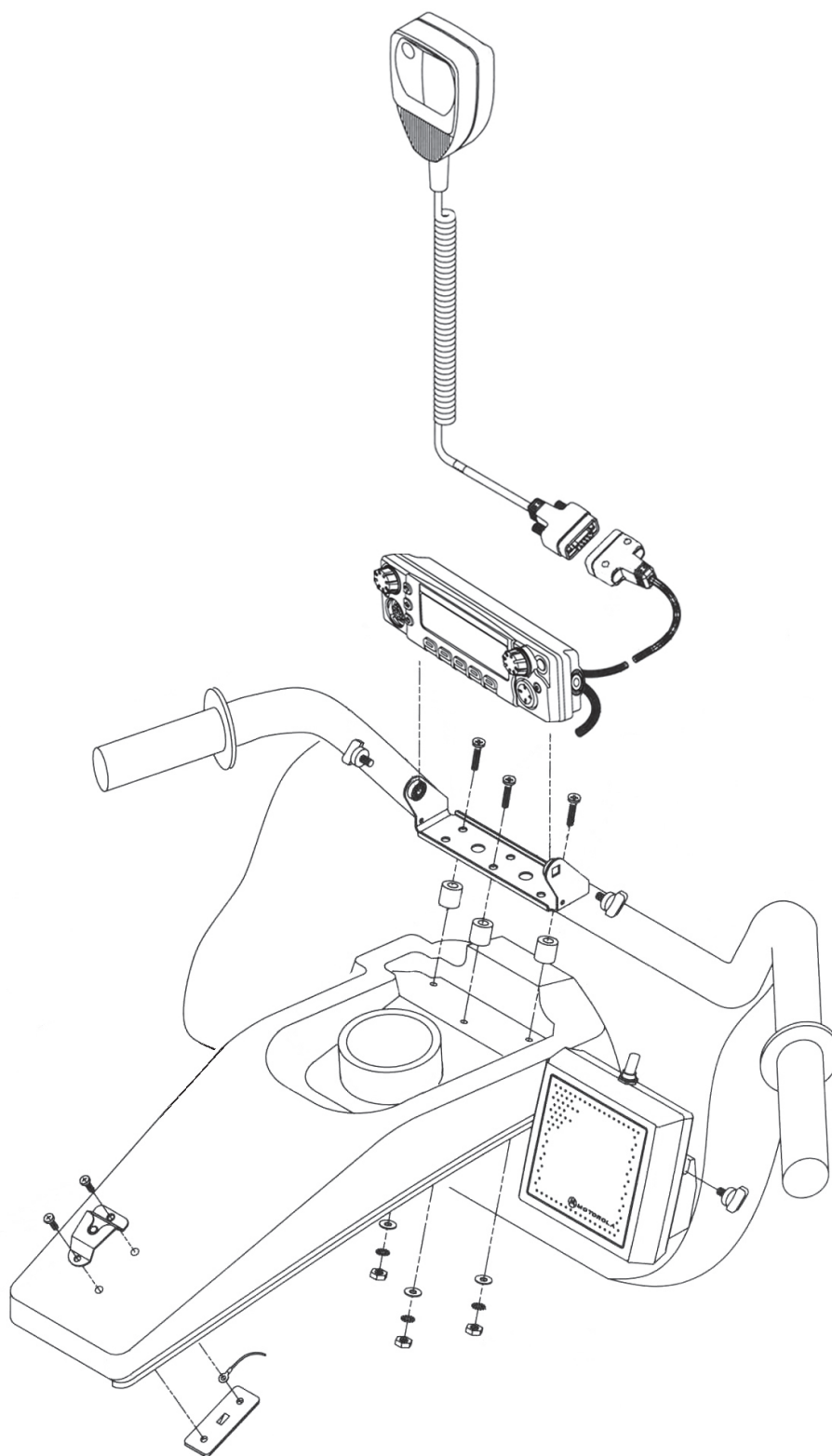


Figure 5-6. Handlebar Installation with Speaker and Control Head Mounted Separately

#### 5.4.4 Fuel Tank Console Installation with Speaker and Control Head Mounted Separately

The control head may be mounted to the fuel tank console using the smaller control-head bracket and spacers/hardware. In this configuration, the microphone cable connector may be attached directly to the console, eliminating the need for a custom bracket.





*Figure 5-7. Fuel Tank Console Installation with Speaker and Control Head Mounted Separately*

Installation is the same as detailed in [Section 5.4.2: “Fuel Tank Console Installation with Speaker and Control Head Mounted Together”](#) on page 5-9 and [Section 5.4.3: “Handlebar Installation with Speaker and Control Head Mounted Separately”](#) on page 5-11.

## 5.5 Installing the Speaker

**NOTE:** To disable the internal speaker of the O2 Control Head, please refer to [Section 2.5.1: "Internal Speaker Disassembly"](#) on page 2-44.

Use the following procedure when the speaker is mounted separate from the control head. The speaker bracket supplied with the speaker may be used alone if a suitable location can be found, or if necessary, a customer-supplied bracket may be fabricated for mounting the speaker.

1. Determine the location in which the speaker is to be mounted and whether there is a requirement for a customer-supplied bracket.
2. Fabricate a bracket if required. Use the Motorola-supplied speaker bracket as a template for drilling mounting holes. Also drill holes in the fabricated bracket for mounting to the motorcycle.
3. Mount the fabricated bracket to the motorcycle chassis.
4. Mount the Motorola-supplied bracket to the fabricated bracket using two machine screws, flat washers, lock washers, and nuts.
5. Mount the speaker to the speaker bracket using two wing screws. Directions for speaker cable routing appear later in this section. Speaker mounting is now complete.

## 5.6 Installing the Microphone Hang-Up Clip

Install the hang-up clip either on the supplied microphone extension bracket or on the side of the speaker/control head bracket. Both methods are shown in [Figure 5-4](#). Determine the mounting location and install as described in the following paragraphs.

**NOTE:** Wherever the hang-up clip is mounted, it must be DC grounded for proper operation. After mounting the clip, be sure there is electrical continuity between the clip and the motorcycle chassis.

### 5.6.1 Extension Bracket Mounting

Using this method, you can mount the clip so that it faces the operator.

1. Attach the bracket to the speaker/control-head bracket using two machine screws, four lock washers, and two nuts as shown in [Figure 5-4](#).
2. Torque nuts to 20 in-lbs torque.
3. Fasten the hang-up clip to the extension bracket using two machine screws, lock washers, and nuts as shown in [Figure 5-4](#).
4. Torque nuts to 20 in-lbs torque.

### 5.6.2 Speaker/Control Head Bracket Side Mounting

Attach the hang-up clip to the left side of the speaker/control-head bracket using two machine screws, lock washers, and nuts as shown in [Figure 5-4](#). Torque nuts to 20 in-lbs. torque.

### 5.6.3 Other Hang-Up Clip Mounting

To mount the microphone hang-up clip in another location, a customer-supplied bracket may be used. Suggested locations include the handlebars, fuel-tank console, or any location which provides easy access to the microphone without blocking controls and indicators and without interfering with motorcycle handling. See [Figure 5-5](#), [Figure 5-6](#), and [Figure 5-7](#) for alternative microphone hang-up clip mounting methods.

1. Fabricate a bracket, then secure it to the motorcycle.
2. Use two machine screws, lock washers, and nuts to secure the hang-up clip to the customer-supplied bracket. Ensure that the microphone clip is DC grounded to the motorcycle chassis (a grounding lug and strap are provided in the hang-up clip kit for this purpose) – this is essential for proper radio operation.

## 5.7 Installing Antenna Base and Cables

**NOTE:** Antenna hole placement and cable routing in 700/800, VHF and UHF antenna manuals are not applicable for the APX Series.

The GPS antenna assembly must be done after the removal of the metal liner but before reinstalling the APX Series liner.

1. Open the top cover of the weather-resistant enclosure.
2. Uninstall the metal liner that is shipped attached to the weather-resistant enclosure. This liner has one depressed area at the top of the enclosure liner just toward the rear of the enclosure. This metal liner is not used with APX Series products.
3. Place the metal liner with two round, depressed areas toward the enclosure hinge and 5/8" hole near the front of the housing, inside the top cover, and align the six slots in the metal liner with the screw holes in the top housing.
4. The metal liner of the enclosure's top cover acts as a ground plane for the antenna.
5. Locate the two round, depressed areas about 3 inches in diameter in the metal liner near the enclosure hinge. Referring to [Figure 5-8](#), these areas are either Band 1 or Band 2 depending on the antenna port they align to. Refer to band markings on radio for the proper antenna port location. For the GPS antenna, use the 5/8" hole near the front of the housing near the lock.

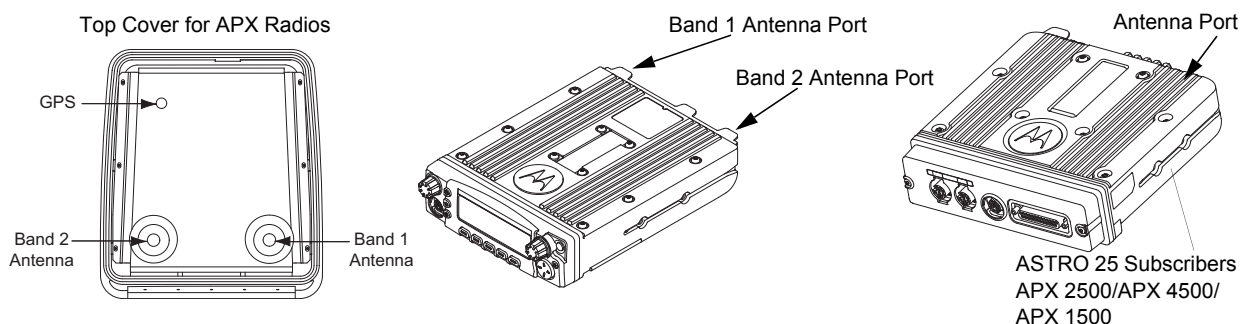


Figure 5-8. Location of Band 1 or Band 2 (Depending on the Antenna Port They Align to)

6. These holes in the metal liner is used as a template to mark the position of the hole(s) to be drilled at the top cover. Follow the below guidelines for the various options.
  - **Single Band** – Refer to your APX radio (see [Figure 5-9](#) or [Figure 5-10](#)) and see if your single band antenna is in the position of Band 1 or 2. Depending on which location your antenna port is mark a hole in the appropriate antenna position only. Refer to [Figure 5-8](#).
  - **Dual Band** – Mark a hole in both the Band 1 and Band 2 Antenna position as seen on [Figure 5-8](#).
  - **GPS** – Mark a hole in the GPS Antenna position as seen on [Figure 5-8](#).

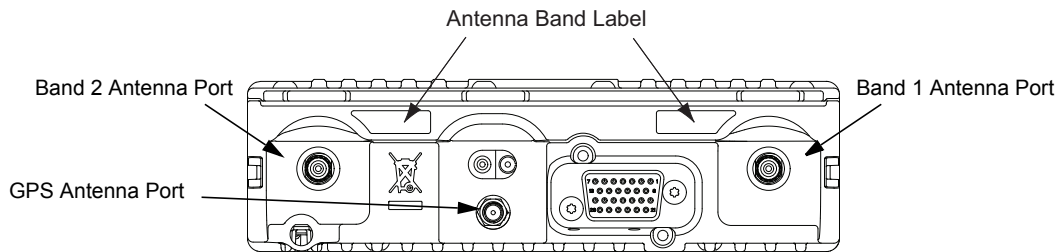


Figure 5-9. Antenna Band Identification

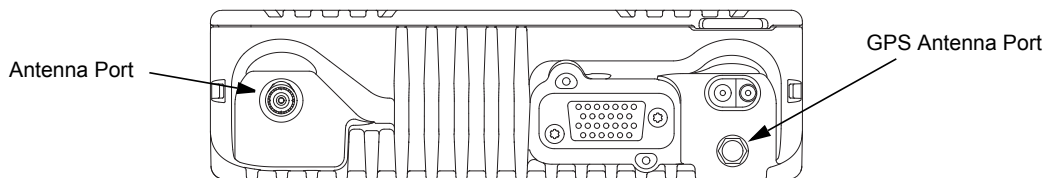
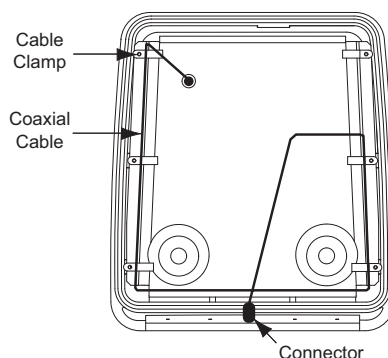


Figure 5-10. APX 2500/APX 4500/APX 1500 Antenna Band Identification

7. Remove the metal liner from the top cover.
8. For Band 1 and Band 2 positions, use the Motorola RPX-4378A Hole-Cutting Saw or equivalent, and carefully drill a 3/4-inch hole at the marked location from the inside of the cover until the saw bottoms out. For the GPS carefully drill a 9/16-inch hole at the marked location from the inside of the cover until the saw bottoms out. The saw should clean a neat circle to assure good contact between the antenna and the housing.

**IMPORTANT:** For proper seating of the antennas, deburr and scrape any foreign matter from both sides of the hole, being careful not to mar the finish of the shell.

9. Clean the mounting surface around the hole to remove dirt and wax.
10. Refer to the Motorcycle GPS Instruction Manual for further installation instruction for the GPS. GPS must be mounted before the APX metal liner is installed.
11. Reinstall the APX metal liner (see [Figure 5-8](#)) with the cable clamps provided in the weather-resistant housing. If installing GPS, the GPS coaxial cable must be fed through the hole in the APX metal liner before the liner can be placed onto the housing. Then route the GPS Coaxial Cable through the cable clamps before tightening the hex screws as installing the cable after that is difficult due to the connector. See [Figure 5-11](#) for GPS Cable Routing.



*Figure 5-11. Routing the Coaxial Cable for GPS*

12. Attach the 700/800, VHF or UHF antenna base per Antenna Installation Manual.

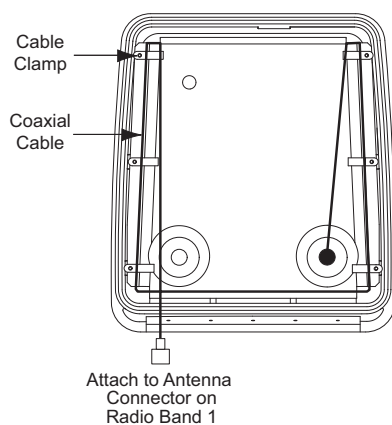
**IMPORTANT:** Antenna Placement and Cable Routing in the Antenna Installation Manual is not applicable for the APX series.

13. Route the coaxial cable for the 700/800, VHF or UHF antenna(s) through the cable clamps per [Figure 5-12](#) for Band 1 and [Figure 5-13](#) for Band 2.

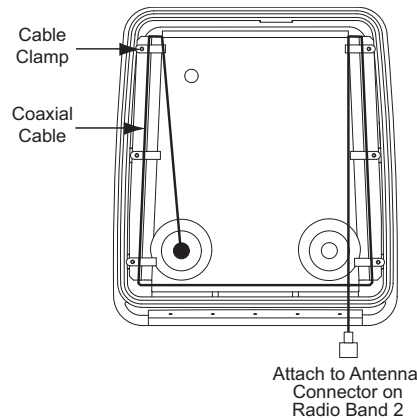


**Caution**

Be sure to observe the correct routing of the antenna cable. Failure to do so can damage the cable.



*Figure 5-12. Routing the Coaxial Cable for Band 1*



*Figure 5-13. Routing the Coaxial Cable for Band 2*

14. After routing cable, allow enough of the cable to reach the radio's antenna connector and cut off any excess length of the cable.
15. Install the connector per Antenna Installation Manual.

## 5.8 Installing the Antenna

**IMPORTANT:** Antenna Placement and Cable Routing as described inside the Antenna Installation Manual is not applicable for the APX radio series. Refer to information listed below.

- Connect the appropriate antenna connectors to the antenna receptacles on the radio. Tighten the coupling until fully engaged.

## 5.9 Cable Routing

Five cables must be installed to interconnect the components of the radio system as shown in [Figure 5-14](#). The antenna cable is routed away from the other cables inside the enclosure's hinged cover (see [Section 5.7 on page 5-15](#)). The four remaining cables, routed along the motorcycle frame, are described in the following paragraphs.

**NOTE:** Antenna Hole Placement and Cable Routing information in the Antenna Installation Manual is not applicable to the APX series.

Removal of the fuel tank and seat from the motorcycle will facilitate routing the cables along the frame. Motorcycles with consoles attached to fuel tanks require routing cables between console and fuel tank. In this case the tank is not removed.

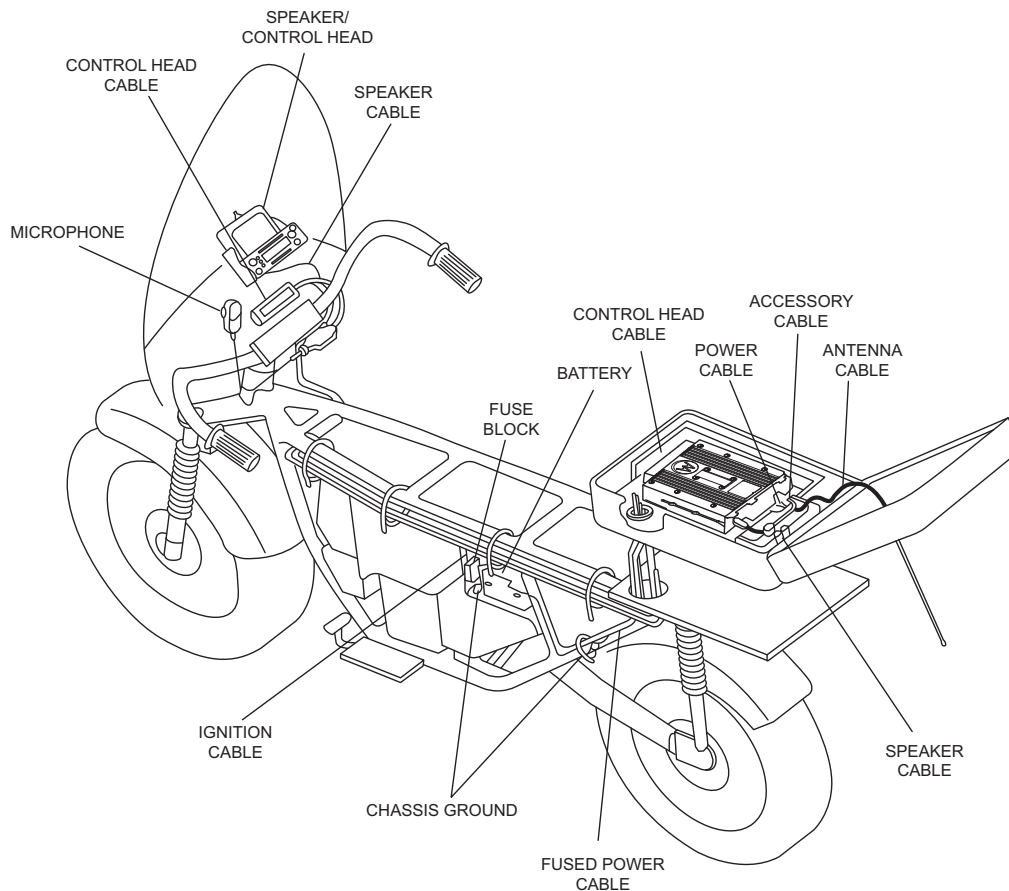


Figure 5-14. Cable Routing

1. **Speaker Cable** – runs from the speaker to the accessory-cable connector inside the weather-resistant enclosure.
2. **Control Cable** – runs from the rear of the control head to the front of the transceiver inside the enclosure.
3. **Ignition Sense (Red) Wire Portion of Accessory Cable** – runs from the ignition sense fuse terminal of the fuse box to the rear area inside the enclosure. The lug for attaching the ignition sense wire is contained on the accessory cable.
4. **Power Cable** – The red, unterminated end runs from the positive terminal of the battery to the power connector that plugs in the rear of the transceiver. Lugs for attaching the red and black leads are contained in the motorcycle power-cable kit. The black, unterminated end runs from a suitable motorcycle chassis ground to the power connector. **DO NOT** connect the black lead directly to the negative battery post.

You may route the cables in any order. As you route each cable, temporarily fasten it at both ends. When all cables have been run, permanently fasten the cables with appropriate cable tie wraps. Observe the following during routing and hook-up:

1. Route the cables so that none interfere with motorcycle operation.
2. Fasten the cables with supplied nylon tie wraps. The wraps should be firmly installed at frequent intervals along the cable length in such a manner that motorcycle vibration will not cause metal fatigue and subsequent breakage of the cable wires.

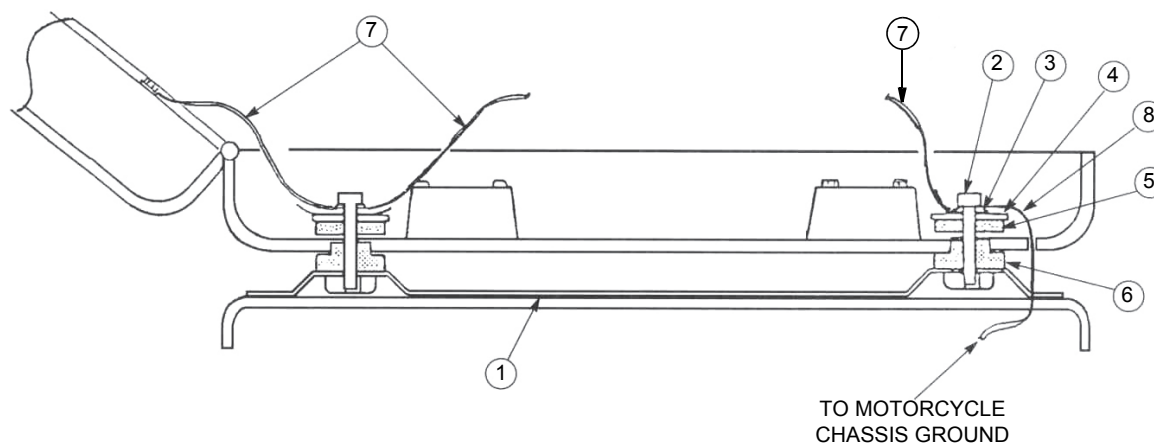
3. Take care to position cables away from parts of the motorcycle that get hot.

Bundle excess cable length inside the weather-resistant enclosure as discussed later in [Section 5.11: "Transceiver and Cabling Installation" on page 5-22](#).

The fifth cable is the microphone with coiled cord. Plug the 9-pin D-connector end of the coiled cord into its mating connector, which was attached near the control head discussed in an earlier paragraph. Tighten the coiled-cord-retention screws. Insert the S-hook strain relief (terminated to the coiled cord) into the hole in the mounting bracket. Slide the microphone into the microphone hang-up bracket.



## 5.10 Installing the Weather-Resistant Enclosure



Item No.	Description	Item No.	Description
1	Universal Mounting Plate	5	Flat Rubber Washer
2	Machine Screw	6	Shouldered Rubber Washer
3	Lockwasher	7	7-1/2-inch Ground Strap
4	Flat Washer	8	Ground Strap

*Figure 5-15. Weather-Resistant Enclosure Installation*

1. Remove the radio-mounting plate by removing four screws, lock washers, and flat washers.
2. The weather-resistant enclosure is mounted to the universal mounting plate using shock mounts. Assemble the shock-mount components exactly as shown in [Figure 5-15](#). Be sure to install ground straps between the shock-mount and the transceiver trunnion mount, and install one 7-1/2-inch ground strap between the right rear mount and the enclosure lid's antenna ground plane 0 (shown in [Figure 5-15](#) and in [Figure 5-17](#)).
3. The order of assembly is important to ensure proper shock mount operation. All components are supplied with the mounting kit. The five 7- 1/2-inch straps are used on the rear and front shock mounts – four from shock mount to trunnion, and one from the shock mount to the lid's antenna ground plane.

**NOTE:** Grounding through the power-supply cable is NOT sufficient. Whether the radio transceiver is mounted to a carrier or the chassis itself, the transceiver **MUST** be properly grounded to the motorcycle chassis. The ground strap supplied with the installation kit may have to be used to ensure a good RF ground path from the radio transceiver to the motorcycle chassis.

4. Install the 3-foot ground strap on one of the front shock mounts. Route it through the cable-routing hole and connect the other end to the motorcycle frame (see [Figure 5-15](#)).

 <b>WARNING</b>	<b>DO NOT</b> connect the ground strap directly to the negative battery post.
---	---

5. The diagram of the shock mount is shown loosely assembled. After the hex screws are tightened, the rubber washers are compressed to fasten the weather-resistant enclosure securely to the universal mounting plate.
6. [Figure 5-17](#) is an exploded view of the enclosure; it shows details that will help to understand how the enclosure is mounted. After the enclosure is completely mounted, check for proper ground connection—continuity between the antenna ground plane and the motorcycle frame.

## 5.11 Transceiver and Cabling Installation

After the weather-resistant enclosure has been installed, the radio chassis (transceiver) is installed in the enclosure and then appropriate cables are connected. However, before the transceiver can be installed, the cabling must be properly positioned in the enclosure.

### 5.11.1 Installing Cabling in the Enclosure

Position the cabling in the weather-resistant enclosure as follows:

1. Run the speaker, power, control-head, and ignition sense cables into the enclosure.
2. Lay the excess cable length between the radio mounting bosses in an S configuration as shown in [Figure 5-16](#). Do not coil any excess cable. Use the supplied tie wraps to bundle cable as shown.

**NOTE:** If the extra cable length is not sufficient to match the illustrated cable routing, then match the illustration as closely as possible.

3. Connect the speaker cable to the accessory cable connector.

**NOTE:** The accessory-cable emergency connector is shipped with a shorting plug installed. The headset connector is also shipped with a shorting plug installed. The plugs must remain in if an emergency switch and/or headset is not used. If an emergency switch and/or headset is used, remove the shorting plug(s) and discard.

4. Install the mounting plate in position on top of the cables installed above. Take care not to damage or pinch the cables when securing the mounting plate in position.

**NOTE:** At this point, the control-head cable plug should be located at the forward end of the enclosure, and the power-cable, speaker-cable, and accessory-cable plugs should be located at the rear of the enclosure.

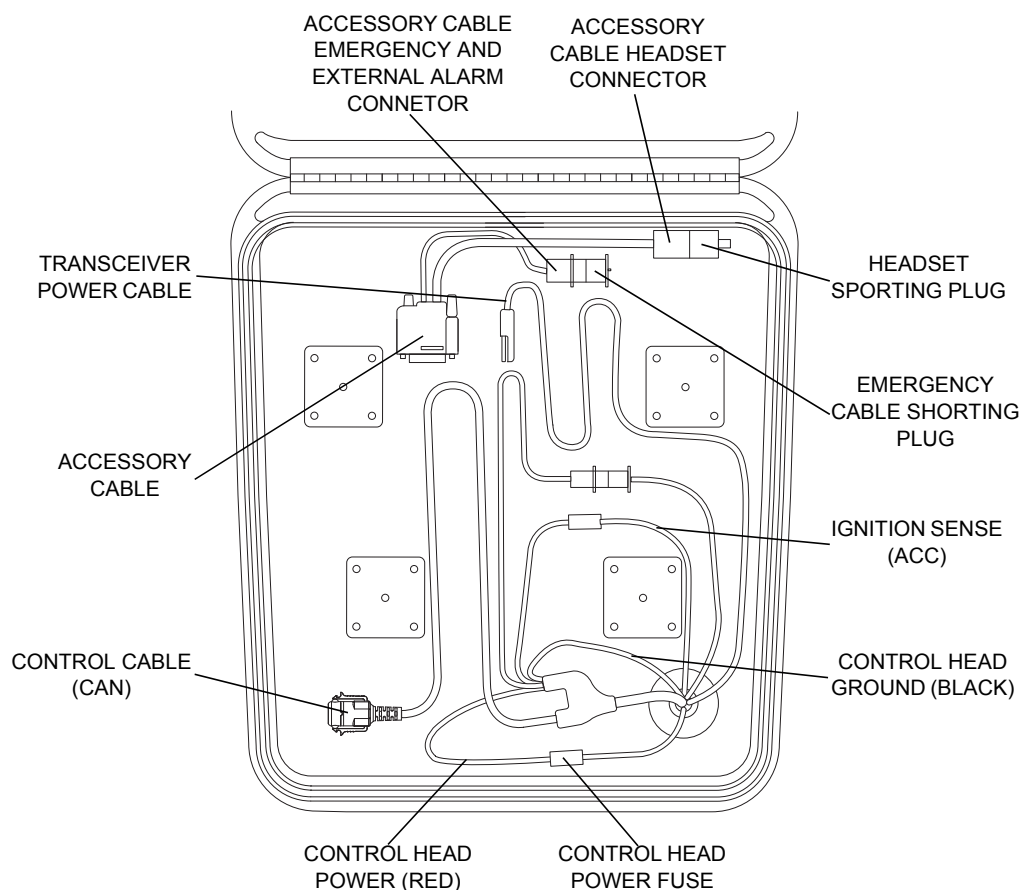


Figure 5-16. Installing Cables

### 5.11.2 Installing the Transceiver

Install the transceiver in the weather-resistant enclosure as follows (see [Figure 5-17](#)).

**NOTE:** For new or existing installations, use only the APX mobile trunion (kit number: HLN7002\_).

1. Install the mounting trunion and loose ends of the four ground straps to the radio-mounting plate, using four screws, flat washers, and external-tooth lock washers (see [Figure 5-17](#)). The ground straps must be sandwiched between the flat washers and lock washers. The lock washer must be against the trunion. The flat washer must be under the screw head.
2. Attach the transceiver to the mounting trunion and secure with the two screws provided.
3. Connect the control cable to the front of the transceiver. Ensure the control-cable connector screws are tightened.
4. Attach the accessory connector to the transceiver. Plug in the power connector.
5. Install the grommet around the cables and push the grommet into the cable-routing hole of the weather-resistant enclosure.

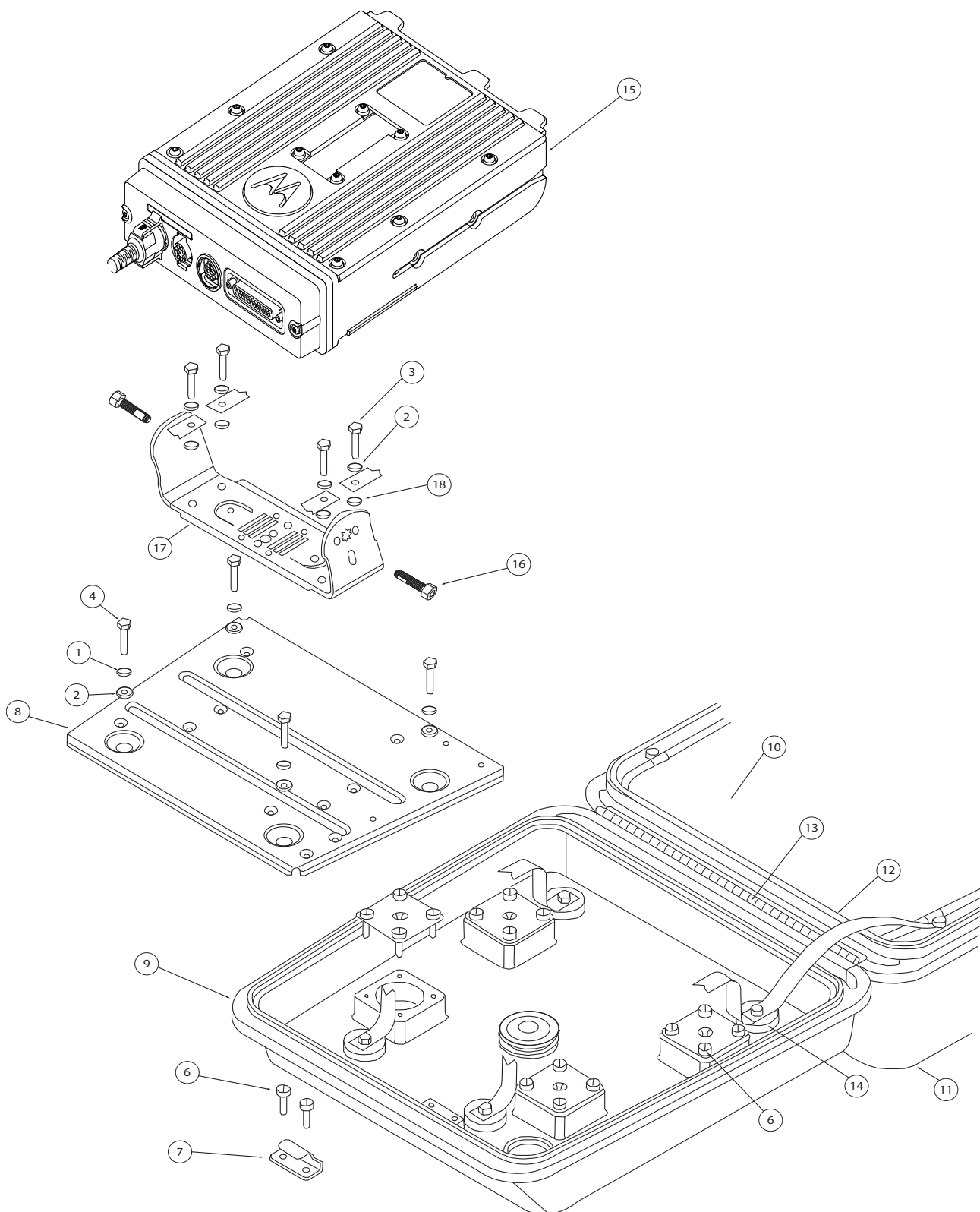


Figure 5-17. Installing the Transceiver

Table 5-1. Transceiver Installation Parts List

Item No.	Description	Item No.	Description
1	Lock washer	10	Ground shield plane
2	Flat washer (8 used)	11	Top cover
3	Screw	12	Gasket
4	Screw	13	Hinge
5	Grommet	14	Enclosure mounts
6	Screw	15	Transceiver
7	Lock catch	16	Screw
8	Radio mounting plate	17	Trunnion
9	Bottom housing	18	External tooth lock washer (8 used)

## 5.12 Installing the Emergency Switch Option

Use the two-conductor, green/black cable which has as one end terminated with two contacts (part number 3080221P02) and which is supplied with this W688 Motorcycle Emergency Push Button. Disconnect the emergency switch shorting plug from the accessory cable. Replace the shorting wire of the shorting plug with the terminated end of the green/black emergency cable. Reconnect the plug to the accessory cable.

## 5.13 Installing the External Alarm Relay Option

The motorcycle radio is offered with only one optional relay connection. If both horn and lights are required, wire a second relay coil parallel to the first relay. Use the two-conductor green/black cable which has one end terminated with two contacts (part number 3080221P02) and which is supplied with this W116 Motorcycle Alarm Relay Option. Insert the contacts into positions 3 and 4 of the emergency shorting plug of the accessory cable. Refer to [Figure 5-23](#).

## 5.14 Installing the Headset Accessory

A six-position connector on the accessory cable has been made available for connecting a headset accessory. Headset manufacturers should be consulted for compatibility with the motorcycle radio prior to purchase and installation of the headset. To install, disconnect the headset shorting plug. Remove the headset shorting wire from the headset shorting plug. Terminate the contacts provided to the applicable wires of the headset cable. Insert the terminated wires into the headset shorting plug per the contact positions illustrated in the typical headset schematic found in this manual. Reconnect the terminated headset shorting plug to the accessory cable.

When upgrading from an APX mobile radio, the existing headset cable HLN6890 requires these two pins to be swapped (see [Figure 5-18](#)). The other motorcycle headset cable with this pin change is 3080010R04.

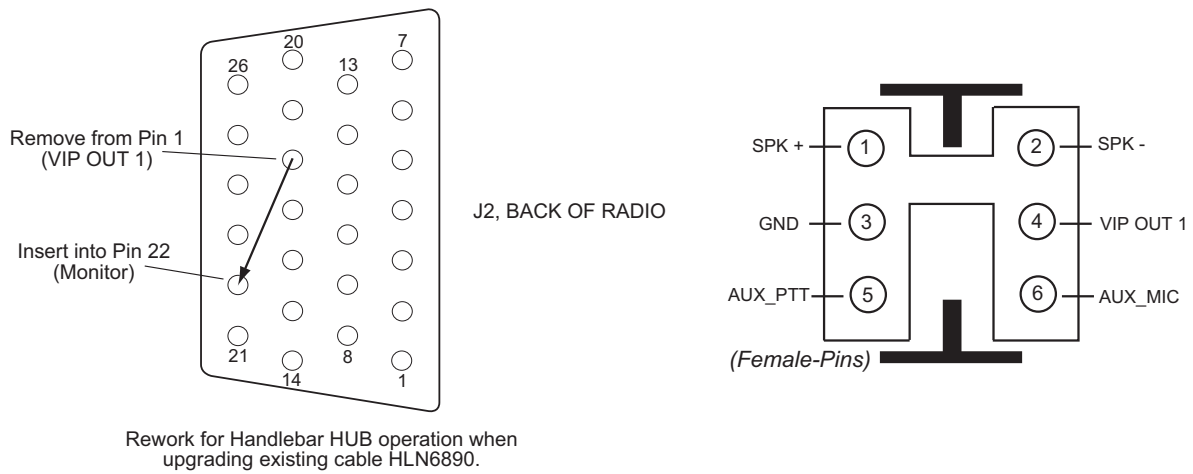
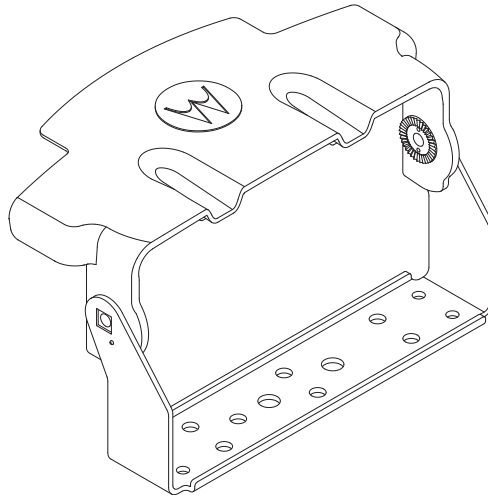


Figure 5-18. Motorcycle Wiring Harness Rework

## 5.15 Installing the O5 Control Head Sunshield

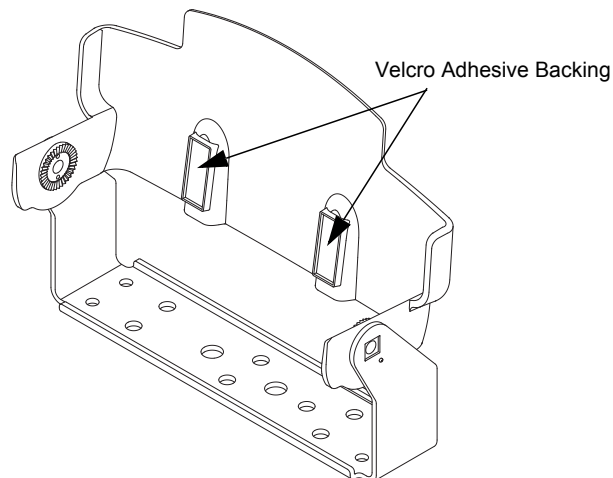
Install the sunshield (part number NNTN7279\_) to the O5 control head as follows.

1. Assemble the sunshield to the remote mount trunnion as shown in [Figure 5-19](#). The same process can be used for the motorcycle trunnion.



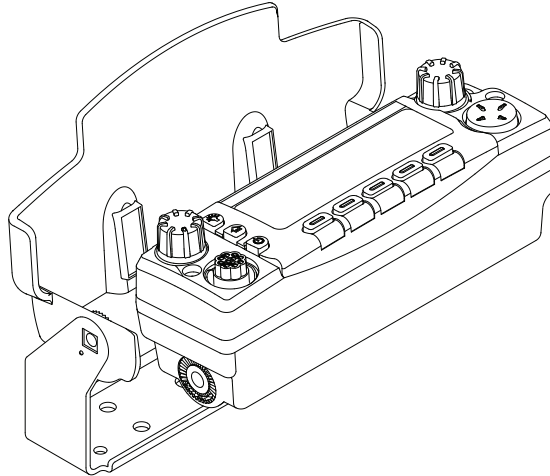
*Figure 5-19. Remote Mount Trunnion with Sunshield*

2. Position the sunshield as shown in [Figure 5-20](#) and remove the Velcro adhesive backing.



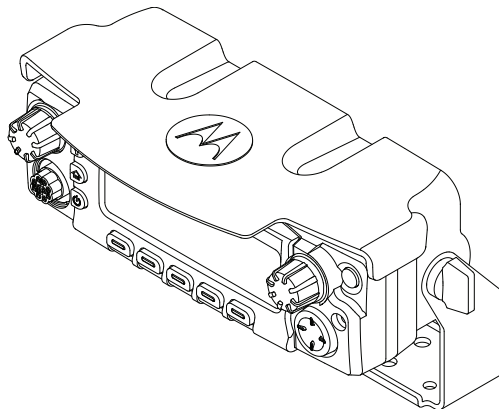
*Figure 5-20. Position the Sunshield*

3. Slide the control head onto the trunnion while aligning the edge of the control head with the edge of the sunshield as shown in [Figure 5-21](#). Make sure the Velcro properly adheres to the control head.



*Figure 5-21. Slide the Control Head onto Trunnion*

4. Position control head as desired and install screws as shown in [Figure 5-22](#).



*Figure 5-22. Position Control Head as Desired*



## 5.16 Horn/Lights Wiring

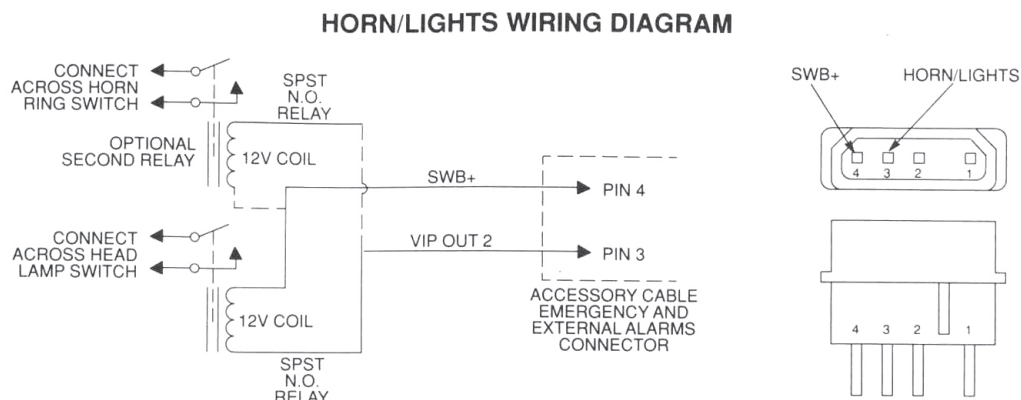


Figure 5-23. Horn/Lights Wiring Diagram

## 5.17 Emergency Switch Wiring

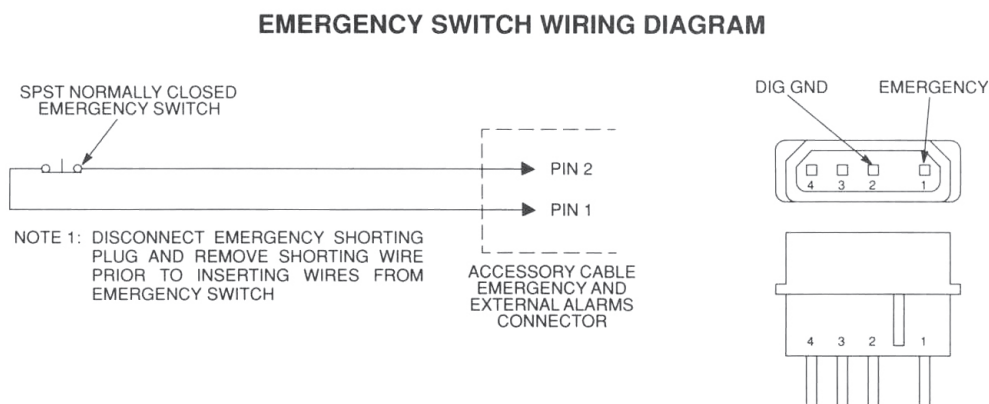


Figure 5-24. Emergency Switch Wiring Diagram



**WARNING**

Motorcycle products must have pins 1 and 2 connected together to allow the radio to power down. Opening this connection by **REMOVING** the emergency shorting plug, or pressing the emergency switch, will turn on the radio. Failure to maintain a normally-closed path could drain the vehicle battery if left unchecked.

EMERGENCY-equipped radios are capable of **TRANSMITTING** without warning.

## Notes

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## Chapter 6 Finishing the Installation

### 6.1 Cable Connection

#### 6.1.1 O2 Control Head

Perform the following if it has not been previously done:

1. Remove the control head from its mounting trunnion. Plug the radio's CAN cable into the proper location on the back of the control head (see [Figure 2-28](#) and [Figure 2-30](#) in Chapter 2). The connectors "click" when snapped into place. The control head model can have the microphone plugged into the lower left corner of the control head front panel.
2. Connect the plug from the speaker lead to the mating connector coming out of the power cable.
3. Plug the VIP connector into the correct location on the back of the control head.
4. Connect the CAN cable to the proper location on the transceiver.

**NOTE:** Connector-protective covers are provided with the radio. They should be used for added environmental robustness.

Be sure the control head and microphone PTT switches are OFF. Install the 15-amp fuse in the radio power cable fuseholder and the 3- or 4-amp fuse(s) in the ignition sense cable fuseholder(s).

Turn the radio **ON** at the control head and verify proper operation of all controls and indicators. Radio operation in some installations require turning on the ignition sense. Perform a complete operational check of the radio.

Dress the control and power cables out of the way to prevent damage (pull any excess cable into the trunk area) securing with clamps and tie wraps where necessary.

#### 6.1.2 O3 Control Head

Perform the following if it has not been previously done:

1. Unplug the CAN coiled cable connector on the Transceiver Interface. Plug in the connector again. A "click" sound should be heard. Ensure location of CAN connector is correct (i.e. J800L or J800R) on the transceiver interface.

Connect the plug from the speaker lead to the mating connector of either J2 or J626 (refer cabling diagram for detail).

#### 6.1.3 O5 Control Head

Perform the following if it has not been previously done:

1. Remove the control head from its mounting trunnion. Plug the radio's CAN cable into the proper location on the back of the control head (see [Figure 2-28](#) and [Figure 2-30](#) in Chapter 2). The connectors "click" when snapped into place. The control head model can have the microphone plugged into the lower left corner of the control head front panel.
  2. Connect the plug from the speaker lead to the mating connector coming out of the power cable.
-

3. Plug the VIP connector into the correct location on the back of the control head.
4. Connect the CAN cable to the proper location on the transceiver.

#### **6.1.4 O7 Control Head**

Perform the following if it has not been previously done:

1. Remove the control head from its mounting trunnion. Plug the radio's CAN cable into the proper location on the back of the control head (see [Figure 2-28](#) and [Figure 2-30](#) in Chapter 2). The connectors “click” when snapped into place. The control head model can have the microphone plugged into the lower left corner of the control head front panel.
2. Connect the plug from the speaker lead to the mating connector coming out of the power cable.
3. Plug the VIP connector into the correct location on the back of the control head.
4. Connect the CAN cable to the proper location on the transceiver.

#### **6.1.5 O9 Control Head**

Perform the following if it has not been previously done:

1. Remove the control head from its mounting trunnion. Plug the radio's CAN cable into the proper location on the back of the control head (see [Figure 2-29](#) and [Figure 2-31](#) in Chapter 2). The connectors “click” when snapped into place. The control head model can have the microphone plugged into the CGAI connection on the control head back panel.
2. Connect the plug from the speaker lead to the mating connector coming out of the power cable.
3. Plug the VIP connector into the correct location on the back of the control head.
4. Connect the CAN cable to the proper location on the transceiver.

## 6.2 Dust Cover Installation

To help protect and ensure debris does not effect or damage your unused connectors, please use the provided dust covers. Refer to [Figure 6-1](#) to determine which cover is for which connector.

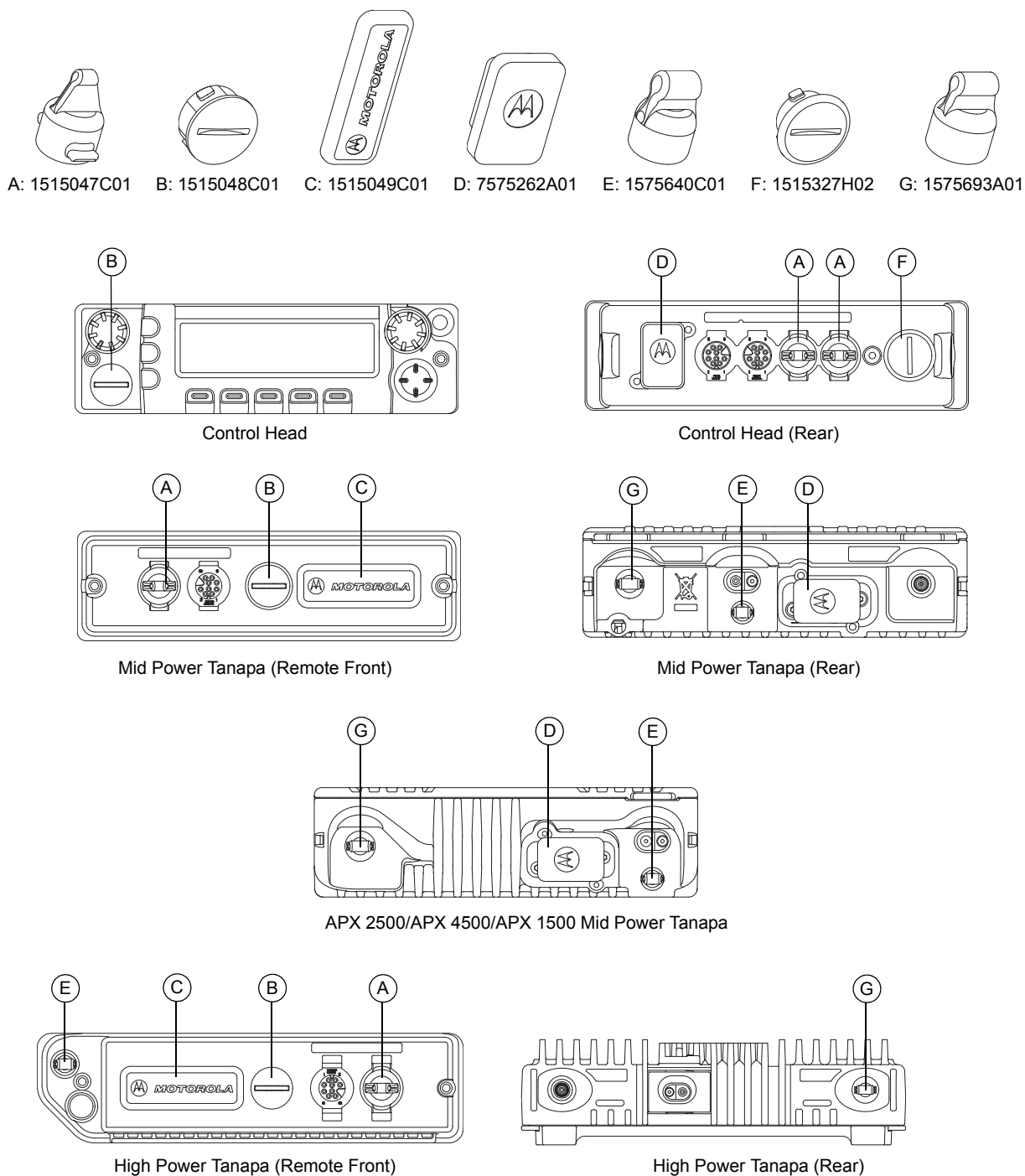


Figure 6-1. Dust Cover Installation Locations

**NOTE:** Parts B and F require inserting then turning approximately 1/3 turn using a coin as a tool until it contacts the stop.

Parts C and/or D shall be installed onto DB25 accessory cable assembly when the corresponding cable assembly connections are not in use.

Part G is not used on single band transceivers.

## 6.3 Miscellaneous Information

On the mid power and 100W radios, there are rubber port plug which seals an opening which is used for a future antenna connection. On the mid power, the port plug is located at the bottom of the radio behind the control head or TIB. On the high power, the port plug is located at the TIB. These plugs are critical to the sealing of the radio and should not be removed unless to replace it due to damage or to install the future antenna connector. Removal of the port plug in any other situation would create a leak path into the radio.

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## Chapter 7 Best Practices: Installation & Troubleshooting

In this section are Motorola recommended vehicle installation practices that can address or prevent many issues, including:

- Radio circuit damage due to over voltage condition
- Radio/Accessories "lock up"
- Radio/Accessories change state/lock-up when radio PTT is depressed
- Radio powers up in the FL 01/90 state (general communication error code)
- Radio intermittently resets
- Radio loses secure key
- Transmit audio distortion on motorcycle radio when engine is running
- Keypad buttons become inoperative for motorcycle radios when engine is running
- Alternator whine present when transmitting with engine running
- Radio/Accessories turn themselves on/off

### 7.1 Check Wiring of Ignition and Radio Ignition Sensing

- If it is required to turn the radio on and off via the ignition sense switch, in addition to the control head's on/off switch, connect the ignition sense lead to the accessory terminal from the ignition switch (usually in the vehicle's fuse panel under accessory or radio).

**NOTE:** Motorola recommends protecting or isolating the radio's ignition sense input from voltage spikes in excess of +/- 40VDC. Such spikes can be hundreds of volts in amplitude and are common in larger vehicles (utility trucks, buses and etc.), especially when the source is common to a solenoid coil. A triggerable oscilloscope is required to determine the existence of such spikes as most voltmeters cannot measure in short duration (< 1 msec). If the condition of the intended ignition sense source is unknown, Motorola recommends isolating the source from the radio with a relay or the use of a suppression diode wired between the source and ground. Any high current suppression diode (i.e. MR2535) with a breakdown voltage of between 18 and 40 volts will suffice. A suitable diode kit is available from Motorola parts, kit number HLN6325\_.

- If it is required to have the radio power up only via the control head's on/off switch, then connect the ignition sense lead directly to the positive terminal of the battery. This will mean the ignition sense will always be ignored and a re-wiring will be necessary in the future if the operator chooses any ignition sense CPS setting.
-

## **7.2 Check Physical Installation of Radio Ground and Radio Accessory Wiring**

- Take care to scrape away paint on the chassis at the place where the ground connection is to be made, and try to keep the ground lead as short as possible.
- Verify that the A+ lead (red) is connected directly to the positive terminal of the battery and the ground lead (black) is connected to the vehicle's chassis using as short of a length of wire as is practical.
- For vehicles that have other types of electronic equipment installed (lights, flashers, computers siren/PA and etc.), use a separate ground for the mobile radio equipment.
- Make sure that the mobile radio antenna is the minimum required distance (three feet) from the mobile radio equipment to prevent radio frequency interference (RFI) from interfering with the radio and/or accessories.
- Do not coil up any excess length of the A+ (red) lead. Doing this may cause a large transient voltage to be produced when there is a high current drain (e.g. during transmit). This could cause the radio to reset when the push-to-talk (PTT) is depressed.
- For motorcycle mounted radios, make sure that the antenna ground connection is solid. An intermittent ground connection can cause the transmission to be distorted when the motorcycle's engine is running.
- Do not coil up any excessive length of antenna cable, if possible. It may affect the radio's receive performance.
- If an extra length of cable is used to extend the microphone, make sure the added capacitance does not interfere with the operation of the radio.

## **7.3 Improve the Electrical Quality of the Power and Ignition Lines**

- Use a relay to isolate the vehicle's ignition switch point (ACC) from the radio's ignition sense point. Control this relay from the vehicle's ignition switch point (ACC). Supply a cleaner voltage from the positive terminal of the battery into the relay, which will now be attached to the radio's ignition sense point. Now the ACC line toggles the relay, instead of directly toggling the radio's ignition sense line.
- Install a Power Line Filter between the A+ lead and the positive terminal of the battery. This is intended to filter the battery power applied to the transmitter power amplifiers. Pay extra caution to this because the series filter will introduce a negative spike when the radio transmits that may cause problems with radio operation. Lock-up issues have been seen with the dual control head MCS 2000 configuration.
- For vehicles that use electromechanical relays to control external devices (lights, motors, switch boxes and etc.), these relay circuits should be isolated as best as possible from the mobile radio equipment. Also, diode suppression should be used across the relay contacts to minimize the noise produced by the collapsing magnetic field.
- If the ignition sense switch is to be used, make sure that there is not a large voltage drop between the A+ point (usually the positive terminal of the battery) and the ignition sense point. In general, the voltage difference between these two points, should not be greater than 1.5 volts when all accessories/air-conditioner, etc. are turned on. Refer to the Basic Service Manual for specifications for minimum and maximum voltage levels. Typical battery voltage levels are 13.6V +/- 20%.



## 7.4 Minimize the Effect of Poorly Grounded Antennas

- For vehicles with high power (100W) radios that use glass mount antennas, care must be taken to keep the radio and antenna cable as far as possible from the radiating element of the antenna. If a sufficient distance is not maintained, the glass mount antenna's lack of a proper ground plane may cause the radio's transmit signal to interfere with itself and cause a reset. To minimize this effect, it may be necessary to install ferrite beads on the antenna cable to protect the radio from this interference.

## 7.5 Jump-Start the Vehicle



Caution

Do not jump-start vehicle with radio power or ignition sense cables connected. Damage to the radio and/or accessories may result.

Jump-starting a motorcycle can crank **300+ volts** through the vehicle's charging system and these transients can damage electrical equipment.

The state of your radio prior to needing a jump-start may be unknown, and the radio may attempt to return to its last state (radio ON), when doing a jump-start. Therefore, Motorola recommends the following steps be taken before jump-starting any vehicle containing a radio.

1. Locate the ignition sense line (thin yellow wire or thin red wire, depending on dash mount or remote mount installation) and the main power leads (thick red wire) near the battery positive terminal.

**NOTE:** These lines are fused. In the event these lines are not fused (add the appropriate fuse in line) use whatever tools necessary to physically disconnect the ignition sense and power lines from the battery terminal.

Make sure that the disconnected lines are not in the way of moving motorcycle parts or interfering with the motorcycle operation in any way.

2. Open up the fuse holders and remove the fuses out of the kits.
3. Re-tighten the fuse holders but without the fuses to insure that ignition sense and power lines do not interfere with moving motorcycle parts.
4. Proceed with the jump-start routine as described by your vehicle owner's manual.
5. Once the jump-start process is complete, re-install the fuses into their holders.

## 7.6 Eliminate Noise/Howling from PA Speaker

1. Refer to [Section 2.1.1](#) for recommended methods of installation available for the mobile two-way radio, with accessories placed to the vehicle as desired.
2. Refer to [Figure 2-16](#) and [Figure](#) for the wiring diagrams for the recommended configurations.
3. Refer to the Siren/PA User Manual (part number 6881093C18) for further details on lowering the wattage.

## Notes

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## Appendix A Replacement Parts Ordering

### A.1 Basic Ordering Information

When ordering replacement parts or equipment information, the complete identification number should be included. This applies to all components, kits, and chassis. If the component part number is not known, the order should include the number of the chassis or kit of which it is a part, and sufficient description of the desired component to identify it.

The ASTRO APX Mobile Radio Basic Service Manual (Motorola publication part number 6875964M01) includes complete parts lists and part numbers.

### A.2 Motorola Online

Motorola Online users can access our online catalog at

<https://businessonline.motorolasolutions.com/>

To register for online access:

- Domestic customers: please call 800-814-0601 (U.S. and Canada).
- International customers: please go to <https://businessonline.motorolasolutions.com/> and click on "Sign Up Now."

### A.3 Mail Orders

Send written orders to the following addresses:

**Replacement Parts/  
Test Equipment/Manuals/  
Crystal Service Items:**

Motorola Solutions Inc.  
Radio Products and Services  
Division\*  
Attention: Order Processing  
2200 Galvin Drive  
Elgin, IL 60123  
U.S.A.

**Federal Government Orders:**

Motorola Solutions Inc.  
U.S. Federal Government  
Markets Division  
Attention: Order Processing  
7230 Parkway Drive  
Landover, MD 21076  
U.S.A.

**International Orders:**

Motorola Solutions Inc.  
Radio Products and Services  
Division\*  
Attention: Order Processing  
2200 Galvin Drive  
Elgin, IL 60123  
U.S.A.

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## A.4 Telephone Orders

Radio Products and Services Division\*  
(United States and Canada)  
7:00 AM to 7:00 PM (Central Standard Time)  
Monday through Friday (Chicago, U.S.A.)  
1-800-422-4210  
1-847-538-8023 (International Orders)

U.S. Federal Government Markets Division (USFGMD)  
1-800-826-1913 Federal Government Parts - Credit Cards Only  
8:30 AM to 5:00 PM (Eastern Standard Time)

## A.5 Fax Orders

Radio Products and Services Division\*  
(United States and Canada)  
1-800-622-6210  
1-847-576-3023 (International)

USFGMD  
(Federal Government Orders)  
1-800-526-8641 (For Parts and Equipment Purchase Orders)

## A.6 Parts Identification

Radio Products and Services Division\*  
(United States and Canada)  
1-800-422-4210, menu 3

## A.7 Product Customer Service

Customer Response Center  
(Non-technical Issues)  
1-800-247-2346  
FAX: 1-800-247-2347

\*The Radio Products and Services Division (RPSD) was formerly known as the Customer Care and Services Division (CCSD) and/or the Accessories and Aftermarket Division (AAD).

## A.8 Asia Pacific Service Centers

Motorola Solutions Singapore  
Pte. Ltd.  
c/o Azure Engineering  
49 Jalan Pemimpin  
#03-11 APS Industrial Building  
Singapore 577203  
TEL: (+65) 63526383

Motorola Solutions Philippines,  
Inc.  
Unit 2102, One Global Place  
Building  
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Taguig, Philippines 1634  
TEL: (+632) 8587500  
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Klongtoey  
Bangkok 10110  
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FAX: (+668) 2545922

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30th Floor, Gedung BRI II, Suite  
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Jl. Jend. Sudirman Kav. 44-46  
Jakarta 10210  
Indonesia  
TEL: (62-21) 30435239

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# Index

## Numerics

100W radios	
antenna connection .....	2-40
configurations .....	1-9
installation .....	2-24
lock .....	2-32
trunnions .....	2-20

## A

accessories	
connector assembly .....	4-1, 4-10
assembly .....	4-11
disassembly .....	4-10
exploded view .....	4-11
connector pins .....	4-8
headset .....	5-2, 5-25
installing	
dash mount .....	4-1
horn relay .....	4-4
light relay .....	4-4
remote mount .....	4-9
antenna .....	5-5
cable, see Cables, antenna	
connection .....	2-40
diagrams .....	2-40, 2-41
installing .....	2-38, 5-18
motorcycle .....	5-2
mounting .....	2-38
site .....	2-38

## B

base stations .....	1-13
black lead .....	2-33, 5-19, 5-25

## C

cables .....	5-3, 5-4, 5-5, 5-22
accessory .....	4-1, 4-2, 5-19, 5-25
adapter .....	4-12
antenna .....	2-19, 2-40
battery .....	4-10
connection .....	6-1, 7-1
diagrams .....	2-25, 2-40, 5-19, 5-23
emergency .....	5-25
excess .....	5-22
ignition .....	4-10
microphone .....	5-2, 5-12
motorcycle control head .....	5-2, 5-9, 5-11, 5-19
motorcycle control head, installing .....	5-18
motorcycle transceiver .....	5-22
power .....	2-33, 5-19
remote mount .....	2-24
routing .....	5-19
speaker .....	5-2, 5-14, 5-19
configurations	

100W radios .....	1-9
dash mount .....	1-5
motorcycle .....	1-13
multi control .....	1-13
remote mount .....	1-7
control head .....	2-29, 4-6, 4-8
cabling .....	2-24
diagrams .....	2-25, 2-26, 2-27
multi .....	1-13
remote mount .....	1-7
control stations .....	1-13

## D

dash mount	
accessories installations .....	4-1
configuration .....	1-5
installation examples .....	2-2
radio dimensions .....	1-1, 1-2, 1-3, 1-4
trunnion .....	2-21

## E

emergency footswitch .....	4-1
emergency pushbutton .....	4-1
emergency switch	
installing .....	5-25
wiring .....	5-29
external alarm	
installing .....	5-25
see also Horn relay or Light relay	

## F

footswitch, emergency .....	4-1
-----------------------------	-----

## G

green lead .....	5-25
------------------	------

## H

horn relay .....	4-2, 4-3, 4-4, 5-25, 5-29
------------------	---------------------------

## I

ignition	
cable .....	4-10
wire .....	5-19
wire, for motorcycle .....	5-2
installation	
examples .....	2-2
important hints .....	5-4
order of .....	5-5

## J

J2 .....	4-7, 4-8
----------	----------

---

**L**

leads	
black	2-33, 5-19, 5-25
green	5-25
light relay	4-2, 4-3, 4-4, 5-25, 5-29
locking kit, installing	2-32

**M**

microphone	5-2, 5-4
hang-up clip, installing	5-14
hang-up clip, standard	2-46, 5-5, 5-9, 5-11
mounting	5-4
motorcycle	
antenna	5-2
configuration	1-13
control head cable	5-2
display unit	5-1
external speaker	5-2
headset	5-2
ignition wire	5-2
installation	5-3
antenna	5-18
cables	5-18
cabling	5-22
control head	5-7
emergency switch	5-25, 5-29
external alarm	5-25
fuel tank console	5-9, 5-10, 5-12
handlebar	5-8, 5-11
headset	5-25
horn/lights wiring	5-29
microphone hang-up clip	5-14
speaker	5-7, 5-14
transceiver	5-22, 5-24
universal mounting plate	5-6
weather-resistant enclosure	5-21
microphone	5-2
transceiver	5-1
mounting configurations	2-19
dash	1-5, 2-21
motorcycle	1-13
multi control	1-13
remote	1-7, 2-23
mounting plate, universal	5-1, 5-3, 5-5
installing	5-6
mounting, antenna	
restrictions	2-38
roof top	2-38
trunk lid	2-38
multi control	
configuration	1-13

**O**

ordering replacement parts	A-1
----------------------------	-----

**P**

parts, ordering replacement	A-1
-----------------------------	-----

**pin**

ground	4-3
SW B+	4-4, 4-7, 4-8
VIP in	4-8
VIP out	4-4, 4-7
pushbutton, emergency	4-1

**R**

relays	
horn	4-2, 4-3, 4-4, 5-25, 5-29
light	4-2, 4-3, 4-4, 5-25, 5-29
remote mount	
accessory installations	4-9
cabling	2-24
configuration	1-7
control cable installation	2-29
installation	2-8
installation examples	2-2
trunnion	2-23
replacement parts, ordering	A-1

**S**

speaker	5-5
cable, see Cables, speaker	
external	5-2
fuel tank console installation	5-9, 5-10, 5-12
handlebar installation	5-8, 5-11, 5-12
installing	5-7, 5-9, 5-14
mounting	2-43

**T**

tools, required	1-13
trunnion	2-25
100W radios	2-20
bracket for speaker	2-43
dash mount	2-21
diagrams	2-25
locking kit	2-32
motorcycle installation	5-23
mounting bracket	2-21
orientation	2-20
remote mount	1-7, 2-23
transmission hump mounting	2-22

**U**

universal mounting plate	5-1, 5-3, 5-5
installing	5-6

**V**

VIP	
connector	4-2, 6-2
input connections	4-8
output connections	4-7

---

**W**

wiring diagrams ..... 2-3

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## Notes



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# Glossary

This glossary contains an alphabetical listing of terms and their definitions that are applicable to the ASTRO radio.

Term	Definition
<b>analog</b>	Refers to a continuously variable signal or a circuit or device designed to handle such signals. <i>See also digital.</i>
<b>band</b>	Frequencies allowed for a specific purpose.
<b>CPS</b>	<i>See Customer Programming Software.</i>
<b>Customer Programming Software</b>	Software with a graphical user interface containing the feature set of an ASTRO radio.
<b>default</b>	A pre-defined set of parameters.
<b>D.E.K</b>	Direct Entry Keyboard.
<b>digital</b>	Refers to data that is stored or transmitted as a sequence of discrete symbols from a finite set; most commonly this means binary data represented using electronic or electromagnetic signals. <i>See also analog.</i>
<b>EEPROM</b>	<i>See Electrically Erasable Programmable Read-Only Memory.</i>
<b>Electrically Erasable Programmable Read-Only Memory</b>	A special type of PROM that can be erased by exposing it to an electrical charge. An EEPROM retains its contents even when the power is turned off.
<b>FCC</b>	Federal Communications Commission.
<b>firmware</b>	Code executed by an embedded processor such as the Host or DSP in a subscriber radio. This type of code is typically resident in non-volatile memory and as such is more difficult to change than code executed from RAM.
<b>frequency</b>	Number of times a complete electromagnetic-wave cycle occurs in a fixed unit of time (usually one second).
<b>kHz</b>	<i>See kilohertz.</i>
<b>kilohertz</b>	One thousand cycles per second. Used especially as a radio-frequency unit.
<b>MCU</b>	<i>See microcontroller unit.</i>
<b>MHz</b>	<i>See Megahertz.</i>

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Term	Definition
<b>Megahertz</b>	One million cycles per second. Used especially as a radio-frequency unit.
<b>microcontroller unit</b>	Also written as $\mu\text{C}$ . A microprocessor that contains RAM and ROM components, as well as communications and programming components and peripherals.
<b>PA</b>	Power amplifier.
<b>paging</b>	One-way communication that alerts the receiver to retrieve a message.
<b>PTT</b>	<i>See Push-to-Talk.</i>
<b>Publication Manual Revision</b>	A publication that provides supplemental information for its parent publication before it is revised and reissued.
<b>Push-to-Talk</b>	The switch or button that causes the radio to transmit when pressed. When the PTT switch or button is released, the unit returns to standby or receive operation.
<b>radio frequency</b>	The portion of the electromagnetic spectrum between audio sound and infrared light (approximately 10 kHz to 10 GHz).
<b>RAM</b>	<i>See random access memory.</i>
<b>random access memory</b>	A type of computer memory that can be accessed randomly; that is, any byte of memory can be accessed without touching the preceding bytes.
<b>receiver</b>	Electronic device that amplifies RF signals. A receiver separates the audio signal from the RF carrier, amplifies it, and converts it back to the original sound waves.
<b>registers</b>	Short-term data-storage circuits within the microcontroller unit or programmable logic IC.
<b>RESET</b>	Reset line: an input to the microcontroller that restarts execution.
<b>RF</b>	<i>See radio frequency.</i>
<b>RX</b>	Receive.
<b>signal</b>	An electrically transmitted electromagnetic wave.
<b>software</b>	Computer programs, procedures, rules, documentation, and data pertaining to the operation of a system.
<b>time-out timer</b>	A timer that limits the length of a transmission.
<b>TOT</b>	<i>See time-out timer.</i>
<b>transceiver</b>	Transmitter-receiver. A device that both transmits and receives analog or digital signals. Also abbreviated as XCVR.
<b>transmitter</b>	Electronic equipment that generates and amplifies an RF carrier signal, modulates the signal, and then radiates it into space.

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Term	Definition
<b>TX</b>	Transmit.
<b>UHF</b>	Ultra-High Frequency.
<b>Universal Serial Bus</b>	An external bus standard that supports data transfer rates of 12 Mbps.
<b>USB</b>	<i>See Universal Serial Bus.</i>
<b>VHF</b>	Very-High Frequency.

## Notes





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